

**SURVEY OF THE PELAGIC FISH RESOURCES OFF  
NORTH WEST AFRICA**

**Part I SENEgal - THE GAMBIA**

**30 October - 9 November 1999**

Centre de Recherches Océanographiques de Dakar-Thiaroye  
Dakar, Senegal

Institute of Marine Research  
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Banjul, The Gambia

CRUISE REPORTS 'DR FRIDTJOF NANSEN'

**SURVEY OF THE PELAGIC FISH RESOURCES OFF  
NORTH WEST AFRICA**

**Part I**

**SENEGAL - THE GAMBIA  
30 October - 9 November 1999**

by

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Bergen, 1999**

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## CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

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### 1.1 Objectives of the cruise

The general objectives were to estimate the biomass and map the distribution of small pelagic fish stocks off NW Africa (Morocco, Mauritania, Senegal and The Gambia) by hydro-acoustic methods and describe the hydrographic conditions there over a period of 50 days, in October-November and December 1999. For Senegal and The Gambia the agreed objectives were:

- To map the distribution and estimate the biomass for the main small pelagic fish using hydroacoustic methods. The species of interest were: round sardinella *Sardinella aurita*, flat sardinella *Sardinella maderensis*, Atlantic horse mackerel *Trachurus trecae*, false scad *Decapterus rhonchus*, and anchovy *Engraulis encrasicolus*.
- To identify and describe the size distribution of the target fish populations by midwater and bottom trawl sampling and process the catches by recording weight and number by species.
- To sample standard hydrographical transects for temperature, salinity and oxygen at about 13°35' N and 14°50' N.

The time allocated for this part of the survey, off Senegal and The Gambia, was 9 days.

### 1.2 Participation

Members of the scientific teams were:

Centre de Recherches Océanographiques de Dakar-Thiaroy, Senegal:  
Abdoulaye SARRE, Ibrahima SOW, Mor SYLLA and Serigne SYLLA

Department of Fisheries, The Gambia:  
Ousmann Mass JOBE, Juldeh JALLOW and Asberr MENDY

Centre National de Recherches Océanographiques et des Pêches, Mauritania:  
Sall Mamadou DIALLO

Institute of Marine Research, Norway:

Reidar TORESEN, Jeppe KOLDING, Magne OLSEN, Thor Egil JOHANSSON and Tore MØRK.

### **1.3 Narrative**

The course tracks with the fishing and hydrographical stations are shown in Figure 1.

The survey started off Casamance on October 30 with systematic parallel course tracks spaced about 10 NM (nautical miles) apart. To cover the whole distribution area of pelagic fish, the shelf was covered from the 15 m isobath and offshore to the 500 m isobath. Trawling was done irregularly, either to identify echo registrations or to check 'blindly' if fish were mixed with the plankton in the upper layers of the water column. In the latter case, pelagic trawl with floats was often used. A smaller pelagic trawl or the bottom trawl with floats was used for sampling the pelagic fish in very shallow waters (depth less than 25 m). The shelf was covered up to St. Louis before a call was made on Dakar on November 9, to let participants from the Gambia and Senegal disembark and scientists from Mauritania come onboard.

The hydrographic profile off The Gambia was carried out on November 2 and that off Cape Vert on November 5.

### **1.4 Methods**

#### *Environmental Data*

Meteorological observations including wind direction and speed, air temperature, global radiation and sea surface temperature (SST) were automatically logged and recorded with position and bottom depth every nautical mile sailed using an Aanderaa meteorological station. CTD-stations were recorded at the standard hydrographic transects. A Seabird 911 + CTD probe was used to obtain vertical profiles of temperature, salinity and oxygen. Real time plotting and logging was done using the customised Seabird Seasave software installed on a PC. The profiles were in general taken down to a few meters above the bottom. In deep stations, however, data logging was interrupted at 500 m. At each station on the standard hydrographic transects two Niskin bottles were triggered for water samples, one near the surface and one near the bottom, in order to calibrate the oxygen and salinity sensors. The

water samples were analysed for dissolved oxygen using the Winkler method, and for salinity using a Guildline Portasal salinometer mod. 8410.

### *Biological Sampling*

Biological sampling of the fish was carried out using trawls. A pelagic trawl with floats was often used. A smaller pelagic trawl or the bottom trawl with floats was used for sampling the pelagic fish in very shallow waters (depth less than 25 m). Annex II gives a description of the instruments and the fishing gear used. All catches were sampled for composition by weight and numbers of each species caught. Species identification was based on the FAO Species Guides. Length frequency distributions, by total fish length in cm, of the selected target species were taken in all the stations where they were present. Individual weights, in grams, were measured for the sardinella species. The weight measurements were used to establish the power factor,  $b$ , in the length-weight relationship:

$$\overline{w} = a \cdot L^b \quad (1)$$

The factor,  $b$ , was estimated to 2.96 for both flat and round sardinella. The complete records of fishing stations are shown in Annex I.

The following target groups were used for Senegal:

- 1) Sardinellas (flat sardinella *Sardinella maderensis* and round sardinella *S. aurita*),
- 2) Horse mackerels (Atlantic horse mackerel *Trachurus trecae*, round scad *Decapterus punctatus*, and false scad *Decapterus rhonchus*),
- 3) Other pelagic carangids and associated species (Atlantic bumber *Chloroscombrus chrysurus*, African lookdown *Selene dorsalis*, chub mackerel *Scomber japonicus*, largehead hairtail *Trichiurus lepturus*, and barracudas *Sphyraena* spp.),
- 4) Other demersal species (such as bigeye grunt *Brachydeuterus auritus*, Sparidae and Haemulidae), and
- 5) Other clupeids such as West African ilisha *Ilisha africana*.

### *Acoustic Sampling*

A SIMRAD EK500 Echosounder was used and the echo-grams were stored on both paper and files. The acoustic biomass estimates were based on the integration technique. The Bergen Integrator (BEI) was used for analysis and allocation of the integrated  $s_A$ - values (average area back scattering coefficient in  $m^2/NM$ ) to the individual specified target groups by 5 NM

intervals. The BEI system does not underestimate dense schools and schools close to the bottom as some times may have happened with the EK500 Integrator used in the 1992 surveys. The splitting and allocation of the integrator outputs ( $s_A$ -values) was based on a combination of a visual scrutiny of the behaviour pattern as deduced from echo diagrams, the BEI analysis, and the catch compositions.

In cases where the target category of fish contains more than one species (sardinellas and horse mackerels), the mean  $s_A$ - value allocated to the category is divided between the species in the same ratio as their relative contribution to the mean back scattering strength in the length frequency samples.

The following target strength (TS) function was applied to convert allocated  $s_A$ -values (average integrator value, or area back scattering coefficient for a given species or group of species in a specified area) to number of fish:

$$TS = 20 \log L - 72 \text{ dB}$$

which can be converted (see Toresen *et al.* 1998 for details) to the area form (scattering cross sections of acoustic targets):

$$C_{Fi} = 1.26 \cdot 10^6 \cdot L_i^{-2} \quad (2)$$

where  $L_i$  is total length in 1 cm length group  $i$  and  $C_{Fi}$  ( $\text{m}^{-2}$ ) is the reciprocal back scattering cross section, or so-called fish conversion factor. In order to split and convert the allocated  $s_A$ -values ( $\text{m}^2/\text{NM}^2$ ) to fish densities (numbers per length group per  $\text{NM}^2$ ), the following formula was used:

$$\rho_i = s_A \cdot \frac{p_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_i}{C_{Fi}}} \quad (3)$$

where  $\rho_i$  = density ( $\text{n}/\text{NM}^2$ ) of fish in length group  $i$   
 $s_A$  = mean integrator value ( $\text{m}^2/\text{NM}^2$ )  
 $p_i$  = proportion of fish in length group  $i$   
 $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_i}{C_{Fi}}$  = the relative back scattering cross section ( $\text{m}^2$ ) of the length frequency sample of the target species, and  
 $C_{Fi}$  = reciprocal back scattering cross section ( $\sigma_{bs}^{-1}$ ) of a fish in length group  $i$

Using equation (3), the pooled length distribution is used together with the mean  $s_A$ -value to calculate the density by length groups for each observed area of distribution (stratum). The total number by length group in the area is obtained by multiplying each density by the area. Areas were calculated on the maps by using a digital planimeter (Tamaya Planix 7).

The number of fish were converted to biomass by length group using the estimated weight at length from the length-weight relationship (equation 1). Finally the total biomass estimate is obtained by summing the biomass by length group and strata within each sector of the survey, or by calculating a stratified estimate of the mean density and multiplying by the total area of distribution (Annex V). Estimates of the coefficient of variation (CV= Standard deviation/mean) for the stratified mean densities were calculated with the underlying assumption that is constant when  $s_A$ -values are converted to densities ( $t/NM^3$ ). The CV of the  $S_A$ -values within each stratum and area of fish distribution (see maps of distribution) were calculated based on the allocated 5 NM averages and the number of observations thus represents the number of 5 NM intervals covered within each stratum. All equations and some theoretical background for the calculations is given in Annex V.

Equations (2) and (3) show that the conversion from  $s_A$ -value to number of fish is dependent on the length composition of the fish. In general there are many problems associated with getting representative length distributions when the various size classes are geographically segregated. When no segregation occurs the various length distributions are pooled together with equal importance. Otherwise, when the size distribution varies within the sampling site, these distributions are post-stratified and estimates of mean densities are calculated separately, or a weighting factor is applied that takes into account the density at the location. In most cases, the mean acoustic density at the location of the sample is the most representative index of this fish density.

For the estimation of the biomass of target group 3) carangids and associated species, an overall average length of 23 cm and a condition factor of 0.88 (to calculate mean weight of this length group) were applied.

All data on fishing stations and fish length sampling were made available to the participants from the local research institutes on diskettes.

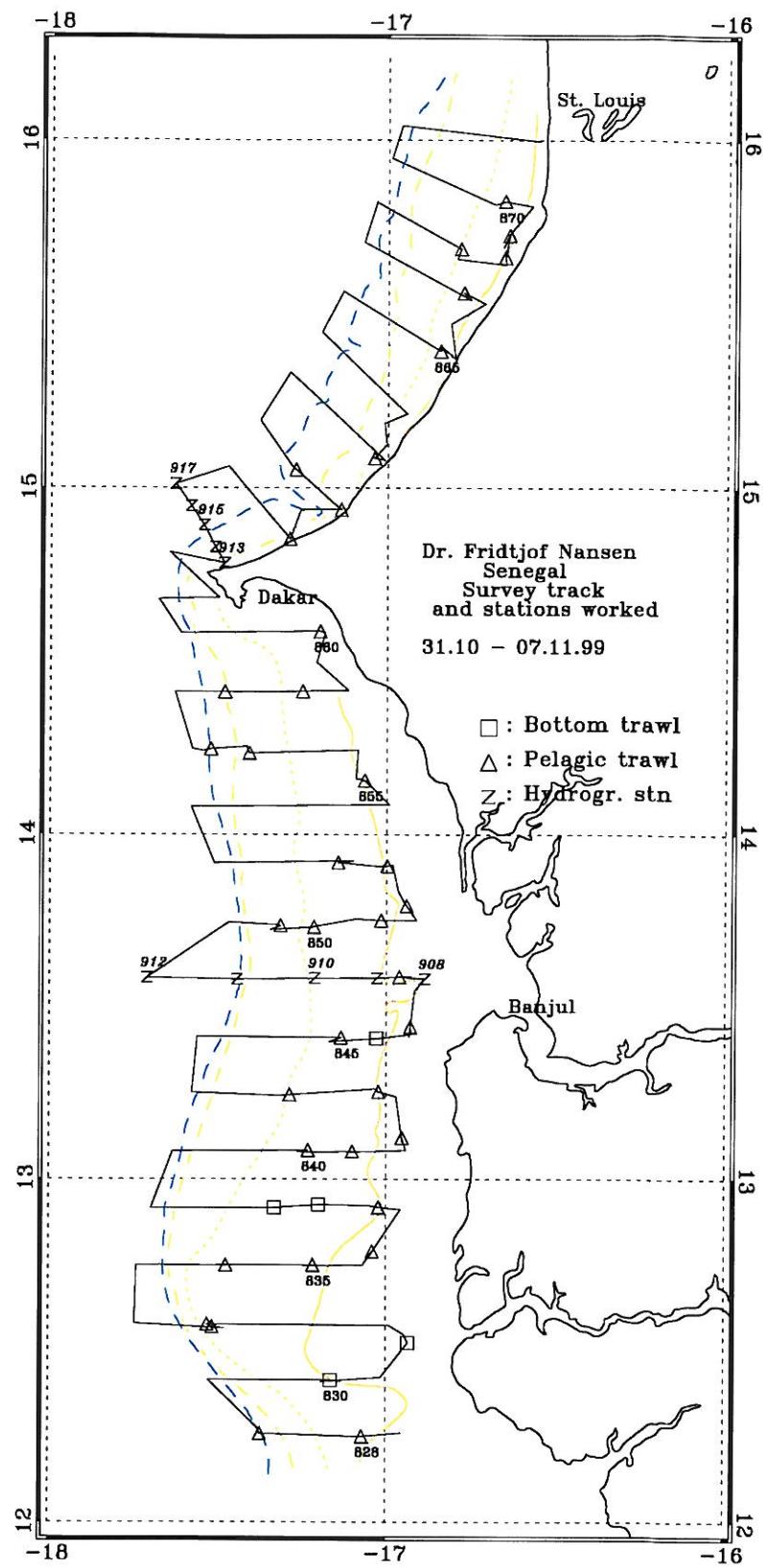


Figure 1 Course tracks with fishing and hydrographic stations; Casamance to St. Louis.

## CHAPTER 2 SURVEY RESULTS

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### 2.1 Hydrography

Figure 2 shows the distribution of temperature, salinity and oxygen in the two profiles and Figure 3 the sea surface temperature at 5 m of depth.

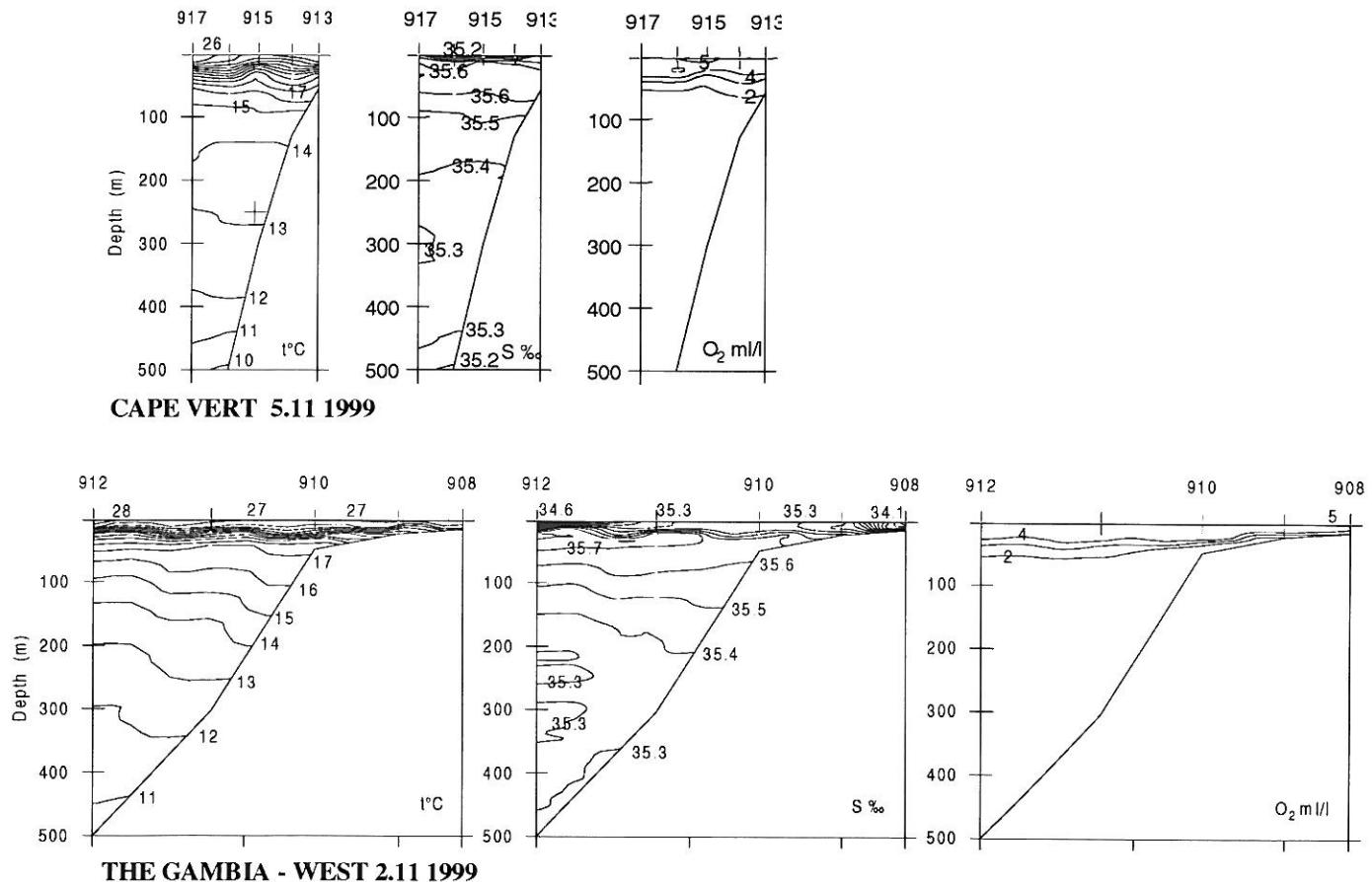


Figure 2 Hydrographic profiles with distribution of temperature, salinity and oxygen.

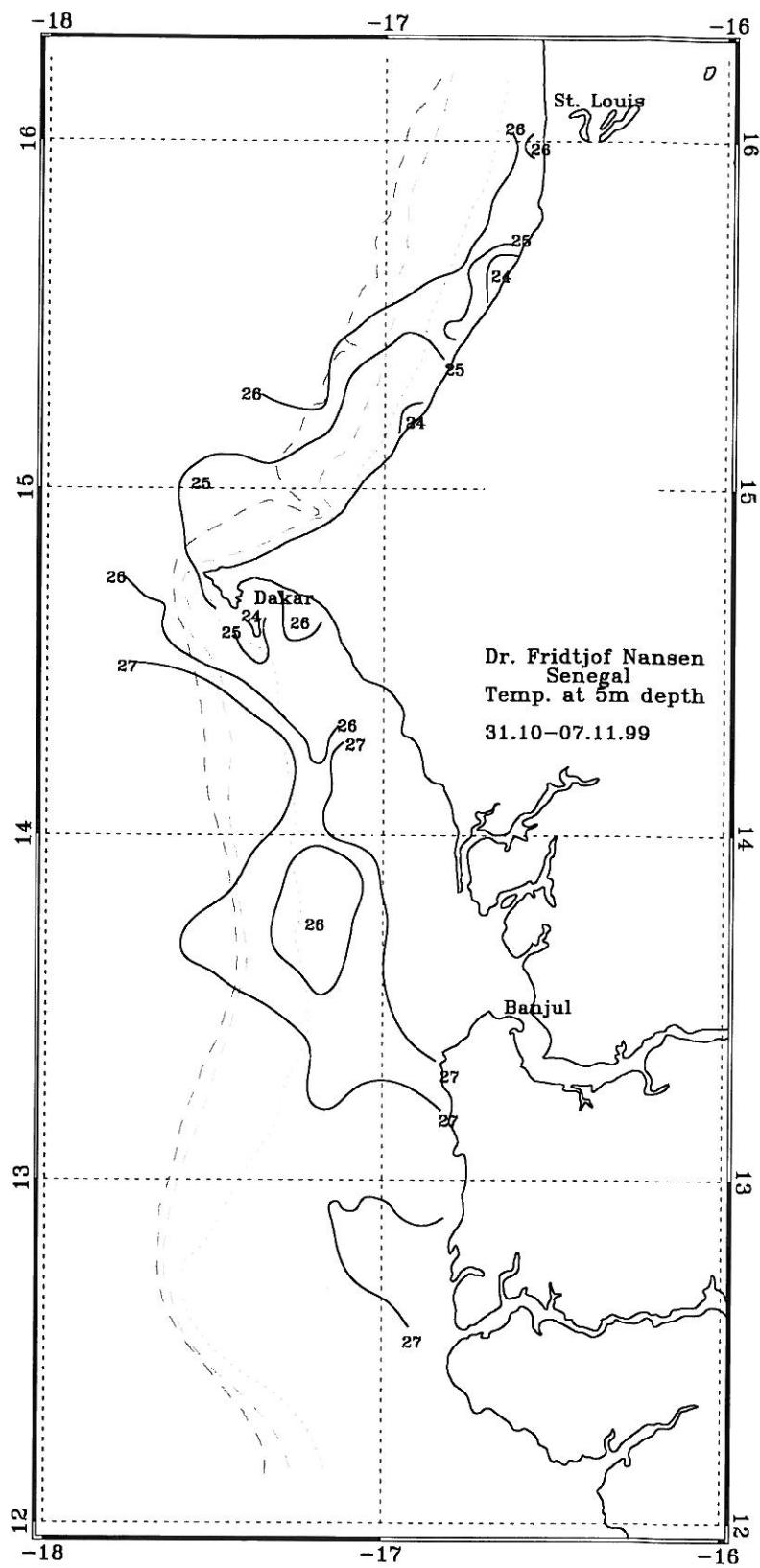


Figure 3 Sea surface temperature; Casamance to St. Louis.

The distribution of surface temperature and the profile The Gambia-west show that there was a stable surface layer with a temperature of 26-27°C over the whole shelf south of Dakar. North of Cape Vert there was a trend of decreasing temperature towards the shore, with a decline from about 25-26°C over the outer shelf to 24°C near the coast.

## 2.2 The Casamance shelf

Figures 4, 5 and 6 show the distributions of the main groups of pelagic fish by contoured acoustic densities for the whole shelf of Senegal and The Gambia.

Off the Casamance coast, there was a continuous aggregation of sardinella of low density in south towards the border to Guinea Bissau, to higher density in the north. The high density aggregation was found some 30 - 40 NM north-west of the Gambia River mouth (Figure 4). The samples from these aggregation were flat sardinella (*Sardinella maderensis*). The modal size was 24 cm (total length). The size composition is shown in Annex III and the stock length compositions by numbers and weight in Annex IV. The total biomass of sardinellas in the area was estimated at 164 000 tonnes (Table 1).

An aggregation of horse mackerels (*Trachurus* and *Decapterus*) was found some 40 NM west of the river mouth (Figure 5). The biomass of this group was estimated at 20 000 tonnes. The false scad dominated the group by 70 % and two dominating modal length groups were found, one at 24 cm and the other at 13 cm. The stock length compositions by numbers and weight are shown in Annex IV.

Other pelagic fish were found in various densities, and over a wider area than the sardinellas, see Figure 6. The trawl samples indicated that these consisted of carangids, scombrids and hairtails with the carangids as the dominating group. See Annex I (records of fishing stations) for species composition in the hauls taken in this area (stn. no. 828-839). The estimated biomass of this group of fish was 101 000 tonnes.

Table 1. Casamance. Biomass estimates of pelagic fish, 1 000 tonnes.

Flat sardinella	Round sardinella	Horse mackerels	Carangids etc.
164	+	20	77

### 2.3 The Gambian shelf

The school area of sardinella off Casamance continued northwards off The Gambia (Figure 4). The highest concentrations were recorded in two high density areas some 20 NM off the coast, north and south in the area. The samples showed a 68% dominance of flat sardinella (*Sardinella maderensis*). The pooled length composition of the flat sardinella had a mode of 24 cm, see Annex III, while the mode of the length distribution for round sardinella was 23 cm. The stock length compositions by numbers and weight are shown in Annex IV.

Table 2 shows that the biomass estimates of the sardinellas amounted to 366 000 tonnes, of which 251 000 tonnes were flat sardinella.

Horse mackerels were found in an area with low densities some 10 to 50 NM off the coast (Figure 5). The false scad totally dominated in this area and the biomass was estimated at 11 000 tonnes. The stock length compositions by numbers and weight are shown in Annex IV.

Carangids and associated species were found in a wide area over the entire shelf (Figure 6). Catches of this group consisted mainly of carangids. See Annex I (records of fishing stations) for species composition in the hauls taken in this area (st. no. 840-848). The biomass was estimated at 133 000 tonnes.

Table 2. The Gambia. Biomass estimates of pelagic fish, 1 000 tonnes.

Flat sardinella	Round sardinella	Horse mackerels	Carangids etc.
251	115	11	133

### 2.4 The Gambian border - Cape Vert

The school area of sardinella off The Gambia continued northwards to about 14°N (Figure 4). Table 3 shows the biomass estimates for the two sardinella species that summed up to 784 000 tonnes. Round sardinella dominated the estimated biomass in the area by 55%.

Pooled length compositions of samples showed that the adult part of the flat sardinella had a modal length of 24 cm and the round sardinella had it of 28 cm, see Annex III. Stock size compositions by numbers and weight are shown in Annex IV.

Horse mackerels were distributed in two medium dense concentrations, one just north of the boarder to The Gambia and the other south of Dakar (Figure 5). The biomass was estimated at 32 000 tonnes and the Atlantic horse mackerel dominated the group by 66%. Stock size compositions by numbers and weight are shown in Annex IV.

Also here, the carangids and associated pelagic fish were distributed over most of the area, see Figure 6. Atlantic bumper, *Chloroscombrus chrysurus* was caught in most of the trawl samples. The biomass of the carangids and associated pelagic fish was estimated at about 79 000 tonnes (Table 3).

Table 3. The Gambia border to Cape Vert. Biomass estimates of pelagic fish, 1 000 tonnes.

Flat sardinella	Round sardinella	Horse mackerels	Carangids etc.
349	435	32	79

## 2.5 Cape Vert - St. Louis

On this part of the shelf sardinellas were found in medium dense inshore concentrations (Figure 4). The samples showed a dominance of flat sardinella. The modal lengths of the flat sardinella was 8, 13 and 28 cm, see Annex III. Flat sardinella dominated the group by 68%. The biomass of the sardinellas was estimated at 71 000 tonnes (Table 4).

Horse mackerels were found in a medium dense concentration about 20 NM north of Dakar (Figure 5). Atlantic horse mackerel dominated the group by 95% and modal lengths were 14, 21 and 28 cm. The estimated biomass in the area was 4 000 tonnes.

Carangids and associated pelagic fish were mainly found inshore from Dakar to about 15°30'N and over the entire shelf further north to St. Louis (Figure 6). The catches consisted also here of Atlantic bumper, lookdown *Selene dorsalis* and hairtails. The biomass estimate was 111 000 tonnes.

Table 4. Cape Vert to St. Louis. Biomass estimates of pelagic fish, 1 000 tonnes.

Flat sardinella	Round sardinella	Horse mackerels	Carangids etc.
48	23	4	111

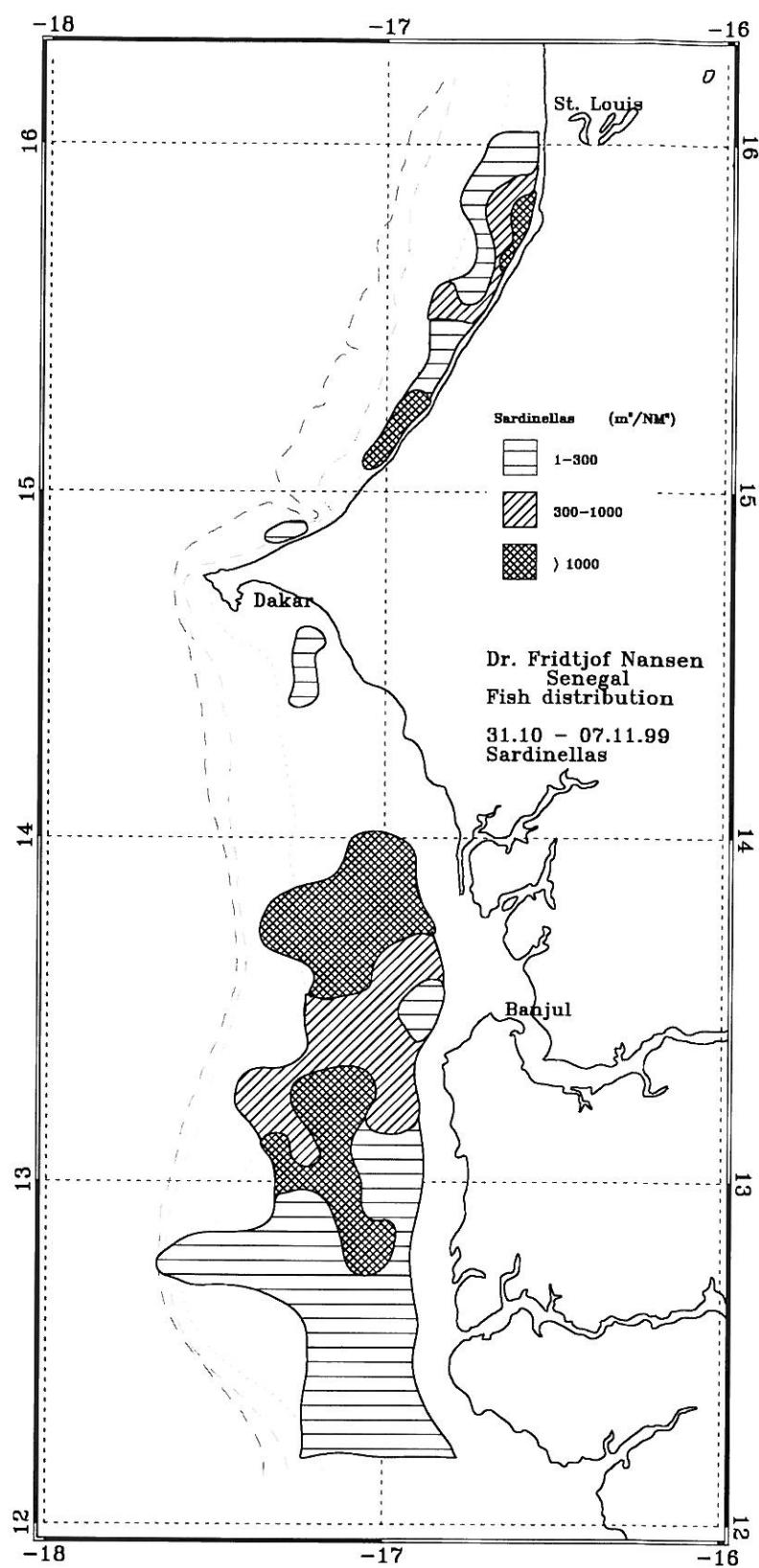


Figure 4 Distribution of sardinellas; Casamance to St. Louis.

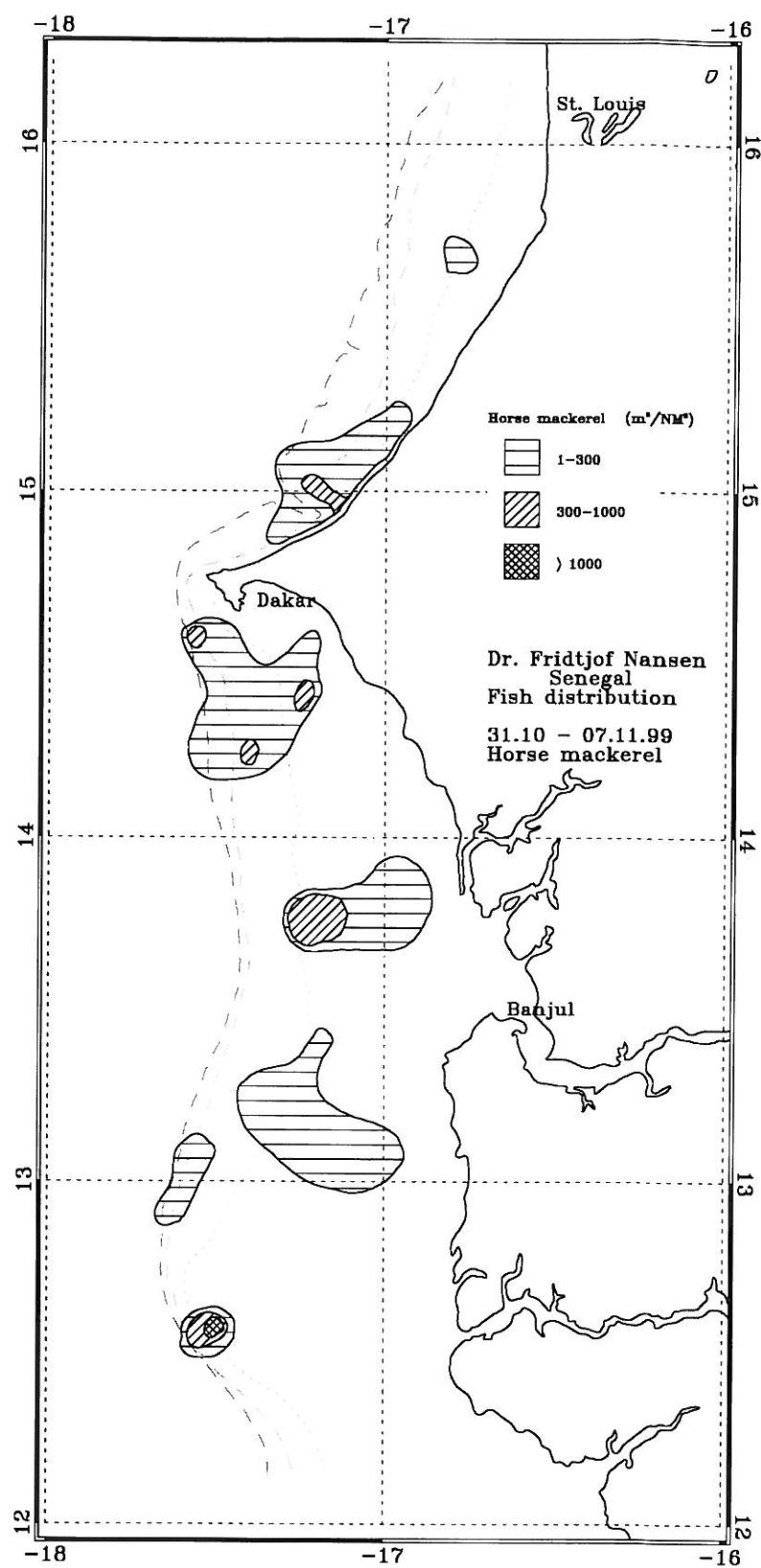


Figure 5 Horse mackerels; Casamance to St. Louis.

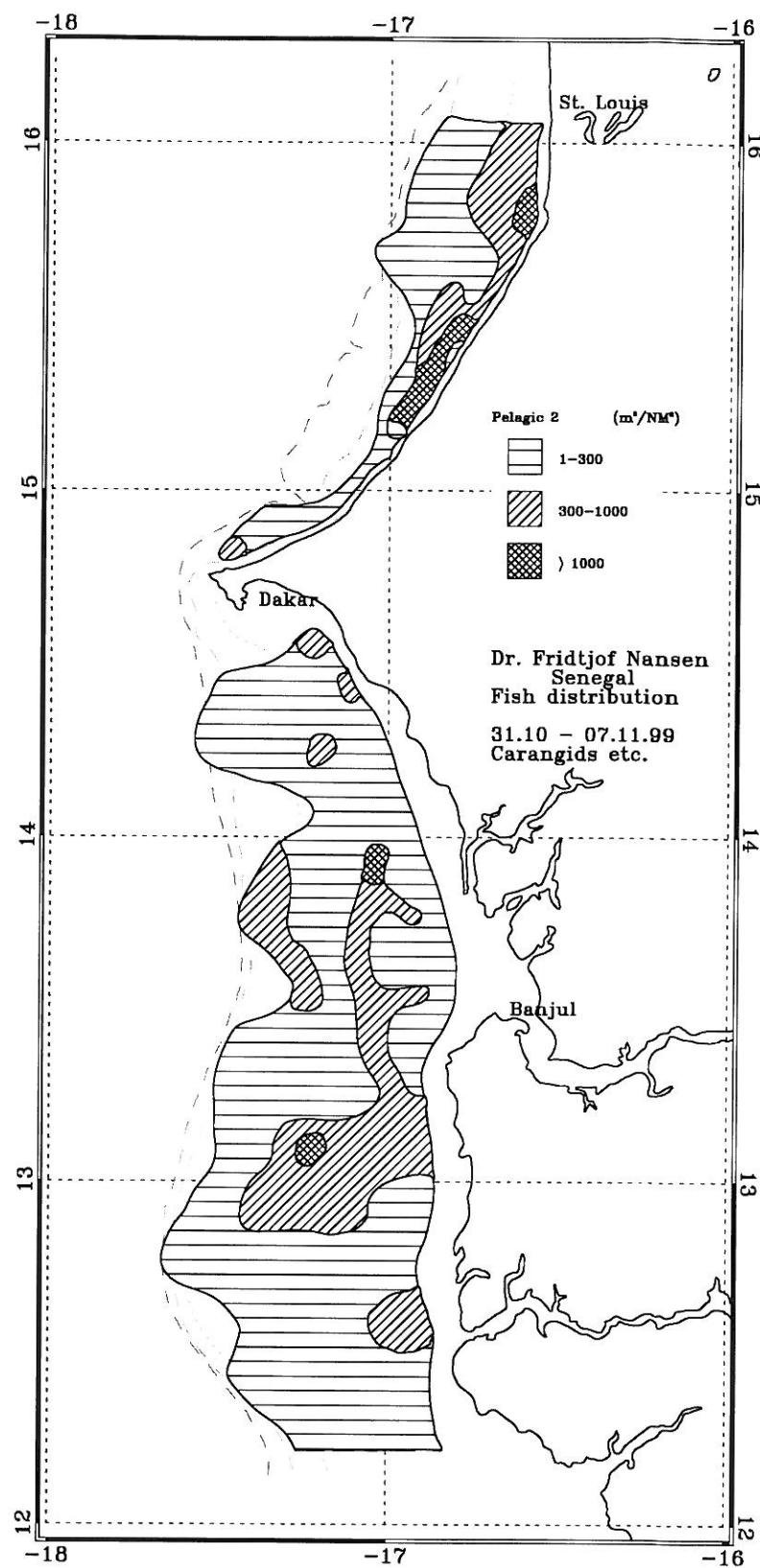


Figure 6. Carangids and associated species; Casamance to St. Louis

## CHAPTER 3      OVERVIEW AND SUMMARY OF RESULTS

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The survey was conducted successfully in the period October 30 to November 9 with a course track of about 1 500 NM and 43 fishing stations.

The hydrographical data showed a stable surface layer for the whole shelf in the south, but with declining surface temperatures towards the coast from about Dakar northwards.

### Pelagic fish

Sardinellas were found in a continuous concentration from Casamance to about 14°N. (Figure 4). High densities were found in the area off The Gambia and west of the Saloum River. Off Gambia flat sardinella dominated, while off Saloum River, the two species were present in about equal amounts. Sardinellas were also found inshore north of Dakar.

Horse mackerels were found in medium densities in scattered aggregations (Figure 5). Totally, false scad dominated by 65% in terms of biomass.

The distribution of carangids and associated species formed a wide band along the coast (Figure 5). South of Cape Vert the catches of this group consisted of Atlantic bumper, barracudas and hairtails. The catches north of Cape Vert were also dominated by bumper with the additional presence of little tunny *Euthynnus alletteratus* and hairtail.

An overview of the estimates of biomass of the main groups of pelagic fish based on the echo integration data is shown in Table 5. The total biomass of sardinellas was thus 1 385 000 tonnes, horse mackerels 67 000 tonnes and of carangids and associated species about 400 000 tonnes.

Table 5. Summary of biomass estimates of pelagic fish, Senegal and The Gambia. 1 000 tonnes.

	Flat sardinella	Round sardinella	Horse mackerels	Carangids etc.
St. Louis-Cape Vert	48	23	4	111
Cape Vert-Gambia	349	435	32	79
Gambia	251	115	11	133
Casamance	164	+	20	77
Total	812	573	67	400

Table 6 lists all biomass estimates of sardinellas and carangids and associated species from 'Dr. Fridtjof Nansen' surveys of this shelf region. Large-scale latitudinal movements of pelagic fish between West Sahara and Guinea Bissau are well known and November is still within the season of northern distribution. Compared with the NovDec/96 and NovDec/97 surveys the estimate of 1 385 000 tonnes of sardinellas from the current survey is very high and nearly double the estimate of NovDec/95. The high estimate of sardinellas this year may be explained by increased production due to extraordinary heavy rainfall this year. This has led to record high levels of flow of nutrient rich water from the rivers. The carangid estimate of 467 000 tonnes is somewhat higher than that of 1998 and lower than the estimate of 526 000 tonnes in 1996.

Table 6. Biomass estimates from 'Dr Fridtjof Nansen' surveys of the Senegal-The Gambia shelf, 1 000 tonnes.

Survey:	Sardinellas	Carangids etc.
AprMay-81	210	570
Sept -81	360	*
FebMar-82	40	90
NovDec-86	330	170
FebMar-92	1 530	690
NovDec-95	760	220
NovDec-96	231	526
NovDec-97	295	254
NovDec-98	388	344
NovDec-99	1 385	467

\* Not available

## References

- Toresen, R., Gjøsæter, H., and Barros, P. 1998 The acoustic method as used in the abundance estimation of capelin (*Mallotus villosus* Müller) and herring (*Clupea harengus* Linné) in the Barents Sea. *Fisheries Research* 34 (1998) 27-37.

## Annex I      Records of fishing stations

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 828	DATE: 1/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION: Lat N 1215 Long W 1704	TIME :00:00:30 00:00:40 30 (min) Purpose code: 1 LOG :2735.47 2736.62 1.13 Area code: 1 FDEPTH: 0 0 GearCond.code: BDEPTH: 27 30 Validity code: Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	DATE: 1/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION: Lat N 1235 Long W 1732	TIME :15:37:46 16:12:32 35 (min) Purpose code: 1 LOG :2854.40 2856.31 1.89 Area code: 1 FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code: BDEPTH: 48 43 Validity code: Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10		
Sorted: 1 Kg	Total catch:	1.29	CATCH/HOUR:	2.58	Sorted: Kg	Total catch:	CATCH/HOUR:					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					
<i>Sardinella maderensis</i>	2.44 18	94.57	1661	<b>Total</b>								
<i>Trichiurus lepturus</i>	0.10 2	3.08										
<i>Ilisha africana</i>	0.04 4	1.55										
<b>Total</b>	<b>2.58</b> <b>100.00</b>											
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 829	DATE: 1/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION: Lat N 1216 Long W 1722	TIME :03:32:16 04:03:13 30 (min) Purpose code: 1 LOG :2754.26 2755.55 1.12 Area code: 1 FDEPTH: 0 0 GearCond.code: BDEPTH: 216 198 Validity code: Towing dir: 360° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 833	DATE: 1/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:1	POSITION: Lat N 1234 Long W 1731
Sorted: 5 Kg	Total catch:	33.16	CATCH/HOUR:	66.32	start stop duration							
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					
<i>MYCTOPHIDAE</i>	57.00 28500	85.95		<b>Total</b>								
<i>Caranx senegalensis</i>	4.48 4	6.76										
<i>Euthynus alletteratus</i>	4.44 4	6.69										
<i>Sepia officinalis hierredda</i>	0.44 8	0.66										
<i>Arimoma bondi</i>	0.32 10	0.48										
<i>PARALEPIDIDAE</i>	0.10 4	0.15										
<i>Selene dorsalis</i>	0.02 2	0.03										
<b>Total</b>	<b>66.80</b> <b>100.00</b>											
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 830	DATE: 1/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION: Lat N 1225 Long W 1710	TIME :08:17:27 08:47:18 30 (min) Purpose code: 1 LOG :2794.95 2796.69 1.73 Area code: 1 FDEPTH: 19 20 GearCond.code: BDEPTH: 19 20 Validity code: Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 110 m Speed: 30 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 834	DATE: 1/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION: Lat N 1245 Long W 1729
Sorted: 67 Kg	Total catch:	169.00	CATCH/HOUR:	338.00	start stop duration							
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					
<i>Brachydeuterus auritus</i>	140.00	41.42		<b>Total</b>								
<i>SPHYRAENIDAE</i>	38.00 146	11.24										
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	30.00 470	8.88										
<i>Selene dorsalis</i>	28.00 396	8.28										
<i>Trachinotus ovatus</i>	28.00 76	8.28										
<i>Ilisha africana</i>	18.00 570	5.33										
<i>Sardinella maderensis</i>	7.50 56	2.22	1662									
<i>Trichiurus lepturus</i>	6.00 160	1.78										
<i>Scomberomorus tritor</i>	5.70 6	1.69										
<i>Caranx senegalensis</i>	3.20 6	0.95										
<i>Albula vulpes</i>	2.50 6	0.74										
<i>Stromateus fiatola</i>	1.90 6	0.56										
<i>Alectis alexandrinus</i>	1.70 6	0.50										
<i>Pomadasys peroteti</i>	1.40 6	0.41										
<i>Galeoides decadactylus</i>	1.20 16	0.36										
<i>Callionectes sp.</i>	1.10 10	0.33										
<i>Pteroscion peli</i>	1.00 10	0.30										
<i>Penaeus notialis</i>	1.00 310	0.30										
<b>Total</b>	<b>337.20</b> <b>99.78</b>											
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 831	DATE: 1/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2	POSITION: Lat N 1231 Long W 1656	TIME :11:11:44 11:28:36 17 (min) Purpose code: 1 LOG :2816.61 2817.56 0.93 Area code: 1 FDEPTH: 13 14 GearCond.code: BDEPTH: 13 14 Validity code: Towing dir: 330° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 835	DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No 4	POSITION: Lat N 1245 Long W 1713
Sorted: 60 Kg	Total catch:	60.07	CATCH/HOUR:	212.01	start stop duration							
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					
<i>Chloroscombrus chrysurus</i>	131.12 3254	61.85		<b>Total</b>								
<i>Sardinella maderensis</i>	49.06 565	23.14	1663									
<i>Selene dorsalis</i>	8.40 4	3.96										
<i>Scomberomorus tritor</i>	7.84 7	3.70										
<i>Sphyraena sphyraena</i>	5.44 14	2.57										
<i>Brachydeuterus auritus</i>	3.81 106	1.80										
<i>Albula vulpes</i>	2.12 7	1.00										
<i>Trachinotus ovatus</i>	1.13 14	0.53										
<i>Hemicarax bicolor</i>	0.92 7	0.43										
<i>Stromateus fiatola</i>	0.85 4	0.40										
<i>Galeoides decadactylus</i>	0.42 4	0.20										
<i>Ilisha africana</i>	0.35 14	0.17										
<i>Carena senegalensis</i>	0.35 4	0.17										
<i>Arius heudeleti</i>	0.21 7	0.10										
<b>Total</b>	<b>212.02</b> <b>100.02</b>											
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT W3	PROJECT STATION: 832										

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 836	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 840
DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat. N 124° Long W 170°	DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:1	POSITION:Lat. N 130° Long W 171°
start stop duration			start stop duration		
TIME :04:17.46 04:47.17 30 (min)	Purpose code: 1		TIME :16:48.26 17:18.26 30 (min)	Purpose code: 1	
LOG :2945.06 2946.74 1.68	Area code: 1		LOG :3047.12 3048.96 1.81	Area code: 1	
FDEPTH: 10 10	GearCond code:		FDEPTH: 15 15	GearCond code:	
BDEPTH: 17 17	Validity code:		BDEPTH: 39 42	Validity code:	
Towing dir: 215° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 32 kn*10			Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 100 m Speed: 35 kn*10		
Sorted: 32 Kg	Total catch: 476.00	CATCH/HOUR: 952.00	Sorted: 68 Kg	Total catch: 3353.56	CATCH/HOUR: 6707.12
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP
	weight numbers			weight numbers	
Sardinella maderensis	373.00	3120	39.18	1668	
Brachydeuterus auritus	266.40	2880	27.98		
Arius latiscutatus	94.20	90	9.89		
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	63.50	1286	6.68		
Ilisha africana	38.40	10590	4.03		
OPICHTHIDAE	36.00	30	3.79		
Sphyraena sphyraena	33.60	150	3.53		
Trichiurus lepturus	13.20	450	1.39		
Callinectes pallidus	12.00	60	1.26		
Penaeus notialis	10.20	4340	1.07		
Dasyatis margarita	3.60	30	0.38		
Galeoides decadactylus	3.00	180	0.32		
Selene dorsalis	2.40	150	0.25		
Sepia elegans	1.20	120	0.13		
Sepia officinalis hierredda	1.20	90	0.13		
Cynoglossus senegalensis	0.60	30	0.06		
Total	952.60	100.06			
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 817	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 841
DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat. N 125° Long W 170°	DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat. N 130° Long W 170°
start stop duration			start stop duration		
TIME :06:33:09 07:03:06 30 (min)	Purpose code: 1		TIME :18:58:42 19:17:53 19 (min)	Purpose code: 1	
LOG :2961.94 2963.49 1.54	Area code: 1		LOG :3061.28 3062.23 0.93	Area code: 1	
FDEPTH: 5 5	GearCond code:		FDEPTH: 0 0	GearCond code:	
BDEPTH: 21 21	Validity code:		BDEPTH: 27 29	Validity code:	
Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 110 m Speed: 30 kn*10			Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 30 kn*10		
Sorted: 42 Kg	Total catch: 42.00	CATCH/HOUR: 84.00	Sorted: 61 Kg	Total catch: 824.74	CATCH/HOUR: 2604.44
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP
	weight numbers			weight numbers	
Trichiurus lepturus	34.84	128	41.48		
Brachydeuterus auritus	26.28	358	31.29		
Sardinella maderensis	12.24	124	14.57	1669	
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	4.04	86	4.81		
Ilisha africana	1.64	52	1.95		
Sphyraena guachancho	1.44	6	1.71		
Sepia officinalis hierredda	1.16	14	1.38		
Galeoides decadactylus	0.64	8	0.76		
Caranx senegallus	0.36	2	0.43		
Mugil cephalus	0.36	2	0.43		
Selene dorsalis	0.36	8	0.43		
Alectis alexandrinus	0.32	2	0.38		
Callinectes sp.	0.08	10	0.10		
Arius heudelotii	0.04	2	0.05		
Penaeus notialis	0.02	2	0.02		
Total	63.82	99.79			
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 838	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 842
DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2	POSITION:Lat. N 125° Long W 171°	DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat. N 130° Long W 165°
start stop duration			start stop duration		
TIME :08:29:01 08:59:12 30 (min)	Purpose code: 1		TIME :21:16:20 21:31:42 15 (min)	Purpose code: 1	
LOG :2974.00 2975.57 1.54	Area code: 1		LOG :3076.90 3077.67 0.75	Area code: 1	
FDEPTH: 29 28	GearCond code:		FDEPTH: 5 5	GearCond code:	
BDEPTH: 29 28	Validity code:		BDEPTH: 16 16	Validity code:	
Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 110 m Speed: 30 kn*10			Towing dir: 180° Wire out: 90 m Speed: 30 kn*10		
Sorted: 59 Kg	Total catch: 501.60	CATCH/HOUR: 1003.20	Sorted: 64 Kg	Total catch: 1344.57	CATCH/HOUR: 5378.28
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP
	weight numbers			weight numbers	
Brachydeuterus auritus	555.20	8670	55.34		
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	263.20	4846	26.24		
Galeoides decadactylus	52.80	222	5.36		
Selene dorsalis	43.80	698	4.37		
Pomadasys peroteti	23.40	34	2.33		
Decapterus punctatus	15.40	52	1.54		
Trichiurus lepturus	13.60	68	1.36		
Ilisha africana	9.20	170	0.92		
Arius heudelotii	7.80	170	0.78		
Sphyraena guachancho	7.20	34	0.72		
SEPIIIDAE	5.40	18	0.54		
STROMATEIDAE	4.60	18	0.46		
GERREIDAE	2.90	18	0.20		
Pomadasys incisus	2.00	18	0.20		
Total	1005.60	100.26			
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 839	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 843
DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2	POSITION:Lat. N 125° Long W 172°	DATE: 2/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat. N 131° Long W 170°
start stop duration			start stop duration		
TIME :10:30:20 10:45:04 15 (min)	Purpose code: 1		TIME :23:13:59 23:29:10 15 (min)	Purpose code: 1	
LOG :2986.83 2987.68 0.81	Area code: 1		LOG :3089.87 3090.66 0.78	Area code: 1	
FDEPTH: 39 38	GearCond code:		FDEPTH: 5 5	GearCond code:	
BDEPTH: 39 38	Validity code:		BDEPTH: 19 20	Validity code:	
Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 135 m Speed: 30 kn*10			Towing dir: 300° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10		
Sorted: 64 Kg	Total catch: 321.00	CATCH/HOUR: 1284.00	Sorted: 34 Kg	Total catch: 259.68	CATCH/HOUR: 1038.32
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	* OF TOT. C SAMP
	weight numbers			weight numbers	
Brachydeuterus auritus	756.00	1788	58.88		
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	412.00	540	32.09		
Selene dorsalis	74.40	640	5.79		
Pomadasys incisus	7.04	20	0.55		
Trachurus trecae	6.80	60	0.53		
Sardinella maderensis	6.40	60	0.50		
Decapterus punctatus	4.64	8	0.36		
Trichiurus lepturus	4.00	20	0.31		
Flagellus bellottii	3.60	24	0.28		
Pomadasys peroteti	2.64	4	0.21		
Argyroscmus regius	1.52	4	0.12		
Sardinella aurita	0.20	20	0.02		
Total	1279.24	99.64			

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 3/11/99 TIME : 01:38:28 02:08:11 30 (min) LOG : 3106.32 3108.02 1.68 FDEPTH: 0 0 BDEPTH: 51 55 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 32 kn*10	PROJECT.W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No.4 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Sorted: 40 Kg Total catch: 179.74 CATCH/HOUR: 359.48	PROJECT STATION: 844 POSITION:Lat N 1315 Long W 171° PROJECT STATION: 843 POSITION:Lat N 1344 Long W 171° start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 262° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 35 kn*10 Sorted: 41 Kg Total catch: 368.43 CATCH/HOUR: 736.86	
SPECIES Sardinella aurita Decapterus rhonchus Sardinella maderensis Trachurus trecae Scomber japonicus Alectis alexandrinus Selene dorsalis Echeneis naucrates  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 268.80 1850 74.77 1678 28.40 170 7.90 1679 21.40 150 5.95 1677 16.40 300 4.56 12.00 70 3.34 9.88 8 2.75 2.20 10 0.61 0.40 2 0.11  359.48 99.99	SPECIES Trachurus trecae Sardinella aurita Scomber japonicus Sphyraena sphyraena Lagocephalus laevigatus Alectis alexandrinus Sepia elegans Saurida brasiliensis Boops boops Fistularia tabacaria Sphoeroides spengleri CEPHALOPODA  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 483.60 25120 65.63 1688 122.40 1040 16.61 1687 106.00 2800 14.39 8.40 60 1.14 3.36 4 0.46 3.04 4 0.41 2.02 8 0.27 2.00 280 0.27 1.60 180 0.22 0.84 4 0.11 0.80 40 0.11 0.28 2 0.04  734.34 39.66
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 3/11/99 TIME : 08:20:22 09:00:32 40 (min) LOG : 3161.60 3163.80 2.18 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 38 40 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 30 kn*10  Sorted: 30 Kg Total catch: 30.00 CATCH/HOUR: 45.00	PROJECT.W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No.4 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Sorted: 30 Kg Total catch: 30.00 CATCH/HOUR: 45.00	PROJECT STATION: 845 POSITION:Lat N 1325 Long W 1708 PROJECT STATION: 850 POSITION:Lat N 1344 Long W 1713 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 262° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10  719.33 1876.51	
SPECIES Sardinella aurita Decapterus rhonchus Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis Echeneis naucrates Selene dorsalis Scomber japonicus  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 2.31 18 5.13 1680 2.13 17 4.73 1681 0.60 2 1.33 0.36 3 0.80 0.27 2 0.60 0.15 2 0.33 0.15 2 0.33  5.97 13.25	SPECIES Sardinella aurita Sardinella maderensis Trachurus trecae Decapterus rhonchus Scomber japonicus Dactylopterus volitans Tetradon sagittatus MONACANTHIDAE Octopus vulgaris ANRACOO  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 1358.61 9916 72.40 1690 349.57 2137 18.63 1689 73.43 877 3.91 1692 59.22 329 3.16 1691 16.43 110 0.88 14.24 55 0.76 2.19 55 0.12 2.14 3 0.11 0.57 3 0.03 0.10 3 0.01  1876.50 100.01
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 3/11/99 TIME : 10:29:18 10:48:58 20 (min) LOG : 3174.76 3175.95 1.13 FDEPTH: 23 25 BDEPTH: 23 25 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10  Sorted: 28 Kg Total catch: 71.21 CATCH/HOUR: 213.63	PROJECT.W3 GEAR TYPE: BT No.2 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Sorted: 28 Kg Total catch: 71.21 CATCH/HOUR: 213.63	PROJECT STATION: 846 POSITION:Lat N 1324 Long W 1702 PROJECT STATION: 851 POSITION:Lat N 1345 Long W 1701 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 35 kn*10  1441.88 6179.49	
SPECIES Brachydeuterus auritus Sardinella maderensis Chloroscombrus chrysurus Selene dorsalis Lagocephalus laevigatus Trichiurus lepturus Galeoides decadactylus Decapterus rhonchus Selar crumenophthalmus  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 139.05 2730 65.09 41.70 354 19.52 1682 19.50 249 9.13 4.50 45 2.11 2.85 15 1.33 2.70 15 1.26 1.50 15 0.70 1.08 6 0.51 0.75 9 0.35  213.63 100.00	SPECIES Sardinella maderensis Chloroscombrus chrysurus Brachydeuterus auritus Sardinella aurita Decapterus rhonchus Lagocephalus laevigatus Peneus notialis Decapterus punctatus Arius latiscutatus Peneus kerathurus Alectis alexandrinus Echeneis naucrates  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 4378.71 6263 70.96 1693 1082.14 21974 17.51 418.71 8863 6.78 147.00 2263 2.38 1694 21.57 943 1.16 26.40 189 0.43 18.86 566 0.31 15.09 377 0.24 14.83 9 0.24 3.77 189 0.06 1.29 4 0.02 0.86 4 0.01  6179.23 100.00
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 3/11/99 TIME : 12:06:50 12:36:16 29 (min) LOG : 3186.30 3188.07 1.75 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 17 16 Towing dir: 180° Wire out: 100 m Speed: 35 kn*10  Sorted: 35 Kg Total catch: 406.10 CATCH/HOUR: 840.21	PROJECT.W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No.7 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Sorted: 35 Kg Total catch: 406.10 CATCH/HOUR: 840.21	PROJECT STATION: 847 POSITION:Lat N 1326 Long W 1656 PROJECT STATION: 852 POSITION:Lat N 1348 Long W 1656 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 180° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10  236.00 708.00	
SPECIES Sphyraena sphyraena Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis Brachydeuterus auritus Scomberomorus tritor Selene dorsalis Sardinella aurita Ethmalosa fimbriata Sphyraena lewini Diprepane africana Paragaleus pectoralis  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 235.34 621 28.01 200.17 3854 23.82 183.10 1655 21.79 1683 102.41 2638 12.19 81.21 39 9.67 12.93 234 1.54 9.83 130 1.17 1684 8.79 79 1.05 3.27 2 0.39 2.19 2 0.26 0.95 2 0.11  840.19 100.00	SPECIES Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis Brachydeuterus auritus Penaeus notialis Decapterus punctatus Arius latiscutatus Penaeus kerathurus Alectis alexandrinus Echeneis naucrates  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 634.50 12663 89.62 36.54 357 5.16 1695 19.32 42 2.73 12.18 840 1.72 2.10 63 0.30 2.10 21 0.30 0.84 21 0.12 0.42 21 0.06  708.00 100.01
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 3/11/99 TIME : 14:49:53 15:19:40 30 (min) LOG : 3206.01 3208.02 1.99 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 19 20 Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 35 kn*10  Sorted: 55 Kg Total catch: 3589.34 CATCH/HOUR: 7178.68	PROJECT.W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No.7 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Sorted: 55 Kg Total catch: 3589.34 CATCH/HOUR: 7178.68	PROJECT STATION: 848 POSITION:Lat N 1335 Long W 1658 PROJECT STATION: 853 POSITION:Lat N 1348 Long W 1656 start stop duration Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 35 kn*10  7178.68 99.99	
SPECIES Sardinella maderensis Paragaleus pectoralis Sardinella aurita Trichiurus lepturus Scomberomorus tritor Sphyraena sphyraena Brachydeuterus auritus Ethmalosa fimbriata Arius latiscutatus Dasycatis margarita Pomadasys jubelini  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 3945.00 3372 54.95 1686 1764.00 1950 24.57 1561.00 4800 7.81 1685 254.00 450 3.68 261.00 300 3.64 216.00 600 3.01 48.00 1200 0.67 45.00 150 0.63 39.00 150 0.54 21.00 150 0.29 14.68 36 0.20  7178.68 99.99	SPECIES Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis Pomadasys jubelini Brachydeuterus auritus Penaeus notialis Arius heudeloti Sepia officinalis bierredta Penaeus kerathurus  Total	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers 483.60 25120 65.63 1688 122.40 1040 16.61 1687 106.00 2800 14.39 8.40 60 1.14 3.36 4 0.46 3.04 4 0.41 2.02 8 0.27 2.00 280 0.27 1.60 180 0.22 0.84 4 0.11 0.80 40 0.11 0.28 2 0.04  734.34 39.66

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 4/11/99 start stop duration TIME :08:41:21 09:11:08 30 (min) LOG :3340 30 3342.15 1.74 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 17 22 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 1354 Long W 1700 CATCH/HOUR: 718.84 Total catch: 359.43 SAMP: 1696	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 5/11/99 start stop duration TIME :00:28:29 00:53:20 25 (min) LOG :3465 24 3466.56 1.29 FDEPTH: 1 1 BDEPTH: 151 353 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1415 Long W 1731 CATCH/HOUR: 181.30 Total catch: 75.54 SAMP: 181.30
SPECIES weight numbers Sardinella maderensis 322.56 514 44.87 1696 Paragaleus pectoralis 198.80 168 27.66 Chloroscombrus chrysurus 94.08 1708 13.09 Pomadasys jubelini 52.35 1288 7.28 Scomberomorus tritor 34.24 16 4.76 Sardinella aurita 8.95 70 1.25 Pomadasys incisus 3.64 14 0.51 Fistularia tabacaria 3.35 28 0.47 Selene dorsalis 0.84 14 0.12	SPECIES weight numbers Trichurus lepturus 153.22 902 84.51 MYCTOPHIDAE 21.89 13594 12.07 SEPIIIDAE 4.70 2333 2.59 Trachurus trecae 0.96 998 0.53 TRACHIPTERIDAE 0.53 2 0.29 Total 181.30 99.99	SPECIES weight numbers Trichurus lepturus 153.22 902 84.51 MYCTOPHIDAE 21.89 13594 12.07 SEPIIIDAE 4.70 2333 2.59 Trachurus trecae 0.96 998 0.53 TRACHIPTERIDAE 0.53 2 0.29 Total 181.30 99.99	SPECIES weight numbers Trichurus lepturus 153.22 902 84.51 MYCTOPHIDAE 21.89 13594 12.07 SEPIIIDAE 4.70 2333 2.59 Trachurus trecae 0.96 998 0.53 TRACHIPTERIDAE 0.53 2 0.29 Total 181.30 99.99
Total 718.84 100.01			
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 4/11/99 start stop duration TIME :10:19:56 11:12:12 52 (min) LOG :3350.32 3353.07 2.65 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 35 32 Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 110 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1355 Long W 1709 CATCH/HOUR: 14.20 Total catch: 14.20 SAMP: 16.38	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 5/11/99 start stop duration TIME :03:29:29 03:59:11 30 (min) LOG :3487.75 3489.87 2.10 FDEPTH: 1 1 BDEPTH: 95 94 Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1425 Long W 1729 CATCH/HOUR: 444.23 Total catch: 444.23 SAMP: 888.46
SPECIES weight numbers Lagocephalus laevigatus 6.85 39 41.82 Sphyraena mokarran 2.58 1 15.75 Dactylopterus volitans 1.55 7 9.46 Sphyraena guachancho 1.38 8 9.42 Alectis alexandrinus 1.15 1 7.02 Echeneis naucrates 1.13 3 6.90 Chloroscombrus chrysurus 0.81 6 4.95 Pomadasys incisus 0.69 6 4.21 Sardinella aurita 0.23 1 1.40	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 464.40 20488 52.27 1699 Scomber japonicus 383.80 7176 43.20 Trichurus lepturus 25.00 156 2.81 Ariommabondi 10.40 182 1.17 Cypselurus pinnatibarbus 2.60 26 0.29 Echeneis naucrates 2.00 4 0.23 Sardinella aurita 0.26 26 0.03 Total 888.46 100.00	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 464.40 20488 52.27 1699 Scomber japonicus 383.80 7176 43.20 Trichurus lepturus 25.00 156 2.81 Ariommabondi 10.40 182 1.17 Cypselurus pinnatibarbus 2.60 26 0.29 Echeneis naucrates 2.00 4 0.23 Sardinella aurita 0.26 26 0.03 Total 888.46 100.00	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 464.40 20488 52.27 1699 Scomber japonicus 383.80 7176 43.20 Trichurus lepturus 25.00 156 2.81 Ariommabondi 10.40 182 1.17 Cypselurus pinnatibarbus 2.60 26 0.29 Echeneis naucrates 2.00 4 0.23 Sardinella aurita 0.26 26 0.03 Total 888.46 100.00
Total 16.37 99.93			
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 4/11/99 start stop duration TIME :19:12:04 19:41:24 29 (min) LOG :3429.86 3431.45 1.57 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 18 21 Towing dir: 300° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 1409 Long W 1704 CATCH/HOUR: 40.02 Total catch: 40.02 SAMP: 82.80	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 5/11/99 start stop duration TIME :05:37:12 06:05:16 28 (min) LOG :3501.37 3503.21 1.82 FDEPTH: 1 1 BDEPTH: 40 36 Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1425 Long W 1715 CATCH/HOUR: 71.10 Total catch: 71.10 SAMP: 152.36
SPECIES weight numbers Pomadasys peroteti 17.83 46 21.53 Brachydeuterus auritus 16.14 182 19.49 Chloroscombrus chrysurus 8.69 74 10.50 Lagocephalus laevigatus 6.50 14 7.85 Alectis alexandrinus 5.42 10 6.55 Sepia officinalis hierredda 4.76 41 5.75 Galeoides decadactylus 3.93 10 4.75 Arius heudeleti 3.02 4 3.65 Sardinella maderensis 2.07 12 2.50 1697 Pomadasys incisus 2.03 12 2.45 GERREIDAE 1.99 19 2.40 Sphyraena guachancho 1.90 4 2.29 Decapterus rhonchus 1.49 39 1.80 Scomber japonicus 1.28 2 1.66 Plectrohinchus mediterraneus 1.08 8 1.30 Octopus vulgaris 1.03 2 1.24 Dactylopterus volitans 0.99 4 1.20 Panaeus notialis 0.62 46 0.75 Echeneis naucrates 0.54 2 0.65 Sardinella aurita 0.41 2 0.50 Pagellus bellottii 0.41 2 0.50 Selene dorsalis 0.21 8 0.25 Loligo vulgaris 0.17 74 0.21 Chilomycterus spinosus mauret 0.12 2 0.14 Scorpaena stephanica 0.08 2 0.10 Pseudupeneus prayensis 0.08 29 0.10	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 31.29 429 20.54 1702 Sardinella aurita 27.21 242 17.86 1700 Decapterus rhonchus 26.79 392 17.58 1701 Pomadasys incisus 21.75 146 14.28 Pagellus bellottii 16.50 161 10.83 Euthynnus alletteratus 13.29 49 8.72 Scomber japonicus 7.50 71 4.92 1703 Trigla lyra 3.11 4 2.04 Roops boops 1.50 21 0.98 Octopus vulgaris 1.39 4 0.91 Lagocephalus laevigatus 1.39 11 0.85 ECHENEIDIDAE 0.43 4 0.28 Fistularia tabacaria 0.21 4 0.14 Selene dorsalis 0.11 118 0.07 Total 152.37 100.00	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 31.29 429 20.54 1702 Sardinella aurita 27.21 242 17.86 1700 Decapterus rhonchus 26.79 392 17.58 1701 Pomadasys incisus 21.75 146 14.28 Pagellus bellottii 16.50 161 10.83 Euthynnus alletteratus 13.29 49 8.72 Scomber japonicus 7.50 71 4.92 1703 Trigla lyra 3.11 4 2.04 Roops boops 1.50 21 0.98 Octopus vulgaris 1.39 4 0.91 Lagocephalus laevigatus 1.39 11 0.85 ECHENEIDIDAE 0.43 4 0.28 Fistularia tabacaria 0.21 4 0.14 Selene dorsalis 0.11 118 0.07 Total 152.37 100.00	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 31.29 429 20.54 1702 Sardinella aurita 27.21 242 17.86 1700 Decapterus rhonchus 26.79 392 17.58 1701 Pomadasys incisus 21.75 146 14.28 Pagellus bellottii 16.50 161 10.83 Euthynnus alletteratus 13.29 49 8.72 Scomber japonicus 7.50 71 4.92 1703 Trigla lyra 3.11 4 2.04 Roops boops 1.50 21 0.98 Octopus vulgaris 1.39 4 0.91 Lagocephalus laevigatus 1.39 11 0.85 ECHENEIDIDAE 0.43 4 0.28 Fistularia tabacaria 0.21 4 0.14 Selene dorsalis 0.11 118 0.07 Total 152.37 100.00
Total 82.79 100.00			
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 4/11/99 start stop duration TIME :22:40:19 23:10:15 30 (min) LOG :3456.58 3457.85 1.26 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 91 91 Towing dir: 330° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1414 Long W 1725 CATCH/HOUR: 45.11 Total catch: 45.11 SAMP: 90.22	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 5/11/99 start stop duration TIME :09:23:38 09:41:26 18 (min) LOG :3525.09 3526.15 1.04 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 20 23 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 90 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 1435 Long W 1712 CATCH/HOUR: 60.88 Total catch: 60.88 SAMP: 202.93
SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 81.84 5658 90.71 1698 Ariommabondi 5.20 588 5.76 Scomber japonicus 1.56 24 1.73 Dactylopterus volitans 0.72 6 0.80 ANGUILLIFORMES 0.42 24 0.47 Selene dorsalis 0.24 18 0.27 Seriola rondeleti 0.24 4 0.27	SPECIES weight numbers Sardinella aurita 182.87 777 90.11 1704 Sardinella maderensis 8.53 43 4.20 1705 Decapterus rhonchus 4.53 20 2.23 Chloroscombrus chrysurus 3.20 20 1.58 Diplodus bellottii 1.40 40 0.69 Alectis alexandrinus 1.00 3 0.49 Fistularia tabacaria 0.60 3 0.30 Panaeus notialis 0.33 10 0.16 ECHENEIDIDAE 0.33 10 0.16 Total 202.92 99.98	SPECIES weight numbers Sardinella aurita 182.87 777 90.11 1704 Sardinella maderensis 8.53 43 4.20 1705 Decapterus rhonchus 4.53 20 2.23 Chloroscombrus chrysurus 3.20 20 1.58 Diplodus bellottii 1.40 40 0.69 Alectis alexandrinus 1.00 3 0.49 Fistularia tabacaria 0.60 3 0.30 Panaeus notialis 0.33 10 0.16 ECHENEIDIDAE 0.33 10 0.16 Total 202.92 99.98	SPECIES weight numbers Sardinella aurita 182.87 777 90.11 1704 Sardinella maderensis 8.53 43 4.20 1705 Decapterus rhonchus 4.53 20 2.23 Chloroscombrus chrysurus 3.20 20 1.58 Diplodus bellottii 1.40 40 0.69 Alectis alexandrinus 1.00 3 0.49 Fistularia tabacaria 0.60 3 0.30 Panaeus notialis 0.33 10 0.16 ECHENEIDIDAE 0.33 10 0.16 Total 202.92 99.98
Total 90.22 100.01			
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 4/11/99 start stop duration TIME :08:41:21 09:11:08 30 (min) LOG :3465.24 3466.56 0.88 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 65 85 Towing dir: 20° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1414 Long W 1725 CATCH/HOUR: 90.22 Total catch: 45.11 SAMP: 90.22	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 6/11/99 start stop duration TIME :23:49:02 00:06:30 17 (min) LOG :3635.66 3636.56 0.88 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 65 85 Towing dir: 20° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1451 Long W 1718 CATCH/HOUR: 493.95 Total catch: 493.95 SAMP: 1743.35
SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 748.59 22182 42.94 1706 Trichurus lepturus 408.71 2700 23.44 Sardinella aurita 387.53 54794 22.23 1707 Sphyraena sphyraena 106.94 900 6.13 Scomber japonicus 44.47 371 2.55 Loligo vulgaris 29.65 159 1.70 Lagocephalus laevigatus 15.88 159 0.91 Ariommabondi 1.06 53 0.06	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 748.59 22182 42.94 1706 Trichurus lepturus 408.71 2700 23.44 Sardinella aurita 387.53 54794 22.23 1707 Sphyraena sphyraena 106.94 900 6.13 Scomber japonicus 44.47 371 2.55 Loligo vulgaris 29.65 159 1.70 Lagocephalus laevigatus 15.88 159 0.91 Ariommabondi 1.06 53 0.06	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 748.59 22182 42.94 1706 Trichurus lepturus 408.71 2700 23.44 Sardinella aurita 387.53 54794 22.23 1707 Sphyraena sphyraena 106.94 900 6.13 Scomber japonicus 44.47 371 2.55 Loligo vulgaris 29.65 159 1.70 Lagocephalus laevigatus 15.88 159 0.91 Ariommabondi 1.06 53 0.06	SPECIES weight numbers Trachurus trecae 748.59 22182 42.94 1706 Trichurus lepturus 408.71 2700 23.44 Sardinella aurita 387.53 54794 22.23 1707 Sphyraena sphyraena 106.94 900 6.13 Scomber japonicus 44.47 371 2.55 Loligo vulgaris 29.65 159 1.70 Lagocephalus laevigatus 15.88 159 0.91 Ariommabondi 1.06 53 0.06
Total 1742.83 99.96			

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 6/11/99 start stop duration TIME :01:50:41 02:04:05 13 (min) LOG :3649.34 3650.02 0.68 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 63 99 Towing dir: 317° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: FT No 4 POSITION:Lat N 1456 Long W 1708 Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 317° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT STATION: 862 GEAR TYPE: FT No 4 POSITION:Lat N 1456 start stop duration TIME :01:50:41 02:04:05 13 (min) LOG :3649.34 3650.02 0.68 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 63 99 Towing dir: 317° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	
Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 812.90 CATCH/HOUR: 3751.85		Sorted: 117 Kg Total catch: 316.72 CATCH/HOUR: 730.89	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	
Trachurus trecae Brachydeuterus auritus Sardinella maderensis Decapterus rhonchus Sphyraena sphyraena Scomber japonicus Dactylopterus volitans Trichiurus lepturus Uraspis secunda Sepia officinalis hierredda Selene dorsalis Saurida brasiliensis Loligo vulgaris Decapterus punctatus Lagocephalus laevigatus	weight numbers 1896.37 35640 50.54 1710 645.78 4468 17.21 467.08 7920 12.45 1708 322.89 4265 8.61 1709 127.94 1523 3.41 69.05 508 1.84 54.83 305 1.46 50.77 812 1.35 40.62 203 1.08 32.49 55237 0.87 22.34 102 0.60 6.09 1218 0.16 6.09 102 0.16 2.03 203 0.05 1.02 203 0.03	Trichirius lepturus Paragaleus pectoralis Decapterus rhonchus Auxis thazard Brachydeuterus auritus Scomber japonicus Trachurus trecae Lagocephalus laevigatus Trachinotus ovatus Sphyraena zygaena Stromateus fiatola Dactylopterus volitans Alectis alexandrinus Echeneis naucrates	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP
Total	3745.39 99.82	Total	730.88 99.99
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 6/11/99 start stop duration TIME :03:43:11 03:56:02 13 (min) LOG :3659.96 3660.73 0.76 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 125 132 Towing dir: 317° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: FT No 4 POSITION:Lat N 1503 Long W 1717 Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: 4 Validity code: Towing dir: 317° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: FT No 7 POSITION:Lat N 1540 start stop duration TIME :03:26:00 03:56:00 30 (min) LOG :3857.70 3853.30 4.40 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 22 22 Towing dir: 360° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 3 kn*10	PROJECT STATION: 868 GEAR TYPE: FT No 7 POSITION:Lat N 1540 start stop duration TIME :03:26:00 03:56:00 30 (min) LOG :3857.70 3853.30 4.40 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 22 22 Towing dir: 360° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 3 kn*10
Sorted: 30 Kg Total catch: 579.88 CATCH/HOUR: 2676.37		Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 68.96 CATCH/HOUR: 137.92	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP
Trachurus trachurus	weight numbers 2676.37 19292 100.00	Brachydeuterus auritus Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis Ilisha africana Trichirius lepturus Selene dorsalis Paragaleus pectoralis Lagocephalus laevigatus Trachurus trecae Trichiurus lepturus Pagellus bellottii Pomadasys incisus	weight numbers 29.20 632 21.17 23.92 500 17.34 18.00 92 13.05 1719 14.32 392 10.38 13.20 528 9.57 7.76 4 5.63 4.16 24 3.02 4.08 684 2.96 2.24 4 1.62 2.24 4 1.62 1.92 28 1.39 1.36 4 0.99 0.64 8 0.46 0.48 4 0.35 0.32 44 0.23
Total	2676.37 100.00	Total	137.92 99.99
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 6/11/99 start stop duration TIME :09:14:15 10:17:38 63 (min) LOG :3706.24 3709.49 3.15 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 44 38 Towing dir: 35° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No 4 POSITION:Lat N 1505 Long W 1702 Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 35° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 30 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No 7 POSITION:Lat N 1544 start stop duration TIME :04:42:00 05:11:57 30 (min) LOG :3856.90 3859.30 2.33 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 22 22 Towing dir: 200° Wire out: 100 m Speed: 38 kn*10	PROJECT STATION: 869 GEAR TYPE: PT No 7 POSITION:Lat N 1544 start stop duration TIME :04:42:00 05:11:57 30 (min) LOG :3856.90 3859.30 2.33 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 22 22 Towing dir: 200° Wire out: 100 m Speed: 38 kn*10
Sorted: 32 Kg Total catch: 707.08 CATCH/HOUR: 673.41		Sorted: 47 Kg Total catch: 1732.96 CATCH/HOUR: 3465.92	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP
Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis Brachydeuterus auritus Sardinella aurita Lagocephalus laevigatus Selene dorsalis Trachurus trecae Trichiurus lepturus Pagellus bellottii Pomadasys incisus	weight numbers 185.64 1090 27.57 144.57 6055 21.47 1712 114.44 1048 16.99 83.39 3792 12.38 1711 49.03 189 7.28 43.58 398 6.47 24.80 335 3.68 14.67 168 2.18 9.22 42 1.37 3.35 21 0.50	Brachydeuterus auritus Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis - Juv. Ilisha africana Trachinotus ovatus Selar crumenophthalmus Sphyraena guachancho Pentanemus quinquarius Penaeus notialis	weight numbers 29.20 632 21.17 23.92 500 17.34 18.00 92 13.05 1719 14.08 276 10.21 13.20 528 9.57 7.76 4 5.63 4.16 24 3.02 4.08 684 2.96 2.24 4 1.62 2.24 4 1.62 1.92 28 1.39 1.36 4 0.99 0.64 8 0.46 0.48 4 0.35 0.32 44 0.23
Total	672.69 99.89	Total	137.92 99.99
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 6/11/99 start stop duration TIME :16:51:55 17:06:21 14 (min) LOG :3767.16 3767.93 0.76 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 29 31 Towing dir: 200° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 38 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: FT No 4 POSITION:Lat N 1524 Long W 1651 Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 200° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 38 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No 7 POSITION:Lat N 1544 start stop duration TIME :04:42:00 05:11:57 30 (min) LOG :3856.90 3859.30 2.33 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 22 22 Towing dir: 200° Wire out: 100 m Speed: 38 kn*10	PROJECT STATION: 869 GEAR TYPE: PT No 7 POSITION:Lat N 1544 start stop duration TIME :04:42:00 05:11:57 30 (min) LOG :3856.90 3859.30 2.33 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 22 22 Towing dir: 200° Wire out: 100 m Speed: 38 kn*10
Sorted: 57 Kg Total catch: 1627.88 CATCH/HOUR: 6976.63		Sorted: 47 Kg Total catch: 1732.96 CATCH/HOUR: 3465.92	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP
Chloroscombrus chrysurus Brachydeuterus auritus Sardinella maderensis - Juv. Pomadasys jubelini Selene dorsalis Trachinus armatus Sardinella aurita - Juveniles Ilisha africana RHINOPHTERIDAE Paragaleus pectoralis	weight numbers 4234.29 34543 60.69 1916.57 14931 27.47 463.54 24291 6.64 1714 98.49 270 1.41 80.23 1783 1.15 80.23 446 1.15 62.40 3120 0.89 1713 26.74 223 0.38 11.57 4 0.17 2.57 4 0.04	Sardinella maderensis Sardinella aurita Chloroscombrus chrysurus Selene dorsalis Trachinotus ovatus Pomadasys jubelini Brachydeuterus auritus Galeoides decadactylus Paragaleus pectoralis Stromateus fiatola Lichia amia Ilisha africana Trichirius lepturus Pomadasys peroteti Sphyraena zygaena	weight numbers 1356.80 14400 39.15 1722 600.00 7500 17.31 1721 480.00 10400 13.85 158.40 4080 4.57 156.80 1340 4.52 148.80 240 4.29 123.20 2720 3.55 112.40 240 3.24 108.80 80 3.14 78.40 80 2.26 52.80 80 1.52 40.00 720 1.15 24.00 240 0.69 24.00 80 0.69 3.52 2 0.10
Total	6976.63 99.99	Total	3467.93 100.03
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN DATE: 6/11/99 start stop duration TIME :19:52:13 20:21:19 29 (min) LOG :3790.84 3792.38 1.68 FDEPTH: 10 10 BDEPTH: 31 25 Towing dir: 120° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No 7 POSITION:Lat N 1534 Long W 1647 Purpose code: 1 Area code : 1 GearCond code: Validity code: Towing dir: 120° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 GEAR TYPE: PT No 4 POSITION:Lat N 1549 start stop duration TIME :07:26:48 07:56:24 30 (min) LOG :3875.95 3877.75 1.78 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 32 37 Towing dir: 290° Wire out: 125 m Speed: 30 kn*10	PROJECT STATION: 870 GEAR TYPE: PT No 4 POSITION:Lat N 1549 start stop duration TIME :07:26:48 07:56:24 30 (min) LOG :3875.95 3877.75 1.78 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 32 37 Towing dir: 290° Wire out: 125 m Speed: 30 kn*10
Sorted: 35 Kg Total catch: 453.44 CATCH/HOUR: 938.15		Sorted: 47 Kg Total catch: 42.47 CATCH/HOUR: 84.94	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR * OF TOT. C SAMP
Chloroscombrus chrysurus Sardinella maderensis Brachydeuterus auritus Ilisha africana Trichirius lepturus Sardinella aurita Lagocephalus laevigatus Decapterus rhonchus Sphyraena guachancho	weight numbers 347.50 3254 37.04 244.23 5739 28.03 1716 211.94 2421 22.59 45.19 538 4.82 32.28 242 3.44 27.97 403 2.98 17.21 430 1.83 5.92 27 0.63 5.38 27 0.57 0.54 27 0.06	Lagocephalus laevigatus Decapterus rhonchus Sardinella maderensis Paragaleus pectoralis Brachydeuterus auritus Dactylopterus volitans Trichirius lepturus Selene dorsalis	weight numbers 32.78 22 38.59 19.12 110 22.51 19.08 130 22.46 1723 11.00 4 12.95 1.04 10 1.22 0.72 2 0.85 0.64 30 0.75 0.56 20 0.66
Total	338.15 99.99	Total	34.94 99.99

## **Annex II Instruments and fishing gear used**

The Simrad EK-500, 38kHz echo scientific sounder was used during the survey for fish abundance estimation. The Bergen Echo Integrator system (BEI) logging the echogram raw data from the sounder, was used to scrutinize the acoustic records, and to allocate integrator data to fish species. All raw data was stored to tape, and a backup of the database of scrutinized data, stored. The details of the settings of the 38kHz where as follows:

<b>Transceiver-1 menu</b>	Transducer depth	5.5 - 7.5 m
	Absorbtion coeff.	10 dB/km
	Pulse length	medium (1ms)
	Bandwidth	wide
	Max power	2000 Watt
	2-way beam angle	-21.0 dB
	SV transducer gain	27.45 dB
	TS transducer gain	27.65 dB
	Angle sensitivity	21.9
	3 dB beamwidth	6.8 dg
	Alongship offset	-0.03 dg
	Athwardship offset	0.06 dg
<b>Display menu</b>	Echogram	1
	Bottom range	10 m
	Bottom range start	10 m
	TVG	20 log R
	Sv colour min	-67 dB
	TS Colour minimum	-60 dB
<b>Printer- menu</b>	Range	0 - 50 or 0 -100 m and 100 - 350m
	TVG	20 log R
	Sv colour min	-63 dB
<b>Bottom detection menu</b>	Minimum level	-40 dB

A calibration experiment using a standard copper sphere, performed in Baía dos Elephants 12 August 1999 gave the following results:

Sv Transducer gain 27.45 dB  
Ts Transducer gain 27.65 dB

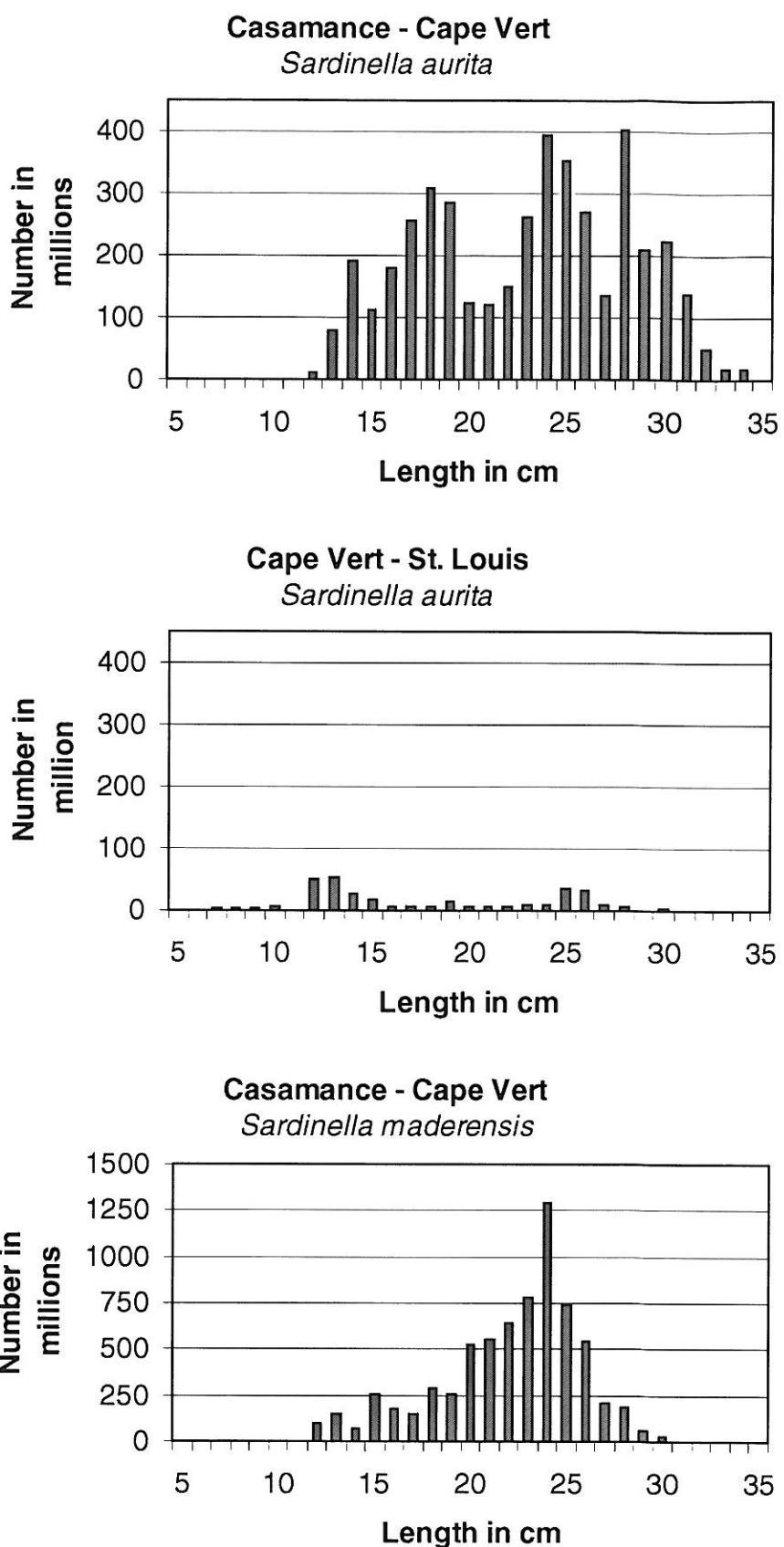
## **Hydrography**

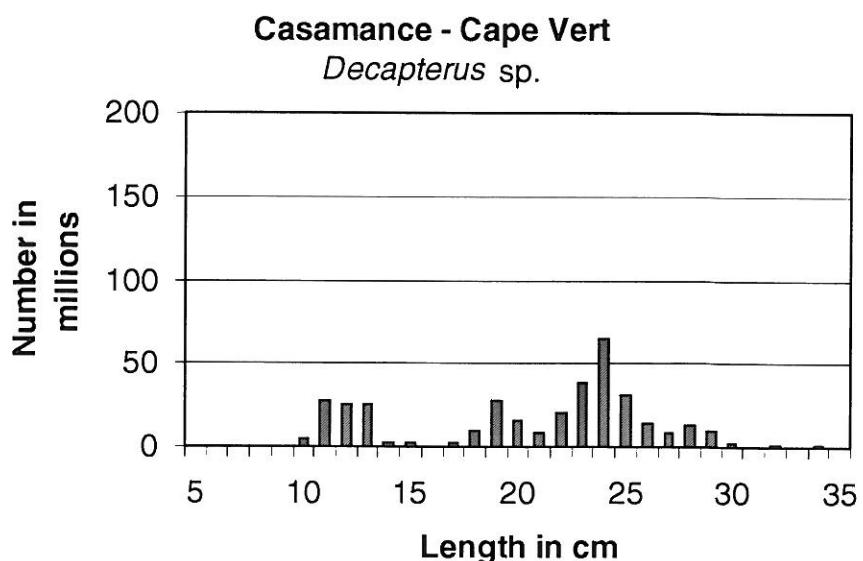
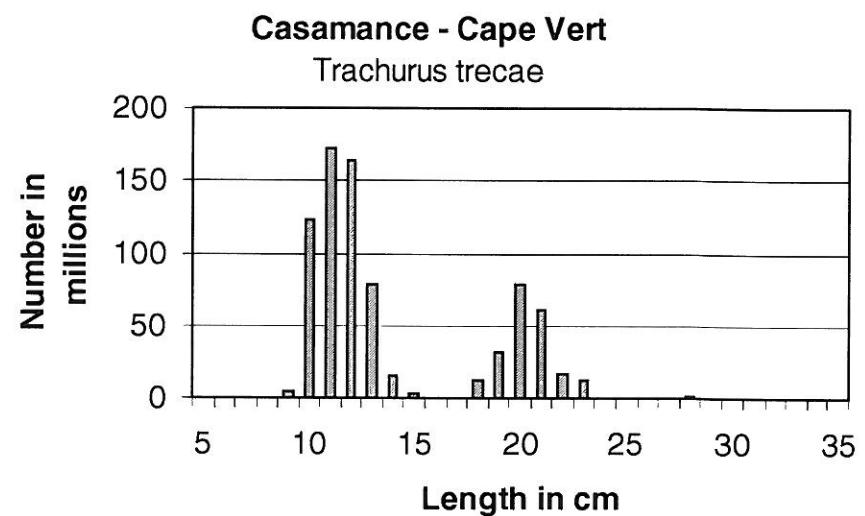
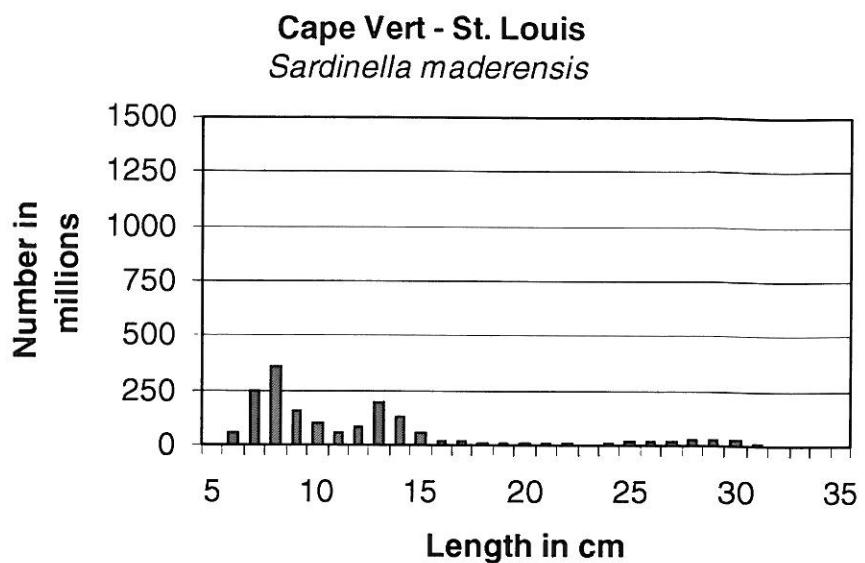
Conductivity, temperature, density and dissolved oxygen were sampled regularly at CTD stations with Seabird 911 + CTD sonde. The salinity is computed from the data on conductivity by the software retrieving data from the sensors.

## **Fishing gear**

The vessel has two different sized "Åkrahamn" pelagic trawls and one "Gisund super" bottom trawl. For all trawls, the Tyborøn, 7.8m<sup>2</sup> (1670kg) trawl doors were used. Complete drawings of the trawls used are included.

### Annex III Pooled length distribution by species and regions

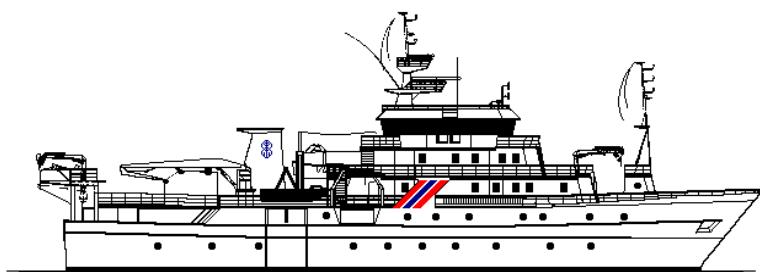




## Annex IV Stock length distribution by numbers and weight

*Sardinella aurita*

Length cm	N (millions)					Biomass (tonnes)				
	St. Louis- Cape Vert	Cape Vert- Gambia	Gambia	Casa- mance	TOTAL	St. Louis- Cape Vert	Cape Vert- Gambia	Gambia	Casa- mance	TOTAL
5										
6										
7	2.4				2.4	9				9
8	2.4				2.4	14				14
9	2.4				2.4	19				19
10	4.8				4.8	51				51
11	1.3				1.3	18				18
12	48.7	11.2			59.9	860	197			1 058
13	52.1	78.3			130.4	1 156	1 736			2 891
14	27.8	190.1			217.9	763	5 208			5 970
15	16.8	112.1			128.9	561	3 741			4 302
16	4.5	179.5			184.0	183	7 206			7 389
17	7.3	256.7			264.0	348	12 270			12 619
18	4.8	308.6			313.5	272	17 390			17 661
19	14.8	281.9	3.5		300.2	975	18 562	227		19 764
20	7.3	98.9	24.8		131.0	557	7 553	1 894		10 004
21	4.9	82.9	39.1		126.9	427	7 285	3 441		11 154
22	6.1	63.7	85.6		155.4	617	6 406	8 607		15 629
23	9.7	83.5	178.0		271.3	1 112	9 552	20 363		31 028
24	9.7	288.9	105.4		404.0	1 258	37 384	13 635		52 276
25	36.4	268.4	84.0		388.9	5 310	39 104	12 232		56 646
26	31.7	113.8	156.0		301.5	5 175	18 573	25 461		49 209
27	8.6	108.1	27.5		144.1	1 560	19 690	5 001		26 251
28	4.9	295.7	106.7		407.3	984	59 872	21 612		82 468
29		196.8	11.5		208.3		44 122	2 579		46 701
30	2.4	224.6			227.1	601	55 590			56 191
31		137.0			137.0		37 314			37 314
32		49.5			49.5		14 775			14 775
33		16.5			16.5		5 387			5 387
34		16.5			16.5		5 877			5 877
35										
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>312.0</b>	<b>3 463.3</b>	<b>822.0</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>4 597.4</b>	<b>22 828</b>	<b>434 793</b>	<b>115 053</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>572 674</b>



**SURVEY OF THE PELAGIC FISH RESOURCES  
OFF NORTH WEST AFRICA**

**Part II**

**MAURITANIA  
9 - 18 November 1999**

**CRUISE REPORT 'DR FRIDTJOF NANSEN'**

**SURVEY OF THE PELAGIC FISH RESOURCES  
NORTH WEST AFRICA**

**Part II**

**MAURITANIA  
9 - 18 November 1999**

by

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Bergen, 1999**

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## **CHAPTER 1      INTRODUCTION**

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### **1.1 Objectives of the cruise**

The defined general objectives were to estimate and map the distribution and biomass of small pelagic fish stocks off NW Africa (Morocco, Mauritania, Senegal and the Gambia) by hydro-acoustic methods and describe the hydrographic conditions there over a period of 50 days, in November-December 1999.

For Mauritania the agreed objectives were:

- To map the distribution and estimate the biomass of the main small pelagic fish using hydroacoustic methods. The species of interest are: sardine *Sardina pilchardus*, sardinella *Sardinella aurita*, *S. maderensis*, horse mackerels *Trachurus trecae* and *T. trachurus*, false scad *Decapterus rhonchus*, and anchovy *Engraulis encrasicolus*.
- To identify and describe the size distribution of the target fish populations by midwater and bottom trawl sampling and process the catches by recording weight and number by species.
- To sample standard hydrographical transects for temperature, salinity and oxygen at about 16°40' N, 18°00' N, 19°00' N, 20°00' N and off Cape Blanc.

The time allocated for this part of the survey was 6 days.

### **1.2 Participation**

Members of the scientific teams were:

Institut Mauritanien de Recherches Océanographiques et des Pêches, Mauritania:

Ebaye O. Mohamed MAHMOUD, Wagué ABDOULAYE, Sall Mamadou DIALLO,  
Ely O. Sidi O. BEIBOU and Lam MAMADOU

Centre de Recherches Océanographiques de Dakar-Thiaroy, Senegal:

Ibrahima SOW

Department of Fisheries, the Gambia:  
Juldeh JALLOW

Institut National de Recherches Halieutiques, Morocco:  
Hakim MESFIOUI

Institute of Marine Research, Norway:  
Reidar TORESEN, Jeppe KOLDING, Magne OLSEN, Thor Egil JOHANSSON and  
Tore MØRK

### **1.3 Narrative**

After getting onboard the Mauritanian scientific team in Dakar on 9 November, the survey of the Mauritanian shelf started on 10 November. Figure 1 shows the survey tracks and the fishing and hydrographical stations. Systematic parallel transects were run with 10 NM (nautical miles) distance in between.

The hydrographic profile at 16°40' N was sampled on 10 November, at 18°00' N on 12, at 19°00' N on 13, at 20°00' N on 15 and off Cape Blanc on 16 November.

The survey was terminated in Nouakchott on 17 November.

### **1.4 Methods**

#### *Environmental Data*

Meteorological observations including wind direction and speed, air temperature, global radiation and sea surface temperature (SST) were automatically logged and recorded with position and bottom depth every nautical mile sailed using an Aanderaa meteorological station. CTD-stations were recorded at the standard hydrographic transects. A Seabird 911+ CTD probe was used to obtain vertical profiles of temperature, salinity and oxygen. Real time plotting and logging was done using the customised Seabird Seasave software installed on a PC. The profiles were in general taken down to a few meters above the bottom. In deep stations, however, data logging was interrupted at 500 m. At each station on the standard hydrographic transects two Niskin bottles were triggered for water samples, one near the surface and one near the bottom, in order to calibrate the oxygen and salinity sensors. The water samples were analysed for dissolved oxygen using the Winkler method, and for salinity using a Guildline Portasal salinometer mod. 8410.

### *Biological Sampling*

Biological sampling of the fish was carried out using trawls. A pelagic trawl with floats was often used. A smaller pelagic trawl or the bottom trawl with floats was used for sampling the pelagic fish in very shallow waters (depth less than 25 m). Annex II gives a description of the instruments and the fishing gear used. All catches were sampled for composition by weight and numbers of each species caught. Species identification was based on the FAO Species Guides. Length frequency distributions, by total fish length in cm, of the selected target species were taken in all the stations where they were present. Individual weights, in grams, were measured for the Sardinella species. The weight measurements were used to establish the power factor,  $b$ , in the length-weight relationship:

$$\bar{w} = a \cdot L^b \quad (1)$$

The factors,  $a$  and  $b$ , were estimated at 0.010 and 2.97 for sardinellas, and at 0.012 and 2.94 for horse mackerels. However, for the sake of consistency with earlier years a factor of 2.96 for  $b$  was used for both sardinellas and mackerels. The complete records of fishing stations are shown in Annex I.

The following target groups were used for Mauritania:

- 1) Sardinellas (flat sardinella *Sardinella maderensis* and round sardinella *S. aurita*),
- 2) Anchovy (European anchovy *Engraulis encrasicolus*),
- 3) Sardine (European pilchard/Sardine *Sardina pilchardus*),
- 4) Horse mackerels (Atlantic horse mackerel *Trachurus trachurus*, Cunene horse mackerel *T. trecae* and false scad *Decapterus rhonchus*),
- 5) Other pelagic carangids and associated species (Atlantic bumber *Chloroscombrus chrysurus*, African lookdown *Selene dorsalis*, chub mackerel *Scomber japonicus*, largehead hairtail *Trichiurus lepturus*, and barracudas *Sphyraena* spp.),
- 6) Other demersal species (such as bigeye grunt *Brachydeuterus auritus*, Sparidae and Haemulidae), and
- 7) Other clupeids such as West African ilisha *Ilisha africana*.

### *Acoustic Sampling*

A SIMRAD EK500 Echosounder was used and the echograms were stored on both paper and files. The acoustic biomass estimates were based on the integration technique. The Bergen Integrator (BEI) was used for analysis and allocation of the integrated  $s_A$ -values (average area back scattering coefficient in  $m^2/NM$ ) to the individual specified target groups by 5 NM intervals. The BEI system does not underestimate dense schools and schools close to the bottom as some times may have happened with the EK500 Integrator used in the 1992 surveys. The splitting and allocation of the integrator outputs ( $s_A$ -values) was based on a combination of a

visual scrutiny of the behaviour pattern as deduced from echo diagrams, the BEI analysis, and the catch compositions.

In cases where the target category of fish contains more than one species (sardinellas and horse mackerels), the mean  $s_A$ -value allocated to the category is divided between the species in the same ratio as their relative contribution to the mean back scattering strength in the length frequency samples.

The following target strength (TS) function was applied to convert allocated  $s_A$ -values (average integrator value, or area back scattering coefficient for a given species or group of species in a specified area) to number of fish:

$$TS = 20 \log L - 72 \text{ dB}$$

which can be converted (see Toresen *et al.* 1998 for details) to the area form (scattering cross sections of acoustic targets):

$$C_{Fi} = 1.26 \cdot 10^6 \cdot L_i^{-2} \quad (2)$$

where  $L_i$  is total length in 1 cm length group  $i$  and  $C_{Fi}$  ( $\text{m}^{-2}$ ) is the reciprocal back scattering cross section, or so-called fish conversion factor. In order to split and convert the allocated  $s_A$ -values ( $\text{m}^2/\text{NM}^2$ ) to fish densities (numbers per length group per  $\text{NM}^2$ ), the following formula was used:

$$\rho_i = s_A \cdot \frac{p_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_i}{C_{Fi}}} \quad (3)$$

where  $\rho_i$  = density ( $\text{n}/\text{NM}^2$ ) of fish in length group  $i$   
 $s_A$  = mean integrator value ( $\text{m}^2/\text{NM}^2$ )  
 $p_i$  = proportion of fish in length group  $i$   
 $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_i}{C_{Fi}}$  = the relative back scattering cross section ( $\text{m}^2$ ) of the length frequency sample of the target species, and  
 $C_{Fi}$  = reciprocal back scattering cross section ( $\sigma_{bs}^{-1}$ ) of a fish in length group  $i$

Using equation (3), the pooled length distribution is used together with the mean  $s_A$ -value to calculate the density by length groups for each observed area of distribution (stratum). The total number by length group in the area is obtained by multiplying each density by the area. Areas were calculated on the maps by using a digital planimeter (Tamaya Planix 7).

The number of fish were converted to biomass by length group using the estimated weight at length from the length-weight relationship (equation 1). Finally the total biomass estimate is obtained by summing the biomass by length group and strata within each sector of the survey, or by calculating a stratified estimate of the mean density and multiplying by the total area of distribution, Annex V. Estimates of the coefficient of variation (CV=Standard deviation/mean) for the stratified mean densities were calculated with the underlying assumption that is constant when  $s_A$ -values are converted to densities ( $t/NM^2$ ). The CV of the  $s_A$ -values within each stratum and area of fish distribution (see maps of distribution) were calculated based on the allocated 5 NM averages and the number of observations thus represents the number of 5 NM intervals covered within each stratum. All equations and some theoretical background for the calculations is given in Annex V.

Equations (2) and (3) show that the conversion from  $s_A$ -value to number of fish is dependent on the length composition of the fish. In general there are many problems associated with getting representative length distributions when the various size classes are geographically segregated. When no segregation occurs the various length distributions are pooled together with equal importance. Otherwise, when the size distribution varies within the sampling site, these distributions are post-stratified and estimates of mean densities are calculated separately, or a weighting factor is applied that takes into account the density at the location. In most cases, the mean acoustic density at the location of the sample is the most representative index of this fish density.

For the estimation of the biomass of target group 3) carangids and associated species, an overall average length of 23 cm and a condition factor of 0.88 (to calculate mean weight of this length group) were applied.

All data on fishing stations and fish length sampling were made available to the participants from the local research institutes on diskettes.

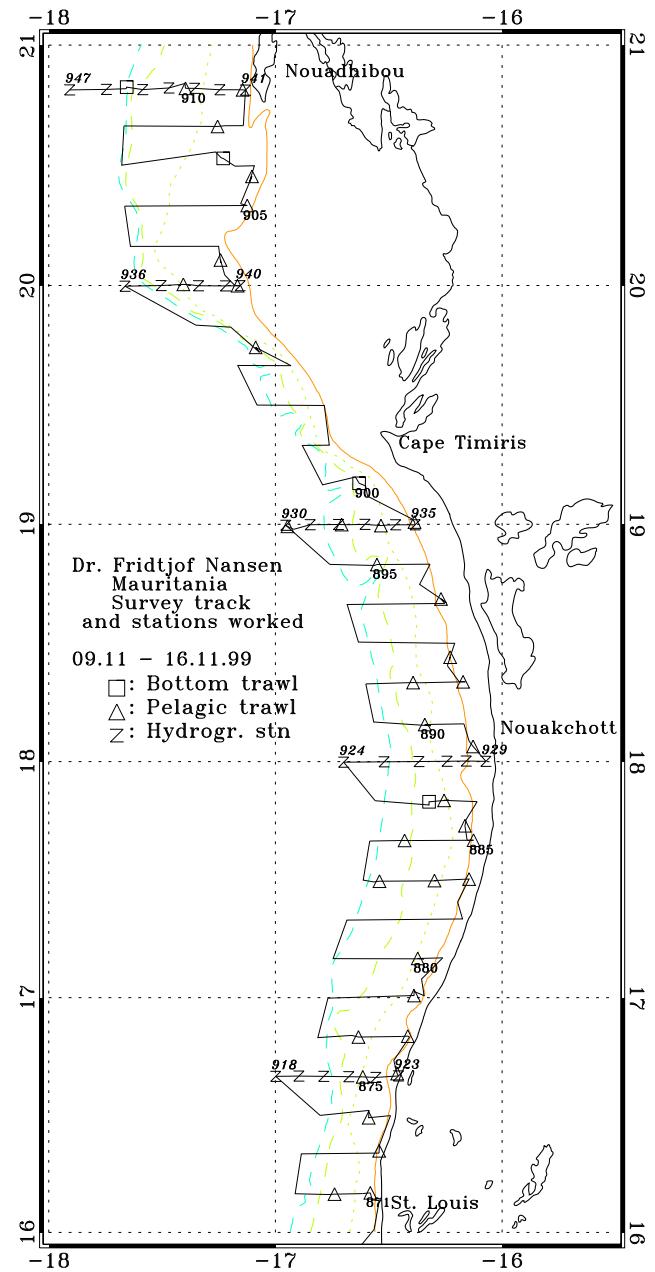


Figure 1. Course track and fishing and hydrographic stations.

## **CHAPTER 2 SURVEY RESULTS**

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### **2.1 Hydrography**

Figure 2 shows the distribution of temperature, salinity and oxygen in the five profiles and Figure 3 the sea surface temperature at 5 m of depth.

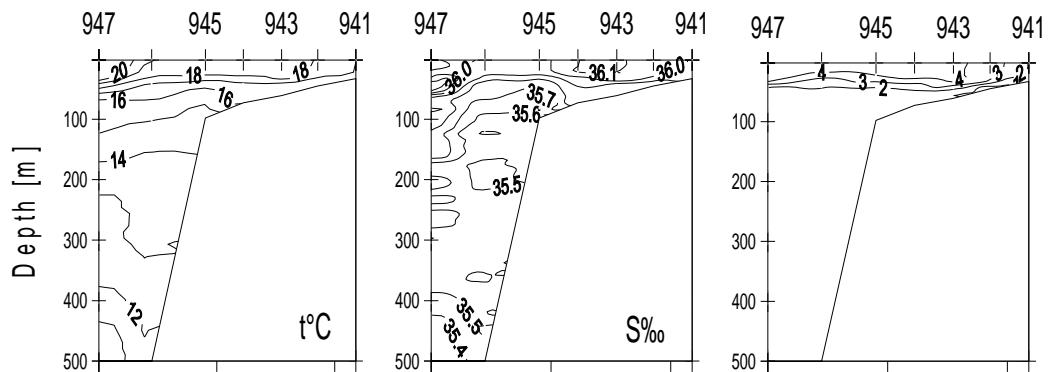
The distribution of surface temperature showed that over the shelf from St. Louis to Cape Timiris there was a decrease offshore from 25 °C to 22 °C. Near the coast, the temperature was stable all along the coast at around 19-21 °C. Off shore, however, there was in general 2-4 °C higher temperatures than inshore. The surface temperature was in general somewhat lower this year than in 1998.

All hydrographic profiles showed a sharp cline at around 50 m, except the northernmost transect off Cape Blanc, which had colder, denser water and a more mixed profile.

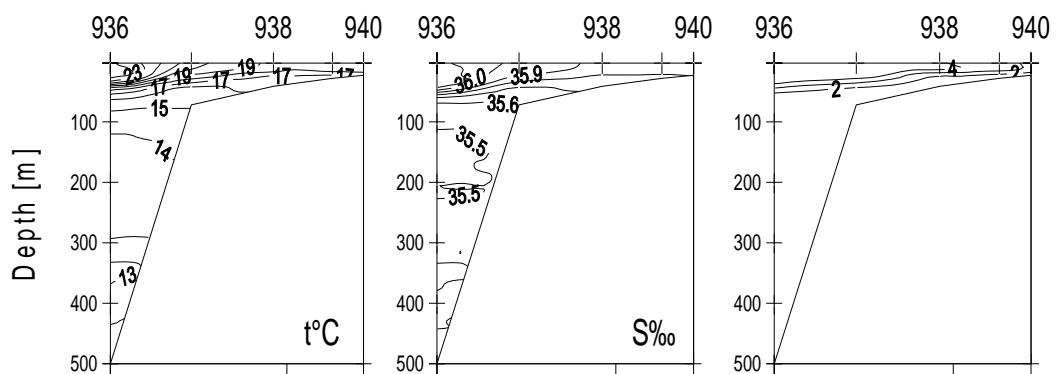
### **2.2 Pelagic fish on the shelf from St. Louis to Cape Timiris**

Figures 4, 5 and 6 show the distribution of the main groups of pelagic fish by contoured acoustic densities for the whole shelf of Mauritania.

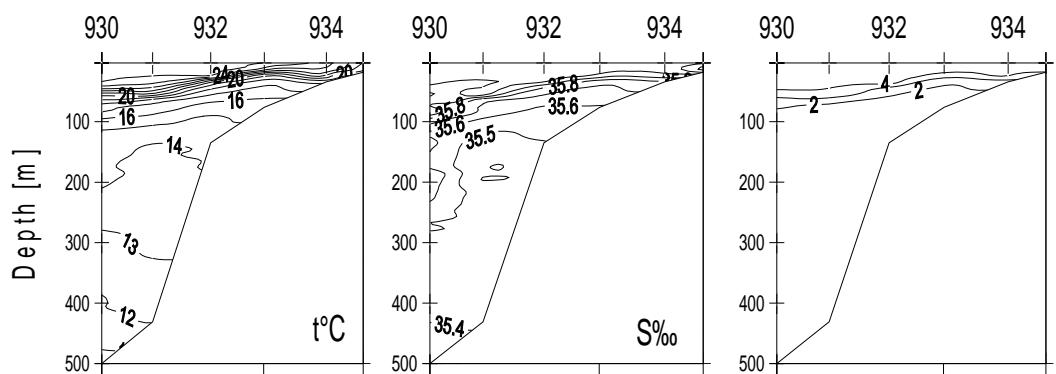
Sardinellas were found over the inner shelf in a nearly continuous belt along the coast from about 16°40'N to some 10 NM north of Nouakchott, see Figure 4. Particularly dense school areas were located at about 16°50' N and between 17°00' N and 17°10' N. In addition, more offshore aggregations were found between 17°50' N - about 18°00' N. However, the area distribution of sardinellas this year was much smaller than compared to 1998.



**CAPE BLANC 16.11 1999**

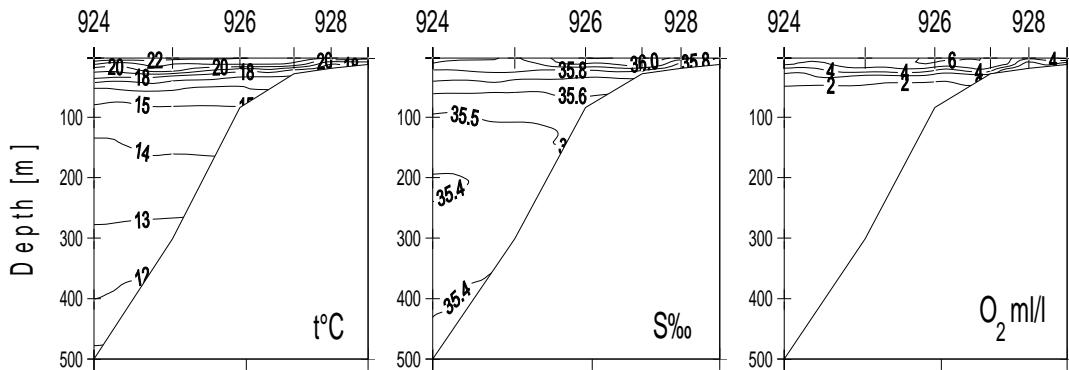


**20°00 N 15.11 1999**

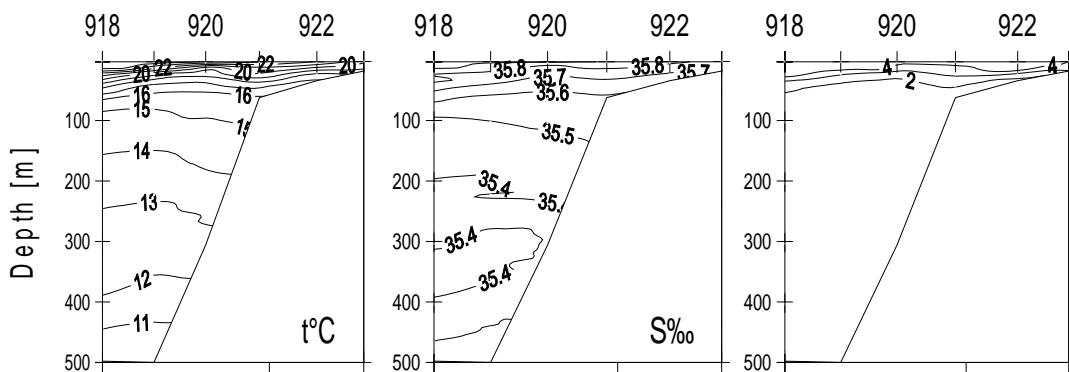


**19°00 N 14.11 1999**

Figure 2. Hydrographic profiles with distribution of temperature, salinity and oxygen.



**18°00' N 12.11 1999**



**16°40' N 10.11 1999**

Figure 2. continued.

The samples showed consistent large sizes of both sardinella species south of Cape Timiris with a modal length of 34 cm for round sardinella and 30 cm flat sardinella, see Annex III. The stock length compositions by numbers and weight are shown in Annex IV.

Table 1 gives the biomass estimates of sardinellas for this shelf based on their size composition in the area of sampling. The total estimate was 315 000 tonnes of which 67% was round and 33% flat sardinella.

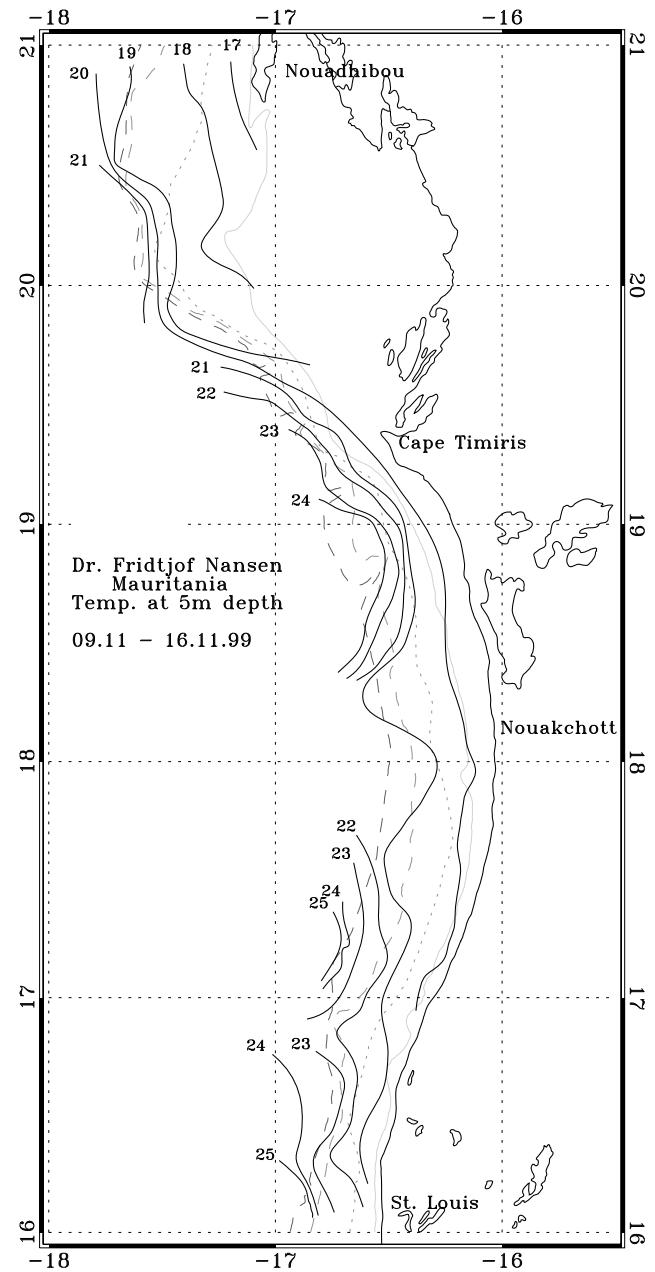


Figure 3. Sea surface temperature.

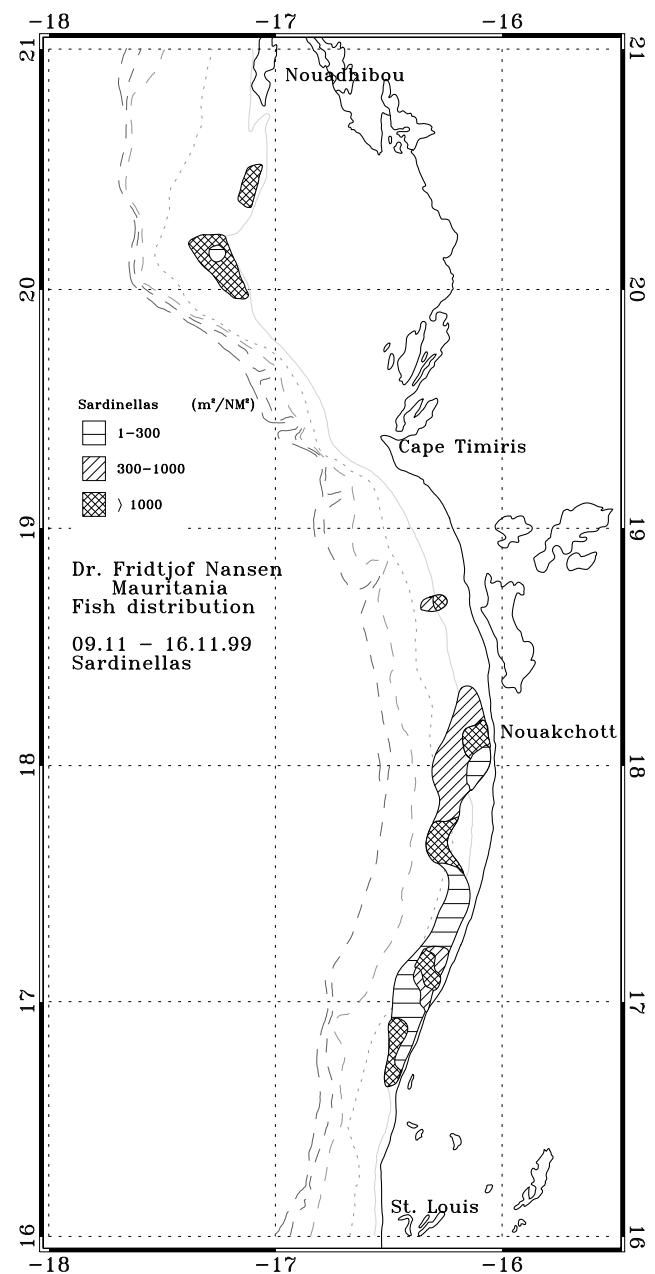


Figure 4. Distribution of sardinellas.

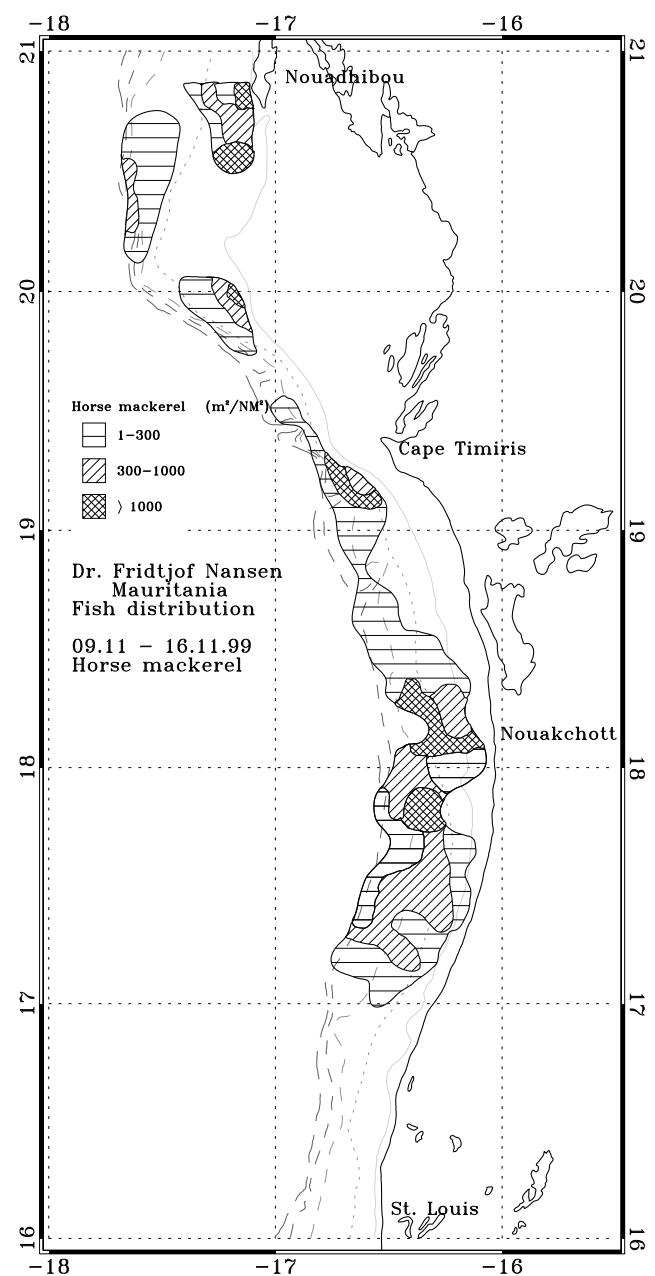


Figure 5. Distribution of horse mackerels.

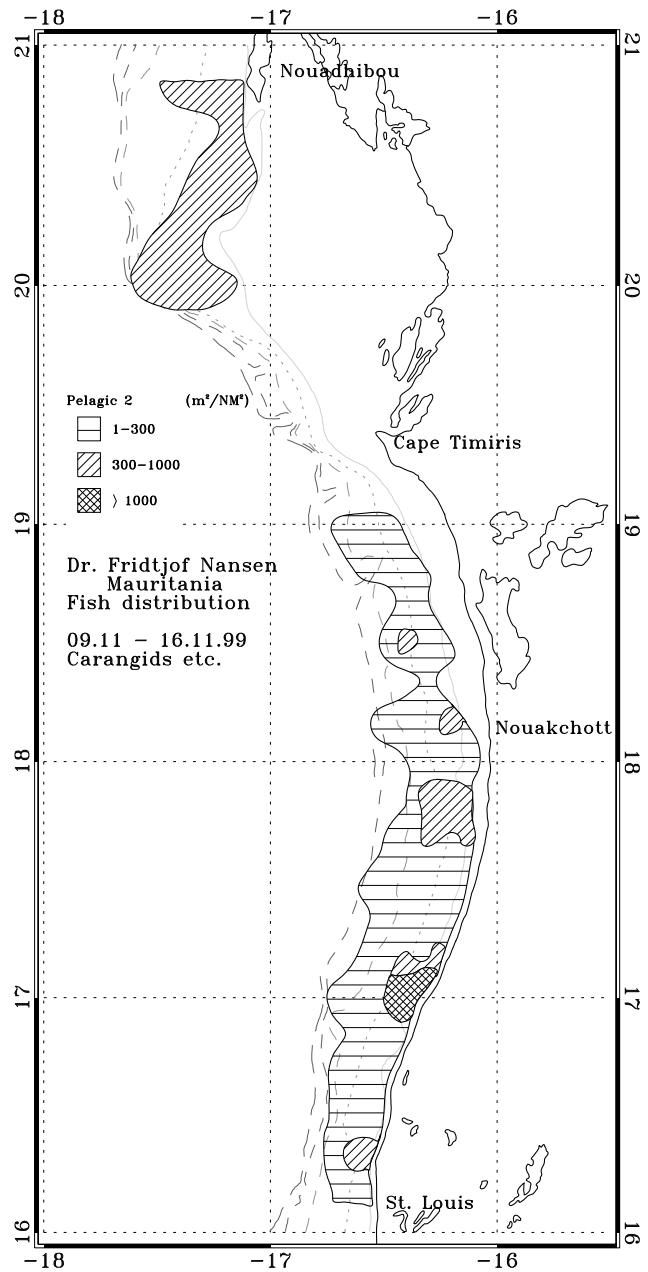


Figure 6. Distribution of carangids and associated species.

The distribution of horse mackerel is shown in Figure 5. Horse mackerel occurred in one large concentration between 17°00'N - 19°30'N. The aggregations were found as a continuous belt from inshore to about 30 NM offshore. The biomass was estimated at 238 000 tonnes. A mixture

of false scad, *Decapterus* sp. and Cunene horse mackerel, *Trachurus trecae*, was recorded and the biomass of false scad dominated by 60%. The modal lengths observed of Cunene horse mackerel was 12 cm while for false scad it was 34 cm, see Annex III. The stock length compositions by numbers and weight for the two species are shown in Annex IV.

Figure 6 shows the distribution of the mixed group which took the form of a continuous belt from St. Louis to about 19°00'N. The total biomass was estimated at 181 000 tonnes. The samples from the distributional areas consisted of Atlantic bumper, *Chloroscombrus chrysurus*, hairtail, *Trichiurus lepturus*, African look down *Selene dorsalis*, West African Spanish mackerel, *Scomberomorus tritor*, pompano, *Trachinotus* spp. with small amounts of chub mackerel, *Scomber japonicus* and barracudas, *Sphyraena* spp.

Table 1. St. Louis to Cape Timiris. Biomass estimates of pelagic fish, 1 000 tonnes.

Flat sardinella	Round sardinella	Horse mackerels	Carangids etc.
105	210	238	181

### 2.3 Pelagic fish on the shelf from Cape Timiris to Cape Blanc

Two areas with dense schools of juvenile sardinellas were recorded, Figure 4, at about 20°00'N-20°15'N and at about 20°20'N to 20°30'N. Both round and flat sardinella were present, with modal lengths of 13 and 10 cm respectively, see Annex III. The stock length compositions by numbers and weight for the two species are shown in Annex IV.

The main distribution area of juvenile sardinellas in this area is thought to lie in shallow inshore waters, which could not be covered by the survey. The patches which were surveyed therefore only represent incidental unknown parts of the total abundance of the juvenile stocks. However, the biomass of the sardinella covered by the vessel was estimated to some 427 000 tonnes. The round sardinella dominated in the catches by some 80%.

Horse mackerels were recorded in three smaller areas at the outer parts of the shelf, Figure 5. The aggregations which were rather sparse consisted of smaller Cunene horse mackerel. The total biomass was estimated at 60 000 tonnes. The samples show a modal length was 13 cm, see Annex III. The stock length compositions by numbers and weight is shown in Annex IV.

One area with varying densities of anchovy were recorded, Figure 7, from about 20°00'N to about 20°30'N. The anchovy was often mixed with juvenile sardinellas and carangids. Also for anchovy, the main distributional in this area is thought to lie in shallow inshore waters,

which could not be covered by the survey. The estimate of 100 000 tonnes is therefore thought to be an underestimate and should not be used for assessment purpose. The modal length of the anchovy was 8 cm.

The carangids and associated species were found in one main concentration in this area, from about 20°00'N to Cape Blanc, see Figure 6.

The catches of this group consisted mainly of largehead hairtail, *Trichiurus lepturus*. The biomass was estimated at 82 000 tonnes.

Large concentrations of fishing vessels were encountered in this area dominated by juvenile fish populations.

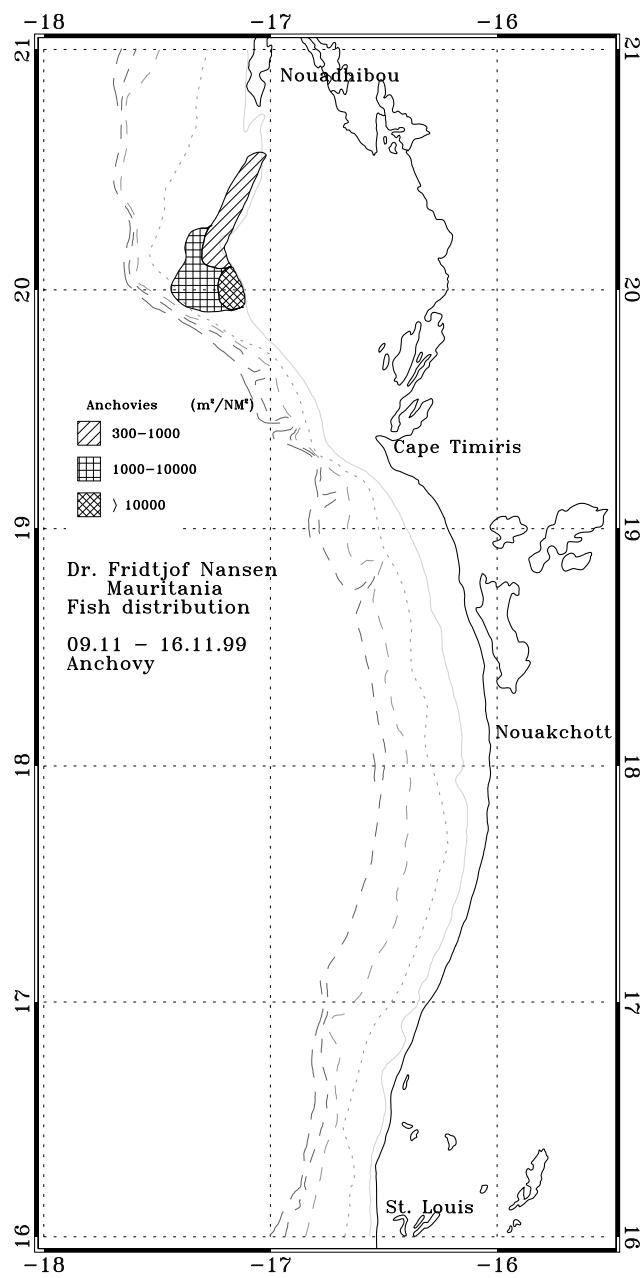


Figure 7. Distribution of anchovy. Cape Timiris - Cape Blanc.

## CHAPTER 3    OVERVIEW AND SUMMARY OF RESULTS

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The survey was conducted successfully in the period 9 to 18 November with a course track of 1 200 NM and 41 fishing stations, Figure 1.

The hydrographical data showed lowered surface temperatures inshore between St. Louis and Cape Timiris with upward slanting isotherms shorewards from about 50 m depth.

Mainly adult sardinella were found in high density between St. Louis and Cape Timiris, while juveniles were found in the area between Cape Timiris and Cape Blanc, Figure 4. This year smaller Horse mackerels dominated and were found in medium density in one main area extending from about 17°00'N to Cape Timiris, Figure 5. Carangids (not including horse mackerels) and associated species occurred in low densities all along the shelf, with patches of high-density areas, Figure 6.

The total biomass of sardinella was estimated at 742 000 tonnes consisting of 25% flat and 75% round sardinella. Nearly 60% of this biomass is juveniles. The total biomass of horse mackerel was estimated at 296 000 tonnes and that of the carangids and associated species at 263 000 tonnes, see Table 2.

Table 2 Summary of biomass estimates of pelagic fish, Mauritania. 1 000 tonnes.

	Flat sardinella	Round sardinella	Horse mackerel	Carangids etc.
St. Louis-Cape Timiris	105	210	238	181
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc	78	349	58	82
Total	183	559	296	263

Table 3 lists biomass estimates of sardinella and carangids and associated species from all 'Dr. Fridtjof Nansen' surveys of this shelf region. Compared with the surveys from the same season: NovDec/86, NovDec/95, NovDec/96 and NovDec/97, the estimate of 742 000 tonnes of sardinella from the current survey is the lowest on record and follow a decreasing trend since 1995. The carangid estimate of 559 000 tonnes is at the same level as earlier years. The low estimate of sardinellas may be explained by the large quantities found in Senegal and the Gambia this year. However, the status of the stock cannot be assessed before the whole region is covered.

Table 3 Biomass estimates from previous 'Dr Fridtjof Nansen' surveys of the Mauritanian shelf. 1 000 tonnes.

Survey:	Sardinellas	Carangids etc.* <sub>1</sub>
AprMay-81	20	370
Sept -81	75	* <sub>2</sub>
FebMar-82	50	470
NovDec-86	300	540
FebMar-92	1970	190
NovDec-95	1780	190
NovDec-96	1405	400
NovDec-97	1200	660
NovDec-98	1125	543
NocDec-99	742	559

1. Including the horse mackerels.
2. Not available.

## References

Toresen, R., Gjøsæter, H., and Barros, P. 1998 The acoustic method as used in the abundance estimation of capelin (*Mallotus villosus* Müller) and herring (*Clupea harengus* Linné) in the Barents Sea. *Fisheries Research* 34 (1998) 27-37.

## Annex I      Records of fishing stations

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 DATE:10/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	PROJECT STATION: 871 POSITION:Lat N 1610 start stop duration TIME :02:35:02 03:11:52 37 (min) LOG :4192.5 4194.45 2.07 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 29 42 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	Trachurus trecae 6.60 38 2.24 1729 Decapterus rhonchus 5.04 16 1.71 1728 Pomadasys incisus 2.56 12 0.87 Pomadasys rogeri 1.80 2 0.61 Sardinella maderensis 1.80 8 0.61 Trichurus lepturus 1.24 2 0.42 Lithognathus mormyrus 0.96 2 0.33 Scomber japonicus 0.36 2 0.12 Echeneis naucrates 0.08 2 0.03
Sorted: 39 Kg	Total catch: 97.62 CATCH/HOUR: 158.30	Total 294.80 99.99
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 875 DATE:10/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1640 start stop duration TIME :19:39:32 20:10:10 31 (min) LOG :4318.14 4319.85 1.67 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 48 43 Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 140 m Speed: 30 kn*10
Trachurus, Juveniles Brachydeuterus auritus Trichurus lepturus Stromateus fiatola Sardinella maderensis Trachurus trecae Sardinella aurita Selene dorsalis Decapterus rhonchus Loligo vulgaris Sphyraena guachancho Chloroscombrus chrysurus Scomber japonicus Engraulis encrasicolus Lagocephalus laevigatus Sepia orbigniana Boops boops Chlorophthalmus atlanticus	weight numbers 71.71 10270 45.30 1724 55.17 525 34.85 7.91 62 5.00 5.25 10 3.32 4.35 16 2.75 3.79 29 2.39 3.22 54 2.03 1.56 5 0.99 1.30 10 0.82 1.14 5 0.72 0.88 10 0.56 0.78 5 0.49 0.78 5 0.49 0.19 39 0.12 0.19 2 0.12 0.06 5 0.04 0.03 5 0.02 0.02 5 0.01	Sorted: 29 Kg Total catch: 58.66 CATCH/HOUR: 113.54
Total 158.32 100.02		SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 DATE:10/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 start stop duration TIME :04:26:07 05:00:38 35 (min) LOG :4201.68 4203.36 1.66 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 86 92 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT STATION: 872 POSITION:Lat N 1610 weight numbers 71.71 10270 45.30 1724 55.17 525 34.85 7.91 62 5.00 5.25 10 3.32 4.35 16 2.75 3.79 29 2.39 3.22 54 2.03 1.56 5 0.99 1.30 10 0.82 1.14 5 0.72 0.88 10 0.56 0.78 5 0.49 0.78 5 0.49 0.19 39 0.12 0.19 2 0.12 0.06 5 0.04 0.03 5 0.02 0.02 5 0.01	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 875 DATE:10/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 1640 start stop duration TIME :19:39:32 20:10:10 31 (min) LOG :4318.14 4319.85 1.67 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 48 43 Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 140 m Speed: 30 kn*10
Sorted: 7 Kg Total catch: 6.50 CATCH/HOUR: 11.14		Sorted: 29 Kg Total catch: 58.66 CATCH/HOUR: 113.54
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP
Engraulis encrasicolus Trichurus lepturus Illex coindetii Ariomma bondi Selene dorsalis MYCTOPHIDAE Sepia officinalis hierredda	weight numbers 6.99 3117 62.75 2.71 5 24.33 1.03 309 9.25 0.21 5 1.89 0.10 15 0.90 0.05 15 0.45 0.05 15 0.45	weight numbers 58.06 1970 51.14 1730 Trachinus ovatus 15.56 50 13.70 Todarodes sagittatus 10.06 27 8.86 Auxis thazard 7.20 4 6.34 Lagocephalus laevigatus 4.10 35 3.61 Loligo vulgaris 4.10 58 3.61 Sardinella aurita 2.86 66 2.52 Trichurus lepturus 2.55 27 2.25 Campogramma glaycos 2.01 4 1.77 Sepia bertheloti 1.94 4 1.71 Sepia officinalis hierredda 1.24 4 1.09 Chlorophthalmus atlanticus 1.01 1548 0.89 Scomber scombrus 1.01 12 0.89 Boops boops 0.93 70 0.82 Allotremus africana 0.85 387 0.75 Pagellus bellottii 0.04 4 0.04
Total 11.14 100.02		Total 113.52 99.99
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 DATE:10/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 start stop duration TIME :04:26:07 05:00:38 35 (min) LOG :4201.68 4203.36 1.66 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 86 92 Validity code: Towing dir: 10° Wire out: 160 m Speed: 35 kn*10	PROJECT STATION: 872 POSITION:Lat N 1610 weight numbers 6.99 3117 62.75 2.71 5 24.33 1.03 309 9.25 0.21 5 1.89 0.10 15 0.90 0.05 15 0.45 0.05 15 0.45	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 876 DATE:10/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 1641 start stop duration TIME :22:03:25 22:18:18 15 (min) LOG :4328.88 4329.72 0.82 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 19 20 Validity code: Towing dir: 348° Wire out: 80 m Speed: 30 kn*10
Sorted: 58 Kg Total catch: 292.25 CATCH/HOUR: 604.66		Sorted: 59 Kg Total catch: 149.20 CATCH/HOUR: 596.80
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP	SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP
Trichurus lepturus Chloroscombrus chrysurus Brachydeuterus auritus Selene dorsalis Pomadasys rogeri Ilisha africana Arius heudeloti Drepane africana Rhinoptera marginata Sardinella maderensis Trachurus trecae Decapterus rhonchus Pteroscion pell Pomadasys jubelini Galeoides decadactylus Alectis alexandrinus Parapenaeus longirostris Sardinella aurita	weight numbers 218.90 3776 36.20 1728 93.10 941 15.40 72.41 921 11.98 57.93 1324 9.58 43.45 166 7.19 28.14 331 4.65 27.93 10 4.62 17.17 10 2.84 12.41 10 2.05 11.59 83 1.92 6.62 248 1.09 5.38 31 0.89 5.17 10 0.86 4.14 10 0.68 3.52 21 0.58 0.62 21 0.10 0.62 10 0.10 0.21 31 0.03	weight numbers 345.80 1820 57.94 1731 Brachydeuterus auritus 61.20 1800 10.25 Decapterus rhonchus 47.80 220 8.01 1732 Trichurus lepturus 47.20 212 7.91 Selene dorsalis 41.80 1080 7.00 Sepia officinalis hierredda 11.20 20 1.88 Todarodes sagittatus 10.20 32 1.71 Ilisha africana 10.00 12 1.68 Rhinobatos rhinobatos 9.20 12 1.54 Arius heudeloti 5.20 20 0.87 Pteroscion peli 4.20 72 0.70 Lagocephalus laevigatus 4.00 20 0.67 Alectis alexandrinus 3.00 60 0.50 Stromateus fiatola 1.60 12 0.27 Chloroscombrus chrysurus 1.40 12 0.23 Parapenaeus longirostris 0.60 60 0.10 Trachurus trecae 0.40 32 0.07 Sardinella maderensis 0.40 28 0.07 Galeoides decadactylus 0.20 12 0.03
Total 609.31 100.76		Total 605.40 101.43
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 DATE:10/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 start stop duration TIME :12:17:58 12:47:42 30 (min) LOG :4262.93 4264.83 1.87 FDEPTH: 5 5 BDEPTH: 32 33 Validity code: Towing dir: 360° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn*10	PROJECT STATION: 874 POSITION:Lat N 1629 weight numbers 218.90 3776 36.20 1728 93.10 941 15.40 72.41 921 11.98 57.93 1324 9.58 43.45 166 7.19 28.14 331 4.65 27.93 10 4.62 17.17 10 2.84 12.41 10 2.05 11.59 83 1.92 6.62 248 1.09 5.38 31 0.89 5.17 10 0.86 4.14 10 0.68 3.52 21 0.58 0.62 21 0.10 0.62 10 0.10 0.21 31 0.03	Sorted: Kg Total catch: 147.40 CATCH/HOUR: 294.80
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP	
Loligo vulgaris Pomadasys jubelini Alectis alexandrinus Trachinotus ovatus Lagocephalus laevigatus Stromateus fiatola Chloroscombrus chrysurus	weight numbers 72.32 214 24.53 51.72 150 17.54 50.80 56 17.23 49.00 176 16.62 35.12 32 11.91 8.08 10 2.74 7.32 38 2.48	

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN		PROJECT:W3		PROJECT STATION: 877		Sardinella aurita		31.70		91		13.62		1781		
DATE:11/11/99		GEAR TYPE: PT No:7		POSITION:Lat N 1650		Brachydeuterus auritus		17.71		236		7.61				
start stop duration		30 (min)		Purpose code: 1		Mugil cephalus		8.94		4		3.84				
TIME :23:44:25		00:14:43		30 (min)		Area code : 2		Sardinella maderensis		4.39		12		1.89		
LOG :4340.35		4342.00		1.64		Stromateus fiatola		4.22		4		1.81				
FDEPTH: 5		5		GearCond.code:		Lagocephalus laevigatus		2.90		8		1.25				
BDEPTH: 21		23		Validity code: 1		Loligo vulgaris		2.40		8		1.03				
Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 75 m Speed: 35 kn*10								Opis officinalis hierredda		1.16		4		0.50		
Sorted: 34 Kg		Total catch: 286.18		CATCH/HOUR: 572.36		Dasysurus margarita		0.99		4		0.43				
SPECIES																
Sardinella maderensis		CATCH/HOUR		% OF TOT. C		SAMP		Boops boops		0.99		62		0.43		
weight		numbers						Pomadasys rogeri		0.83		4		0.36		
Brachydeuterus auritus		244.80		1040		42.77		Selene dorsalis		0.66		4		0.28		
Sardinella aurita		106.56		2896		18.62		Sphyraena sphyraena		0.41		8		0.18		
Selene dorsalis		78.50		256		13.64		Pseudupeneus prayensis		0.04		4		0.02		
Decapterus rhonchus		60.16		1616		10.51		Total		232.76		100.02				
Arius heudelotii		24.00		96		4.19										
Alectis alexandrinus		12.40		22		2.33										
Sepia officinalis hierredda		8.72		24		1.52										
Trichirius lepturus		8.32		304		1.45										
Ilisha africana		3.52		256		0.61										
Galeocetes decadactylus		3.52		80		0.61										
Sparus caeruleostictus *		2.88		16		0.50										
Stromateus fiatola		2.56		16		0.45										
Sphyraena guachancho		2.24		112		0.39										
Engraulis encrasicolus		1.28		32		0.22										
Total		572.36		99.98												
SPECIES																
Sardinella maderensis		CATCH/HOUR		% OF TOT. C		SAMP		Trachurus trecae		900.00		54600		91.52		
weight		numbers						Sepia officinalis hierredda		40.20		90		4.09		
Brachydeuterus auritus		244.80		1040		42.77		Trichiurus lepturus		40.20		90		4.09		
Selene dorsalis		106.56		2896		18.62		Sphoeroides spengleri		3.00		30		0.31		
Decapterus rhonchus		60.16		1616		10.51		Total		983.40		100.01				
Arius heudelotii		24.00		96		4.19										
Alectis alexandrinus		12.40		22		2.33										
Sepia officinalis hierredda		8.72		24		1.52										
Trichirius lepturus		8.32		304		1.45										
Ilisha africana		3.52		256		0.61										
Galeocetes decadactylus		3.52		80		0.61										
Sparus caeruleostictus *		2.88		16		0.50										
Stromateus fiatola		2.56		16		0.45										
Sphyraena guachancho		2.24		112		0.39										
Engraulis encrasicolus		1.28		32		0.22										
Total		572.36		99.98												
SPECIES																
Sardinella maderensis		CATCH/HOUR		% OF TOT. C		SAMP	Trachurus trecae		148.60		9970		56.24		1785	
weight		numbers					Sepia officinalis hierredda		103.52		142		39.18			
Brachydeuterus auritus		244.80		1040		42.77		Trichiurus lepturus		5.64		20		2.13		
Selene dorsalis		106.56		2896		18.62		Arius heudelotii		5.04		4		1.91		
Decapterus rhonchus		60.16		1616		10.51		Sphoeroides spengleri		0.70		170		0.26		
Arius heudelotii		24.00		96		4.19		Chlorophthalmus atlanticus		0.40		624		0.15		
Alectis alexandrinus		12.40		22		2.33		Loligo vulgaris		0.28		2		0.11		
Sepia officinalis hierredda		8.72		24		1.52		SEPIIIDAE		0.06		54		0.02		
Trichirius lepturus		8.32		304		1.45		Total		264.24		100.00				
SPECIES																
Sardinella maderensis		CATCH/HOUR		% OF TOT. C		SAMP	Trachurus trecae		148.60		9970		56.24		1785	
weight		numbers					Sepia officinalis hierredda		103.52		142		39.18			
Brachydeuterus auritus		244.80		1040		42.77		Trichiurus lepturus								

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 885	TIME : 22:47:29	22:47:59	28 (min)	Purpose code: 1		
DATE:12/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat N 1740	LOG : 4693.01	4694.55	1.50	Area code : 2		
	start stop duration	Long W 1608	FDEPTH: 10	10		GearCond.code:		
TIME : 05:04:54	05:55:53	29 (min)	BDEPTH: 58	50		Validity code:		
LOG : 4567.44	4569.07	1.62	Towing dir: 100°	Wire out: 135 m	Speed: 30 kn*10			
PDEPTH: 5	5							
BDEPTH: 17	23							
Towing dir: 270°	Wire out: 80 m	Speed: 30 kn*10						
Sorted: 31 Kg	Total catch: 126.40	CATCH/HOUR: 261.52	SPECIES			CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
			weight numbers			weight numbers		
SPECIES			Trachurus trecae	211.29	1111	55.16	1790	
Decapterus rhonchus	141.19	935	JELLYOO	148.50	589	38.77		
Brachydeuterus auritus	46.34	389	Sepia officinalis hierredda	12.51	30	3.27		
Trachurus trecae	23.17	910	Arius heudeleti	4.71	2	1.23		
Lagocephalus laevigatus	11.75	8	Mugil capurri	2.36	2	0.62		
Sardinella aurita	8.44	25	Chlorophthalmus atlanticus	1.29	321	0.34		
Benthosema sp.	7.94	9	Sphoeroides spengleri	0.86	21	0.22		
Loligo vulgaris	7.12	33	CYRIRDIA	0.54	21	0.14		
Sepia officinalis hierredda	6.28	41	Loligo vulgaris	0.47	4	0.12		
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	3.48	17	Boops boops	0.43	75	0.11		
Boops boops	3.31	207	Sepia bertheloti	0.11	32	0.03		
Pagellus bellottii	2.48	8	Total	383.07		100.01		
Total	261.51	100.01						
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 886	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 891			
DATE:12/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat N 1744	TIME : 03:22:53	04:14:23	30 (min)	Purpose code: 1		
	start stop duration	Long W 1610	LOG : 4732.31	4733.98	1.64	Area code : 2		
TIME : 06:45:56	06:46:24	28 (min)	GearCond.code:			GearCond.code:		
LOG : 4573.15	4574.75	1.58	BDEPTH: 5	5		Validity code:		
PDEPTH: 5	5		Towing dir: 90°	Wire out: 160 m	Speed: 38 kn*10			
BDEPTH: 24	26							
Towing dir: 15°	Wire out: 80 m	Speed: 30 kn*10	Sorted: 43 Kg	Total catch: 2491.48	CATCH/HOUR: 4982.96			
Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 16.28	CATCH/HOUR: 34.89	SPECIES			CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
			weight numbers			weight numbers		
SPECIES			Trachurus trecae	4932.20	254020	98.98	1791	
Lagocephalus laevigatus	25.11	17	Sardinella aurita - Juveniles	33.80	1170	0.68		
Chloroscombrus chrysurus	8.70	43	Sphoeroides spengleri	7.80	260	0.16		
Sardinella aurita	1.07	11	Sardinella aurita	4.84	12	0.10		
Total	34.88	99.98	Arius heudeleti	3.32	2	0.07		
			Loligo vulgaris	1.00	4	0.02		
Total			Total	4982.96		100.01		
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 887	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 892			
DATE:12/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 1750	TIME : 06:12:37	07:32:16	18 (min)	Purpose code: 1		
	start stop duration	Long W 1615	LOG : 4590.27	4591.54	1.22	Area code : 2		
TIME : 09:17:12	09:17:34	22 (min)	GearCond.code:			GearCond.code:		
LOG : 4590.27	4591.54	1.22	BDEPTH: 5	5		Validity code:		
PDEPTH: 10	10		Towing dir: 270°	Wire out: 80 m	Speed: 30 kn*10			
BDEPTH: 62	44							
Towing dir: 90°	Wire out: 135 m	Speed: 30 kn*10	Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 20.85	CATCH/HOUR: 65.84			
Sorted: Kg	Total catch: CATCH/HOUR:		SPECIES			CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
			weight numbers			weight numbers		
SPECIES			Decapterus rhonchus	47.43	805	72.04	1792	
N O C A T C H		0.00	Dentex canariensis	15.09	16	22.92		
			Trachurus trecae	2.46	41	3.74		
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 888	Pomadasys incisus	0.51	3	0.77		
DATE:12/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2	POSITION:Lat N 1750	Sardinella aurita	0.32	6	0.49		
	start stop duration	Long W 1619	Loligo vulgaris	0.03	3	0.05		
TIME : 10:58:11	10:59:14	16 (min)	Purpose code: 1					
LOG : 4604.26	4605.08	0.81	Area code : 2					
PDEPTH: 77	77		GearCond.code:					
BDEPTH: 77	77		BDEPTH: 17	18		Validity code:		
Towing dir: 180°	Wire out: 380 m	Speed: 30 kn*10	Towing dir: 270°	Wire out: 80 m	Speed: 30 kn*10			
Sorted: 123 Kg	Total catch: 4318.46	CATCH/HOUR: 16194.23	Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 0.14	CATCH/HOUR: 0.84			
SPECIES			SPECIES			CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
			weight numbers			weight numbers		
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 888	Decapterus rhonchus	47.43	805	72.04	1792	
DATE:12/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2	POSITION:Lat N 1750	Dentex canariensis	15.09	16	22.92		
	start stop duration	Long W 1619	Trachurus trecae	2.46	41	3.74		
TIME : 10:58:11	10:59:14	16 (min)	Pomadasys incisus	0.51	3	0.77		
LOG : 4604.26	4605.08	0.81	Sardinella aurita	0.32	6	0.49		
PDEPTH: 77	77		Loligo vulgaris	0.03	3	0.05		
BDEPTH: 77	77		Total	65.84		100.01		
Towing dir: 180°	Wire out: 380 m	Speed: 30 kn*10						
Sorted: 123 Kg	Total catch: 4318.46	CATCH/HOUR: 16194.23	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 893			
			DATE:13/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat N 1820			
				start stop duration	Long W 1610			
			TIME : 06:12:37	07:32:16	18 (min)	Purpose code: 1		
			LOG : 4746.49	4747.48	0.98	Area code : 2		
			GearCond.code:			GearCond.code:		
			BDEPTH: 5	5		Validity code:		
			Towing dir: 270°	Wire out: 80 m	Speed: 30 kn*10			
			Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 0.14	CATCH/HOUR: 0.84			
SPECIES			SPECIES			CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
			weight numbers			weight numbers		
Trachurus trecae	11653.13	486521	71.96	1787				
Dentex canariensis	1108.54	2318	6.85					
Pagellus bellottii	1096.95	3090	6.77					
Dentex macrophthalmus	575.51	4635	3.55					
Scarus auricularis	258.79	581	1.60					
Scorpaena stephanica	208.58	968	1.29					
Boops boops	181.54	1354	1.12					
Dentex maroccanus	173.81	3476	1.07					
Muraena leucotis	135.81	1577	0.93					
Plectorhinchus mediterraneus	122.70	150	0.76					
Zeus faber	115.88	386	0.72					
Parapristipoma octolineatum	112.01	195	0.69					
Pagellus acarne	54.08	968	0.33					
Dicologlossa cuneata	30.90	195	0.19					
Sardinella aurita	23.18	581	0.14					
Sepia officinalis hierredda	21.90	23	0.14					
Sparus auriga *	5.78	4	0.04					
Octopus vulgaris	4.80	8	0.03					
Total	15883.27	98.08	Total	0.84		100.00		
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 889	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 894			
DATE:13/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat N 1841	TIME : 07:57:04	08:07:18	10 (min)	Purpose code: 1		
	start stop duration	Long W 1616	LOG : 4755.66	4756.20	0.53	Area code : 2		
			GearCond.code:			GearCond.code:		
			BDEPTH: 5	5		Validity code:		
			Towing dir: 200°	Wire out: 80 m	Speed: 30 kn*10			
			Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 0.14	CATCH/HOUR: 0.84			
SPECIES			SPECIES			CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
			weight numbers			weight numbers		
Trachurus trecae	11653.13	486521	71.96	1787				
Dentex canariensis	1108.54	2318	6.85					
Pagellus bellottii	1096.95	3090	6.77					
Dentex macrophthalmus	575.51	4635	3.55					
Scarus auricularis	258.79	581	1.60					
Scorpaena stephanica	208.58	968	1.29					
Boops boops	181.54	1354	1.12					
Dentex maroccanus	173.81	3476	1.07					
Muraena leucotis	135.81	1577	0.93					
Plectorhinchus mediterraneus	122.70	150	0.76					
Zeus faber	115.88	386	0.72					
Parapristipoma octolineatum	112.01	195	0.69					
Pagellus acarne	54.08	968	0.33					
Dicologlossa cuneata	30.90	195	0.19					
Sardinella aurita	23.18	581	0.14					
Sepia officinalis hierredda	21.90	23	0.14					
Sparus auriga *	5.78	4	0.04					
Octopus vulgaris	4.80	8	0.03					
Total	174.96	99.99	Total	236.16		99.92		
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 890	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 890			
DATE:12/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 1809	TIME : 15:44:09	16:14:09	30 (min)	Purpose code: 1		
	start stop duration	Long W 1620	LOG : 4823.64	4825.27	1.62	Area code : 2		
			GearCond.code:			GearCond.code:		
			BDEPTH: 10	10		Validity code:		
			Towing dir: 127°	Wire out: 75 m	Speed: 35 kn*10			
			Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 118.18	CATCH/HOUR: 236.36			
SPECIES			SPECIES			CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
			weight numbers			weight numbers		
Decapterus rhonchus	86.04	990	49.18	1789				
Sardinella aurita	60.00	342	34.29	1788				
Sardinella maderensis	9.00	24	5.14					
Trachurus trecae	8.40	132	4.80					
Sepia officinalis hierredda	4.16	6	2.38					
Pomadasys rogeri	3.40	4	1.94					
Scomber japonicus	2.28	18	1.00					
Diplodus sargus *	0.68	6	0.34					
Sphyraena guachancho	0.60	6	0.34					
Pseudupeneus prayensis	0.24	6	0.14					
Penaeus notialis	0.12	6	0.07					
Penaeus kerathurus	0.12	6	0.07					
Total	174.96	99.99						

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 895	Dentex macrophthalmus	20.12	1535	0.59	
DATE:13/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 1850	Dolapteneus rhonchus	17.54	28	0.52	1798
start stop duration		Long W 1633	Loligo vulgaris	14.40	32	0.42	
TIME :19:30:00	19:53:38	24 (min)	Purpose code: 1	5.93	16	0.17	
LOG :4853.10	4854.37	0.69	Area code : 2	5.58	2	0.16	
FDEPTH: 10	10	GearCond.code:	Sepia officinalis hierredda	5.29	53	0.16	
BDEPTH: 282	118	Validity code:	Brotula barbata	5.29	424	0.16	
Towing dir: 280°	Wire out: 130 m	Speed: 30 kn*10	Dicologoglossa cuneata	3.88	4	0.11	
Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 31.86	CATCH/HOUR: 79.65	Zeus faber	3.18	265	0.09	
			Engraulis encrasiculus				
			Total	3390.03	99.98		
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP				
	weight numbers						
Trichiurus lepturus	78.20	2925	98.18				
Trachurus trecae	1.45	63	1.82				
Total	79.65	100.00					
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 896	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 901		
DATE:14/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 1859	start stop duration	start stop duration	POSITION:Lat N 1944		
start stop duration		Long W 1657	TIME :20:10:07	20:39:53	30 (min)	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :23:35:43	00:05:35	30 (min)	LOG :5029.05	5030.64	1.56	Area code : 2	
LOG :4882.10	4883.83	1.70	GearCond.code:	5	5		
FDEPTH: 10	10	Validity code:	BDEPTH: 99	101			
BDEPTH: 943	809		Towing dir: 140°	Wire out: 130 m	Speed: 30 kn*10		
Towing dir: 90°	Wire out: 130 m	Speed: 35 kn*10	Sorted: 24 Kg	Total catch: 97.54	CATCH/HOUR: 195.08		
Sorted: 38 Kg	Total catch: 642.08	CATCH/HOUR: 1284.16					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP				
	weight numbers						
Katsuwonus pelamis	1127.32	282	87.79				
MYCTOPHIDAE	117.44	146800	9.15				
Brama brama	29.04	264	2.26				
DASYATIDAE	6.52	2	0.51				
Gemphylus serpens	3.44	108	0.27				
Cubiceps sp.	0.40	12	0.03				
Total	1284.16	100.01					
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 897	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP	
DATE:14/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 1900	start stop duration	start stop duration	POSITION:Lat N 1944		
start stop duration		Long W 1642	TIME :02:30:15	03:00:12	30 (min)	Purpose code: 1	
LOG :4897.00	4898.96	1.96	LOG :5086.60	5088.30	1.67	Area code : 2	
FDEPTH: 5	5	GearCond.code:	FDEPTH: 5	5			
BDEPTH: 127	114	Validity code:	BDEPTH: 47	45			
Towing dir: 90°	Wire out: 160 m	Speed: 36 kn*10	Towing dir: 90°	Wire out: 125 m	Speed: 35 kn*10		
Sorted: 43 Kg	Total catch: 42.89	CATCH/HOUR: 85.78	Sorted: 85 Kg	Total catch: 460.72	CATCH/HOUR: 921.44		
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP				
	weight numbers						
Sphyraena zygaena	42.00	2	48.96				
Trachurus trecae	35.20	2026	41.04	1795			
Engraulis encrasiculus	8.40	662	9.79				
NEMICHTHYIDAE	0.04	10	0.05				
Sardinella aurita	0.04	2	0.05				
Brama brama	0.04	4	0.05				
Cynoglossus sp.	0.02	2	0.02				
Katsuwonus pelamis	0.02	4	0.02				
Pteroscion peli	0.02	2	0.02				
Total	85.78	100.00	Total	921.44	100.01		
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 898	DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 903		
DATE:14/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 1900	start stop duration	start stop duration	POSITION:Lat N 2000		
start stop duration		Long W 1632	TIME :04:55:56	05:25:35	30 (min)	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :04:55:56	05:25:35	30 (min)	LOG :5102.72	5103.19	0.67	Area code : 2	
LOG :4907.22	4908.87	1.61	GearCond.code:	5	5		
FDEPTH: 5	5	Validity code:	BDEPTH: 24	24			
BDEPTH: 58	43		Towing dir: 290°	Wire out: 80 m	Speed: 30 kn*10		
Towing dir: 90°	Wire out: 160 m	Speed: 35 kn*10	Sorted: 19 Kg	Total catch: 468.20	CATCH/HOUR: 2341.00		
Sorted: 67 Kg	Total catch: 945.02	CATCH/HOUR: 1890.04	SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP	weight numbers			
	weight numbers						
Trachurus trecae	1181.04	80808	62.49	1796			
Auxis thazard	689.92	1540	36.50				
Sardinella aurita	13.44	532	0.71				
Mugil cephalus	3.92	2	0.21				
Sepia officinalis hierredda	1.12	28	0.06				
Remora remora	0.60	2	0.03				
Total	1890.04	100.00	Sardinella aurita	70.00	10450	2.99	1806
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 899	Mustelus mustelus	16.00	35	0.68	
DATE:14/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat	Turbot	15.00	2200	0.64	
start stop duration		Long	Pomadasys incisus	6.60	20	0.28	
TIME :04:55:56	05:25:35	30 (min)	Pomatomus saltatrix	5.80	5	0.25	
POMATOMUS			Sepia officinalis hierredda	2.50	5	0.11	
LOG :			Total	2330.80	99.56		
FDEPTH: 0	0	GearCond.code:					
BDEPTH: 77	87	Validity code:					
Towing dir: ø	Wire out:	m Speed: kn*10					
Sorted: 673 Kg	Total catch: 945.02	CATCH/HOUR: 1890.04					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP				
	weight numbers						
Auxis thazard	689.92	1540	36.50				
Mugil cephalus	3.92	2	0.21				
Sepia officinalis hierredda	1.12	28	0.06				
Remora remora	0.60	2	0.03				
Total	695.56	36.80					
DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN	PROJECT:W3	PROJECT STATION: 900					
DATE:14/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:2	POSITION:Lat					
start stop duration		Long					
TIME :09:38:09	10:12:26	34 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :4936.72	4938.58	1.82	Area code : 2				
FDEPTH: 77	87	GearCond.code:					
BDEPTH: 77	87	Validity code:					
Towing dir: 310°	Wire out: 270 m	Speed: 30 kn*10					
Sorted: 63 Kg	Total catch: 1921.02	CATCH/HOUR: 3390.04					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP				
	weight numbers						
Trachurus trecae	2192.82	16793	64.68	1799			
Trichiurus lepturus	1060.94	2118	31.30				
Campagnuma glaycos	33.88	41	1.00				
Scorpaena stephanica	21.18	159	0.62				

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 904  
 DATE:15/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 2006  
 start stop duration Long W 1715

TIME :08:17:47 08:27:56 10 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG :5112.08 5112.76 0.64 Area code: 2  
 FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 24 24 Validity code: 1  
 Towing dir: 170° Wire out: 70 m Speed: 30 kn\*10  
 Sorted: 10 Kg Total catch: 1963.58 CATCH/HOUR: 11781.48

SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP  
 weight numbers  
*Sardinella aurita* 8110.08 362268 68.84 1807  
*Engraulis encrasicolus* 2649.60 493056 22.49 1808  
*Sardinella maderensis* 576.00 40320 4.89  
*Sardina pilchardus* 299.52 18432 2.54  
*Sepia officinalis* 72.26 56 0.51  
*Stromateus fiatola* 66.84 66 0.57  
*Sepia officinalis hierredda* 3.00 6 0.03  
*Mustelus mustelus* 2.28 6 0.02  
*Stromateus fiatola* 2.28 6 0.02  
*Pomadasys incisus* 1.80 6 0.02  
*Diplodus vulgaris* 0.96 6 0.01  
 Total 11784.36 100.04

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 905  
 DATE:15/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 2020  
 start stop duration Long W 1707

TIME :15:55:20 16:25:21 30 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG :5181.36 5183.11 1.68 Area code: 2  
 FDEPTH: 10 10 GearCond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 21 22 Validity code:  
 Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 100 m Speed: 35 kn\*10  
 Sorted: 12 Kg Total catch: 26.39 CATCH/HOUR: 52.78

SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP  
 weight numbers  
*Engraulis encrasicolus* 48.24 15972 91.40 1809  
*Sepia officinalis hierredda* 2.08 10 3.94  
*Arius heudeloti* 1.32 2 2.50  
*Sardinella aurita* 0.40 144 0.76  
*Pomadasys incisus* 0.32 2 0.61  
*Trachurus trecae* 0.12 4 0.23  
*Sardinella maderensis* 0.08 8 0.15  
*Sardina pilchardus* 0.08 16 0.15  
*Loligo vulgaris* 0.08 4 0.15  
*Schedophilus pumarco* 0.04 2 0.08  
*Microchirus sp.* 0.02 2 0.04  
 Total 52.78 100.01

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 906  
 DATE:15/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 2027  
 start stop duration Long W 1706

TIME :17:43:36 18:06:40 23 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG :5191.96 5193.56 1.59 Area code: 2  
 FDEPTH: 10 10 GearCond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 25 24 Validity code: 1  
 Towing dir: 202° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 30 kn\*10  
 Sorted: 36 Kg Total catch: 1906.12 CATCH/HOUR: 4972.49

SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP  
 weight numbers  
*Sardinella aurita* 2618.09 97941 52.65 1812  
*Sardina pilchardus* 1671.24 58735 33.61 1810  
*Engraulis encrasicolus* 605.01 100247 12.17 1811  
*Lichia amia* 51.60 3 1.04  
*Sardinella maderensis* 10.85 814 0.22  
*Decapterus rhonchus* 0.83 3 0.02  
 Total 4957.62 99.71

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 907  
 DATE:15/11/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2032  
 start stop duration Long W 1714

TIME :19:59:19 20:08:52 10 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG :5207.35 5207.88 0.51 Area code: 2  
 FDEPTH: 38 38 GearCond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 38 38 Validity code:  
 Towing dir: 300° Wire out: 110 m Speed: 30 kn\*10  
 Sorted: Kg Total catch: 5.84 CATCH/HOUR: 35.04

SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP  
 weight numbers  
*Trachurus trecae* 30.36 1188 86.64 1813  
*Pagellus bellottii* 3.72 102 10.62  
*Sepia officinalis hierredda* 0.36 18 1.03  
*Loligo vulgaris* 0.36 6 1.03  
*Scomber japonicus* 0.24 6 0.68  
 Total 35.04 100.00

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 908  
 DATE:16/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 2040  
 start stop duration Long W 1715

TIME :02:30:19 02:30:13 30 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG :5267.67 5269.57 1.91 Area code: 2  
 FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 42 41 Validity code:  
 Towing dir: 90° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 38 kn\*10  
 Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 37.08 CATCH/HOUR: 74.16

SPECIES CATCH/HOUR % OF TOT. C SAMP  
 weight numbers  
*Trachurus trecae* 37.96 896 51.19 1814  
*Loligo vulgaris* 22.64 346 30.53  
*Sardinella maderensis* 7.08 20 9.55  
*Scomber japonicus* 2.52 28 3.40  
*Pagellus bellottii* 1.04 10 1.40  
*Sepia officinalis hierredda* 1.04 14 1.40  
*Boops boops* 0.60 66 0.81  
*Sardinella aurita* 0.56 4 0.76  
*Trachurus trachurus* 0.52 30 0.70  
*Schedophilus pumarco* 0.20 2 0.27  
 Total 74.16 100.01

DR. FRIDTJOF NANSEN PROJECT:W3 PROJECT STATION: 909  
 DATE:16/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 2049  
 start stop duration Long W 1709

## **Annex II Instruments and fishing gear used**

The Simrad EK-500, 38kHz echo scientific sounder was used during the survey for fish abundance estimation. The Bergen Echo Integrator system (BEI) logging the echogram raw data from the sounder, was used to scrutinize the acoustic records, and to allocate integrator data to fish species. All raw data was stored to tape, and a backup of the database of scrutinized data, stored. The details of the settings of the 38kHz where as follows:

<b>Transceiver-1 menu</b>	Transducer depth	5.5 - 7.5 m
	Absorbtion coeff.	10 dB/km
	Pulse length	medium (1ms)
	Bandwidth	wide
	Max power	2000 Watt
	2-way beam angle	-21.0 dB
	SV transducer gain	27.45 dB
	TS transducer gain	27.65 dB
	Angle sensitivity	21.9
	3 dB beamwidth	6.8 dg
	Alongship offset	-0.03 dg
	Athwardship offset	0.06 dg
<b>Display menu</b>	Echogram	1
	Bottom range	10 m
	Bottom range start	10 m
	TVG	20 log R
	Sv colour min	-67 dB
	TS Colour minimum	-60 dB
<b>Printer- menu</b>	Range	0 - 50 or 0 -100 m and 100 - 350m
	TVG	20 log R
	Sv colour min	-63 dB
<b>Bottom detection menu</b>	Minimum level	-40 dB

A calibration experiment using a standard copper sphere, performed in Baia dos Elefantos 12 August 1999 gave the following results:

Sv Transducer gain 27.45 dB  
Ts Transducer gain 27.65 dB

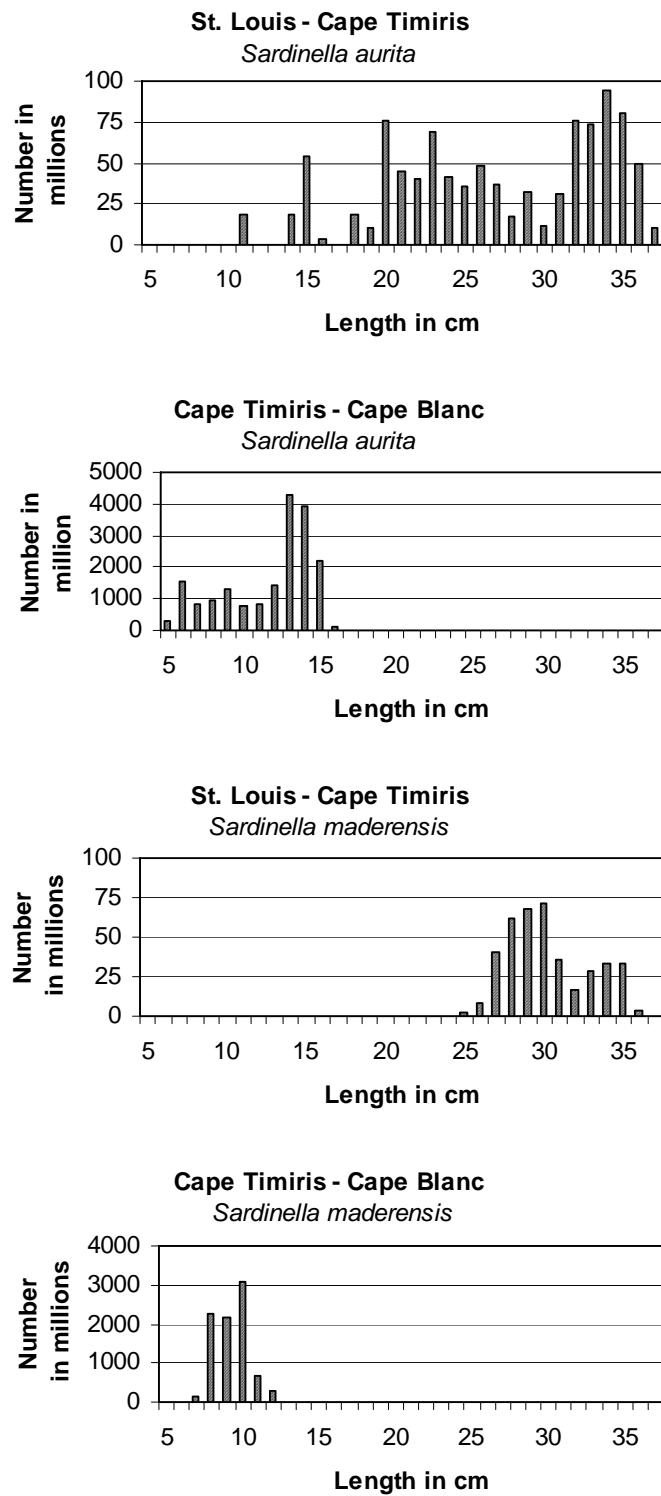
## **Hydrography**

Conductivity, temperature, density and dissolved oxygen were sampled regularly at CTD stations with Seabird 911+ CTD sonde. The salinity is computed from the data on conductivity by the software retrieving data from the sensors.

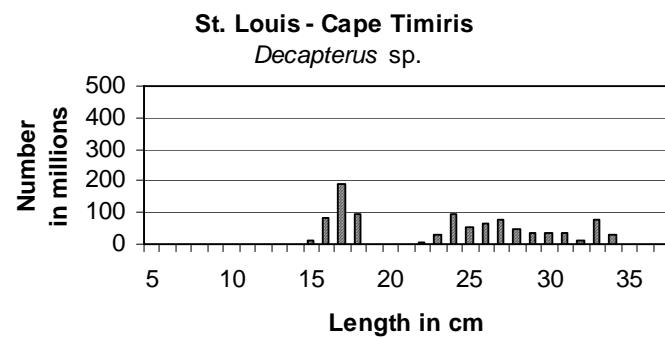
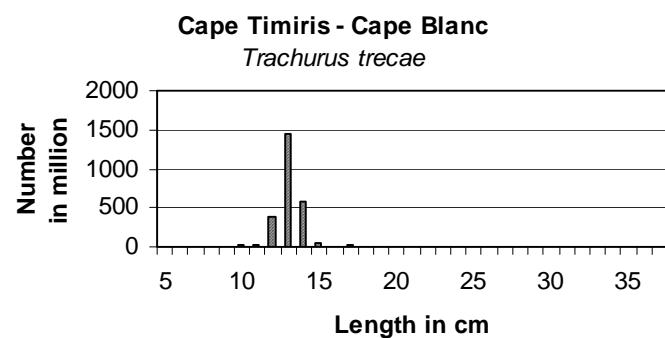
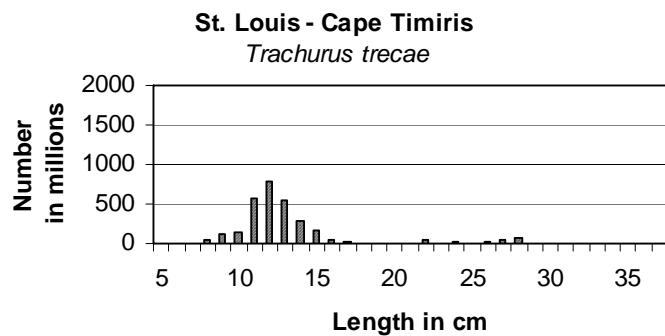
## **Fishing gear**

The vessel has two different sized "Åkrahamn" pelagic trawls and one "Gisund super" bottom trawl. For all trawls, the Tyborøn, 7.8m<sup>2</sup> (1670kg) trawl doors were used. Complete drawings of the trawls used are included.

### Annex III Pooled length distributions by species and regions



### Annex III continued



## Annex IV Stock length distribution by numbers and weight

### *Sardinella aurita*

Length cm	Number in millions			Biomass (tonnes)		
	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL
5		312.4	312.4		486	
6		1 562.1	1 562.1		3 980	3 980
7		812.3	812.3		3 162	3 162
8		937.3	937.3		5 284	5 284
9		1 312.2	1 312.2		10 281	10 281
10		749.8	749.8		7 901	7 901
11	18.1	812.3	830.4	249	11 204	11 454
12		1 437.1	1 437.1		25 372	25 372
13		4 311.4	4 311.4		95 590	95 590
14	18.1	3 936.5	3 954.6	495	107 836	108 331
15	54.3	2 187.0	2 241.2	1 810	72 983	74 794
16	3.5	125.0	128.5	140	5 018	5 158
17						
18	18.1		18.1	1 019		1 019
19	10.5		10.5	689		689
20	76.2		76.2	5 821		5 821
21	44.9		44.9	3 943		3 943
22	40.1		40.1	4 035		4 035
23	69.1		69.1	7 902		7 902
24	40.9		40.9	5 292		5 292
25	36.1		36.1	5 258		5 258
26	47.7		47.7	7 792		7 792
27	36.3		36.3	6 603		6 603
28	17.2		17.2	3 488		3 488
29	31.8		31.8	7 139		7 139
30	11.1		11.1	2 754		2 754
31	31.5		31.5	8 586		8 586
32	75.4		75.4	22 532		22 532
33	73.5		73.5	24 002		24 002
34	93.9		93.9	33 471		33 471
35	80.9		80.9	31 363		31 363
36	49.2		49.2	20 729		20 729
37	10.1		10.1	4 614		4 614
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>988.5</b>	<b>18 495.5</b>	<b>19 484.0</b>	<b>209 727</b>	<b>349 097</b>	<b>558 338</b>

## Annex IV continued

### *Sardinella maderensis*

Length cm	Number in millions			Biomass (tonnes)		
	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL
5						
6						
7		125.0	125.0		486	486
8		2249.4	2249.4		12 681	12 681
9		2187.0	2187.0		17 136	17 136
10		3061.7	3061.7		32 262	32 262
11		687.3	687.3		9 481	9 481
12		312.4	312.4		5 516	5 516
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20						
21						
22						
23						
24						
25	2.5		2.5	358		358
26	8.2		8.2	1 334		1 334
27	40.9		40.9	7 443		7 443
28	62.1		62.1	12 577		12 577
29	67.8		67.8	15 201		15 201
30	71.8		71.8	17 774		17 774
31	35.1		35.1	9 569		9 569
32	16.3		16.3	4 882		4 882
33	28.4		28.4	9 278		9 278
34	33.7		33.7	12 016		12 016
35	33.7		33.7	13 077		13 077
36	3.4		3.4	1 420		1 420
37						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>403.9</b>	<b>8622.9</b>	<b>9026.8</b>	<b>104928.7</b>	<b>77561.3</b>	<b>182 490</b>

## Annex IV continued

### *Trachurus trecae*

Length cm	Numbers in million			Biomass (tonnes)		
	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL
5						
6						
7						
8	44.2		44.2	249		249
9	126.0		126.0	987		987
10	149.0	14.6	163.6	1 570	154	1 724
11	564.5	14.6	579.1	7 787	201	7 988
12	792.3	393.7	1 186.1	13 988	6 951	20 940
13	545.8	1 443.7	1 989.5	12 100	32 009	44 109
14	275.4	568.7	844.1	7 543	15 580	23 123
15	166.1	58.3	224.4	5 543	1 947	7 489
16	57.2		57.2	2 297		2 297
17	12.6	29.2	41.7	600	1 394	1 994
18	4.7		4.7	263		263
19	11.2		11.2	736		736
20	9.0		9.0	690		690
21	11.0		11.0	963		963
22	55.3		55.3	5 562		5 562
23	9.0		9.0	1 034		1 034
24	34.8		34.8	4 506		4 506
25						
26	17.4		17.4	2 842		2 842
27	43.5		43.5	7 928		7 928
28	60.9		60.9	12 336		12 336
29						
30	8.7		8.7	2 154		2 154
31						
32						
33						
34						
35						
36						
37						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2 998.6</b>	<b>2 522.9</b>	<b>5 521.5</b>	<b>91 677</b>	<b>58 236</b>	<b>149 913</b>

## Annex IV continued

### *Decapterus sp.*

Length cm	Numbers in millions			Biomass (tonnes)		
	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL	St. Louis- Cape Timiris	Cape Timiris- Cape Blanc	TOTAL
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
11						
12						
13						
14						
15	10.4		10.4	347		347
16	84.4		84.4	3 390		3 390
17	193.4		193.4	9 244		9 244
18	95.1		95.1	5 361		5 361
19	2.6		2.6	172		172
20						
21	1.8		1.8	155		155
22	5.5		5.5	557		557
23	27.7		27.7	3 173		3 173
24	96.9		96.9	12 545		12 545
25	54.6		54.6	7 952		7 952
26	65.1		65.1	10 624		10 624
27	78.4		78.4	14 282		14 282
28	46.7		46.7	9 449		9 449
29	37.7		37.7	8 451		8 451
30	35.9		35.9	8 881		8 881
31	34.8		34.8	9 480		9 480
32	12.8		12.8	3 829		3 829
33	79.5		79.5	25 981		25 981
34	28.1		28.1	10 012		10 012
35	1.1		1.1	414		414
36						
37						
TOTAL	992.6		992.6	144 299		144 299

## Annex V Stratified biomass estimates

### 1. Stratified mean density

The stratified estimator of mean density in the entire area is calculated as (Cochran, 1977; eq. 5.1, p. 91)

$$\bar{y}_{st} = \sum_{i=1}^L W_i \bar{y}_i, \quad (1)$$

where

$L$  is the number of areas,

$n_i$  is the number of 5 NM observations in the  $i^{\text{th}}$  area,

$y_{i,k}$  is the  $S_A$ - value by the  $k^{\text{th}}$  5 NM interval in area  $i$ ,

$\bar{y}_i = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{n_i} y_{i,k}}{n_i}$  is the average  $S_A$ - value in the  $i^{\text{th}}$  area, and

$W_i = \frac{\text{area}_i}{\text{total area}}$  is the proportion of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  area to the total area of distribution.

The estimated variance of the stratified mean,  $\bar{y}_{st}$ , is

$$\text{var}(\bar{y}_{st}) = \sum_{i=1}^L W_i^2 \frac{s_i^2}{n_i}, \quad (2)$$

where

$$s_i^2 = \frac{\sum_{k=1}^{n_i} (y_{i,k} - \bar{y}_i)^2}{n_i - 1}. \quad (3)$$

When  $\bar{y}_{st}$  is converted to fish densities ( $\text{t}/\text{nm}^2$ ) then an estimate of the total biomass in the total area is calculated by

$$B = \bar{y}_{st} \cdot \text{total area} \quad (4)$$

### 2. References

Cochran, W. G., 1977. Sampling Techniques, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed. John Wiley and Sons, New York, NY, 428 pp.

Toresen, R., Gjøsæter, H. and Barros, P. 1998. The acoustic method as used in the abundance estimation of capelin (*Mallotus villosus*) and herring (*Clupea harengus* Linné) in the Barents Sea. Fish. Res. 34:27-37.

## Sardinellas

Stratified total biomass estimate

Equation numbers (1) and (2) refers to Appendix V in report

Sub-area	Area (NM^2)	No Obs	Density (t/NM^2)	CV (SA/5NM)	Equation(1)=	SD	Est. Variance	Equation (2)=
St, Louis-Cape Timiris	749	24	419.454	1.932	350.25	810.212	656443.881	19070.633
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc A	109	3	3711.603	1.099	451.02	4077.738	16627943.324	81843.726
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc B	39	2	566.894	0.819	24.65	464.254	215532.180	203.717
Total	897						Var(strat-mean)=	101118.08

Stratified mean=

SE(strat-mean)=

Total biomass =

## Horse Mackerels

Stratified total biomass estimate

Equation numbers (1) and (2) refers to Appendix V in report

Sub-area	Area (NM^2)	No Obs	Density (t/NM^2)	CV (SA/5NM)	Equation(1)=	SD	Est. Variance	Equation (2)=
St, Louis-Cape Timiris	2373	63	100.393	1.351	73.41	135.586	18383.504	156.046
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc A	229	7	58.180	1.332	4.11	77.498	6005.935	4.273
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc B	376	10	41.709	0.626	4.83	26.122	682.344	0.916
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc C	267	9	130.015	1.039	10.70	135.062	18241.705	13.722
Total	3245						Var(strat-mean)=	174.96

Stratified mean =

SE(strat-mean)=

Total Biomass =

## Carangids etc.

Stratified total biomass estimate

Equation numbers (1) and (2) refers to Appendix V in report

Sub-area	Area (NM <sup>2</sup> )	No Obs	Density (t/NM <sup>2</sup> )	CV (SA/5NM)	Equation(1) =	SD	Est. Variance	Equation (2)=
St, Louis-Cape Timiris	<b>3027</b>	81	61.839	1.548	47.55	95.703	9159.150	66.844
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc A	<b>910</b>	25	89.682	2.255	20.73	202.245	40902.998	87.411
Total	3937						Var(strat-mean)=	154.26

Stratified mean =

SE(strat-mean)=

Total Biomass =

## Anchovy

Stratified total biomass estimate

Equation numbers (1) and (2) refers to Appendix V in report

Sub-area	Area (NM <sup>2</sup> )	No Obs	Density (t/NM <sup>2</sup> )	CV (SA/5NM)	Equation(1)=	SD	Est. Variance	Equation (2)=
Cape Timiris-Cape Blanc	<b>408</b>	10	418.558	1.495	418.56	625.574	391343.354	39134.335
Total	408						Var(strat-mean)=	39134.34

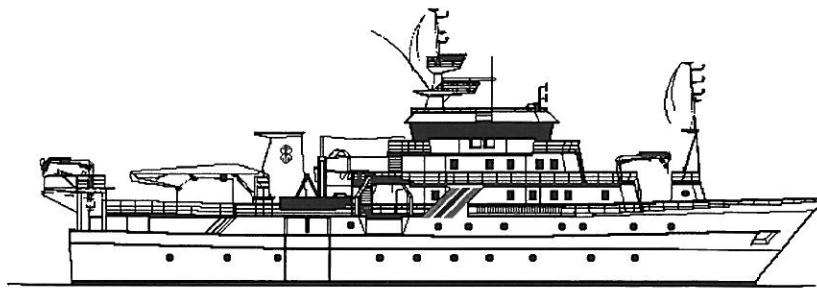
Stratified mean =

SE(strat-mean)=

Total biomass =

NORAD/FAO/UNDP GLO 92/013

CRUISE REPORTS "DR FRIDTJOF NANSEN"



**SURVEY OF THE PELAGIC FISH RESOURCES  
OFF NORTH WEST AFRICA**

**Part III MOROCCO**

**21 November - 19 December 1999**

**Institut National de Recherche Halieutique  
Casablanca, Maroc**

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**21 November-19 December 1999**

by

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## **CHAPTER 1      INTRODUCTION**

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### **1.1 Survey objectives**

The defined general objectives were to estimate and map the distribution and biomass of small pelagic fish stocks off NW Africa (Morocco, Mauritania, Senegal and The Gambia) by hydro-acoustic methods and describe the hydrographic conditions there over a period of 50 days, in November-December 1999. Similar surveys in the region had been conducted annually in the same season in the period 1995-98.

The specific objectives for the survey in Morocco were:

- To map the distribution and estimate the biomass of the main small pelagic fish species using hydroacoustic methods. The species of interest were: sardine *Sardina pilchardus*, sardinellas *Sardinella aurita*, *S. maderensis*, chub mackerel *Scomber japonicus*, horse mackerel *Trachurus trachurus*, *T. trecae*, and anchovy *Engraulis encrasicolus*.
- To identify acoustic targets by midwater and bottom trawl sampling and process the catches by recording weight and number by species. For the target species, length frequencies are taken to describe the size distribution.
- To sample standard hydrographical transects for temperature, salinity and oxygen off Cape Blanc, Dakhla, Cape Bojador, Cape Juby, Cape Dra and Cape Ghir.

The time allocated for this part of the survey was 21 days.

### **1.2 Participation**

Members of the scientific teams were:

Institut National de Recherches Halieutiques, Morocco:  
Mostafa CHBANI IDRISI, Hamid CHFIRI, Hassan MOSTAHFID, Lahcen  
ABOUABELLAH, and Hakim MESFIoui(18.11-04.12).

Centre National de Recherches Océanographiques et des Pêches, Mauritania:  
Ebaye O. Mohamed MAHMOUD (18.11-04.12).

Institute of Marine Research, Norway(IMR):

Jeppe KOLDING (18.11-4.12, cruise leader), Tore STRØMME (4.12-19.12, cruise leader),  
Marek OSTROWSKI (4.12-19.12), Oddgeir ALVHEIM, Magne OLSEN (18.11-4.12), Tore  
MØRK, and Thor JOHANSSON.

Special team on sonar development (separate objective) 18.11-4.12:

From IMR: John DALEN, Bjørn TOTLAND

From Christian Michelsen Research: Per Erik NORDBØ

### 1.3 Narrative

The survey started one day late due to delayed equipment arriving from Norway. Departure was from Nouakchott on November 20, steaming north to Cape Blanc to resume from where the Mauritanian survey ended. On November 21<sup>st</sup> in the evening the survey started off Cape Blanc and continued northwards with an acoustic sampling grid with a transect distance 10 NM apart, covering the shelf and slope down until about 200 m bottom depth. High concentrations of sardine were found in the area between Dakhla and 25° N in accordance with the experience from previous years. This area was resurveyed in a denser zigzag pattern on November 29-30, in order to more accurately delineate the resources. The survey then continued north of 25° N to Laayoune where the survey was interrupted by a call at Las Palmas 4 December for bunkering and crew change. Hydrographic sections were carried out off Dakhla and Cape Bojador. The survey was resumed south of Laayoune on 6 December. Between Cape Juby and Cape Dra the sampling of the outer shelf was less intensive, with distance increased to 20 NM between the transects. Hydrographic sections were sampled off Cape Juby, Cape Dra, Agadir and Cap Sim. The vessel called on Agadir 15-16 December for disembarkment of the Moroccan research team. The vessel thereafter steamed to Las Palmas with arrival 18 December. The weather gave very favourable working conditions for the whole survey period.

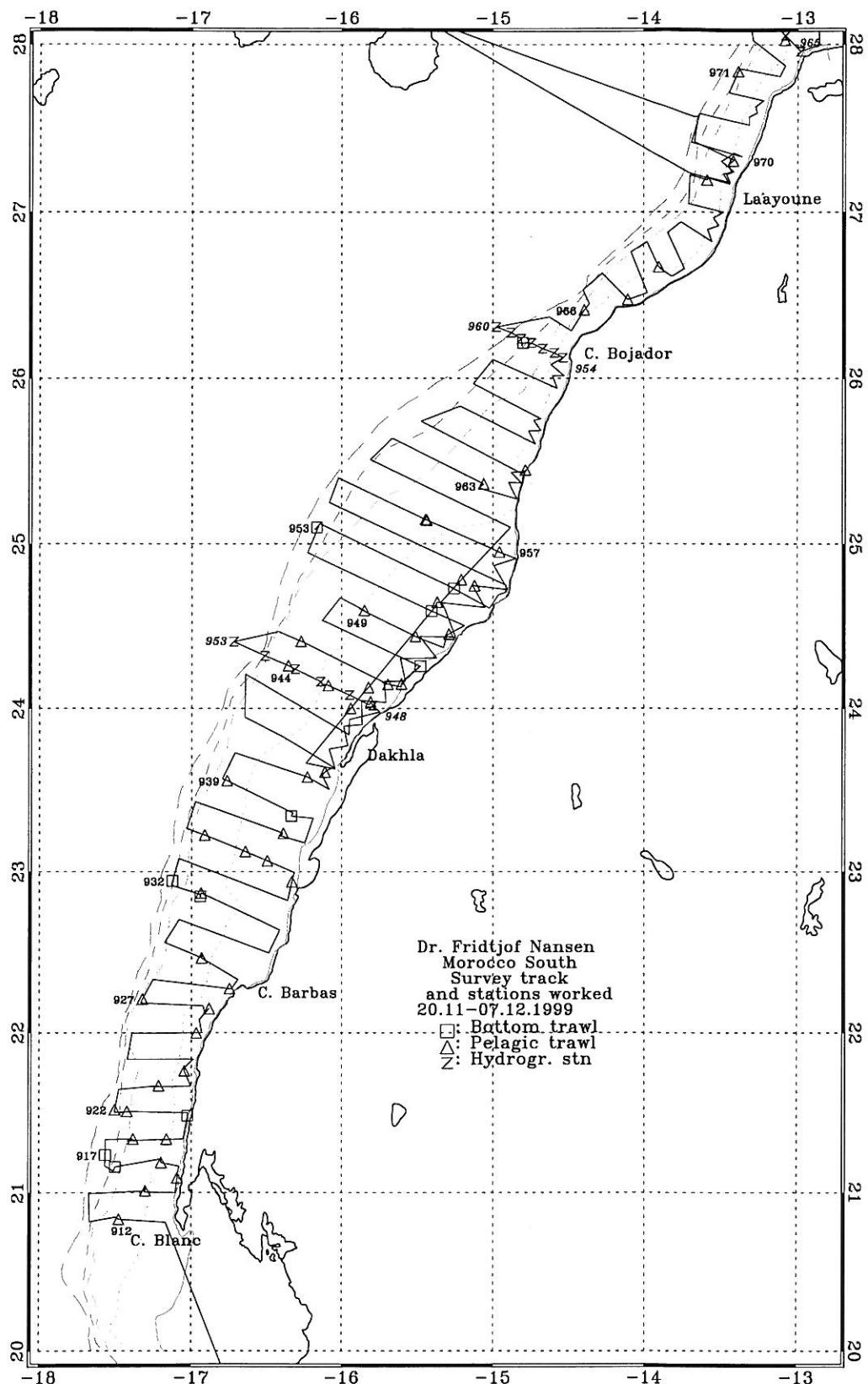


Figure 1a Course track with fishing and hydrographic stations, Cape Blanc to Cape Juby.

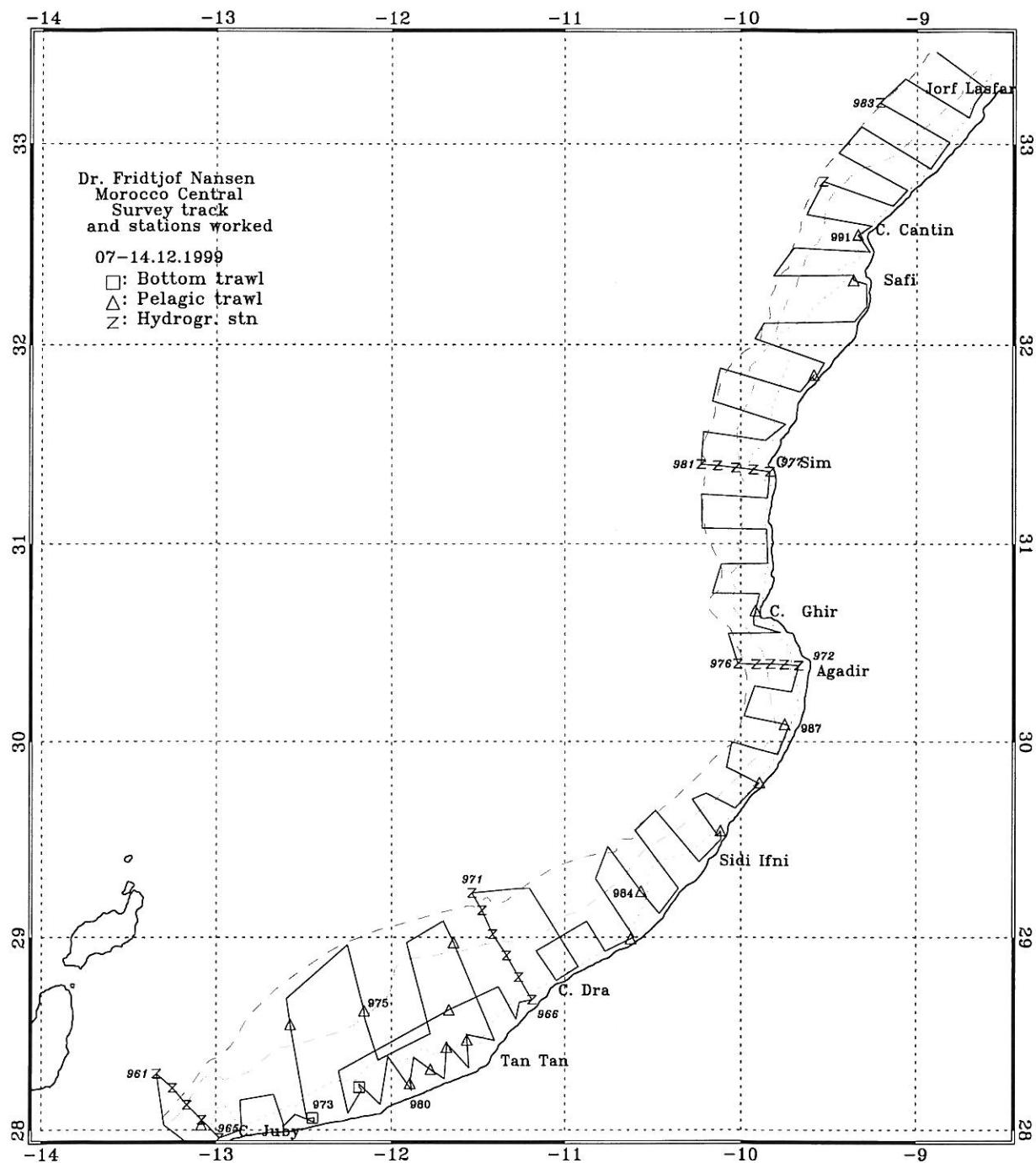


Figure 1b Course track with fishing and hydrographic stations, Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

## 1.4 Methods

### *Environmental Data*

Meteorological observations including wind direction and speed, air temperature, global radiation and sea surface temperature (SST) were automatically logged and recorded with position and bottom depth every nautical mile sailed using an Aanderaa meteorological station. CTD-stations were recorded at the standard hydrographic transects. A Seabird 911+ CTD probe was used to obtain vertical profiles of temperature, salinity and oxygen. Real time plotting and logging was done using the customised Seabird Seasave software installed on a PC. The profiles were in general taken down to a few meters above the bottom. In deep stations, however, data logging was interrupted at 500 m. At each station on the standard hydrographic transects two Niskin bottles were triggered for water samples, one near the surface and one near the bottom, in order to calibrate the oxygen and salinity sensors. The water samples were analysed for dissolved oxygen using the Winkler method, and for salinity using a Guildline Portasal salinometer mod. 8410.

### *Biological Sampling*

Biological sampling of the fish was carried out using trawls. A pelagic trawl with floats was often used. A smaller pelagic trawl or the bottom trawl with floats was used for sampling the pelagic fish in very shallow waters (depth less than 25 m). Annex II gives a description of the instruments and the fishing gear used. All catches were sampled for composition by weight and numbers of each species caught. Species identification was based on the FAO Species Guides. Length frequency distributions, by total fish length in cm, of the selected target species were taken in all the stations where they were present. The complete records of fishing stations are shown in Annex I.

The following target groups were used for Morocco:

- 1) Sardine (European pilchard *Sardina pilchardus*),
- 2) Sardinellas (flat sardinella *Sardinella maderensis* and round sardinella *S. aurita*),
- 3) Anchovy (European anchovy *Engraulis encrasicolus*),
- 4) Horse mackerels (Atlantic horse mackerel *Trachurus trachurus*, Cunene horse mackerel *T. trecae* and false scad *Decapterus rhonchus*),
- 5) Mackerels (chub mackerel *Scomber japonicus*),

- 6) Other pelagic scombrids, carangids and associated species (such as *Auxis* sp., *Caranx* sp. and largehead hairtail *Trichiurus lepturus*),
- 7) Other demersal species (such as Sparidae, Haemulidae and Merluccidae).

#### *Acoustic Sampling*

A SIMRAD EK500 Echosounder was used and the echo-grams were stored on both paper and files. The acoustic biomass estimates were based on the integration technique. The Bergen Integrator (BEI) was used for analysis and allocation of the integrated  $s_A$ - values (average area back scattering coefficient in  $m^2/NM$ ) to the individual specified target groups by 5 NM intervals. The BEI system does not underestimate dense schools and schools close to the bottom as some times may have happened with the EK500 Integrator used in the 1992 surveys. The splitting and allocation of the integrator outputs ( $s_A$ -values) was based on a combination of a visual scrutiny of the behaviour pattern as deduced from echo diagrams, the BEI analysis, and the catch compositions.

In cases where the target category of fish contains more than one species (sardinellas and horse mackerels), the mean  $s_A$ - value allocated to the category is divided between the species in the same ratio as their relative contribution to the mean back scattering strength in the length frequency samples.

The following target strength (TS) function was applied to convert allocated  $s_A$ -values (average integrator value, or area back scattering coefficient for a given species or group of species in a specified area) to number of fish:

$$TS = 20 \log L - 72 \text{ dB}$$

which can be converted (see Toresen *et al.* 1998 for details) to the area form (scattering cross sections of acoustic targets):

$$C_{Fi} = 1.26 \cdot 10^6 \cdot L_i^{-2} \quad (1)$$

where  $L_i$  is total length in 1 cm length group  $i$  and  $C_{Fi}$  ( $m^{-2}$ ) is the reciprocal back scattering cross section, or so-called fish conversion factor. In order to split and convert the allocated  $s_A$ - values ( $m^2/NM^2$ ) to fish densities (numbers per length group per  $NM^2$ ), the following formula was used:

$$\rho_i = s_A \cdot \frac{p_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_i}{C_{Fi}}} \quad (2)$$

where  $\rho_i$  = density ( $n/NM^2$ ) of fish in length group  $i$   
 $s_A$  = mean integrator value ( $m^2/NM^2$ )  
 $p_i$  = proportion of fish in length group  $i$   
 $\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{p_i}{C_{Fi}}$  = the relative back scattering cross section ( $m^2$ ) of the length frequency sample of the target species, and

$C_{Fi}$  = reciprocal back scattering cross section ( $\sigma_{bs}^{-1}$ ) of a fish in length group  $i$

For TS =  $20\log L - 72$  the formula can further simplified into:

$$\rho_i = 1261217 * \frac{n_i}{s_a \sum_{i=\min}^{\max} n_i l_i^2} \quad (3)$$

where  $s_a$  = mean integrator value of a species within an aggregation area, in  $m^2/NM^2$   
 $n_i$  = frequency count of length group  $i$  in a pooled representative sample from the distribution area.  
 $l_i$  = mid length of fish in length group  $i$ .

The constant 1261217 incorporates the offset constant -72 in TS equation. For other TS relationships the equation constant is. The table is presented to facilitate a recalculation in case improved TS measurements are provided in the future:

Using equation (3), the pooled length distribution is used together with the mean  $s_A$ -value to calculate the density by length groups for each observed area of distribution. The total number by length group in the area is obtained by multiplying each density by the area. Areas were calculated on the maps by using a digital planimeter (Tamaya Planix 7).

The number of fish were converted to biomass by length group using the estimated weight at length from the length-weight relationship:

TS constant	Equation constant
-74	1998895
-73	1587779
-72	1261217
-71	1001821
-70	795774
-69	632106
-68	502099

$$\bar{w} = \frac{cond}{100} * L^3 \quad (3)$$

The specific condition factors obtained from the samples and applied for this survey were: 0.82 for sardine , 0.84 for sardinellas and horse mackerel and 0.54 for the anchovies.

Finally the total biomass estimate is obtained by summing the biomass by length group and areas within each sector of the survey.

Equations (1), (2) and (3) show that the conversion from  $s_A$ -value to number of fish is dependent on the length composition of the fish. In general there are many problems associated with getting representative length distributions when the various size classes are geographically segregated. When no segregation occurs the various length distributions are pooled together with equal importance. Otherwise, when the size distribution varies with the sampling site, a weighting factor is applied that takes into account the density at the location. In most cases, the mean acoustic density at the location of the sample is the most representative index of this fish density.

For the estimation of the biomass of target group 3) carangids and associated species, an overall average length of 23 cm and a condition factor of 0.88 (to calculate mean weight of this length group) were applied.

A systematic approach to a) produce pooled length distributions of a target species for use in the above equation and b) calculate the biomass estimates for a region, are obtained through the following procedure:

- Each trawl station gets an integrator value as a density index for the sampling site.
- Representative length distributions are selected from all the collected samples of a fish aggregation.
- The mean back scattering strength of each of these length frequency distributions is calculated.
- The selected length distributions are then pooled using the ratio between the allocated  $s_A$  value and the mean back scattering strength as the weighting factor. (If the size distribution is geographically uniform the three steps mentioned above can be skipped and the samples are pooled together with equal importance.)
- The pooled length distribution is used together with the mean  $s_A$  value to calculate the biomass in numbers by length groups, for each area in the map, using formula (3) above. Numbers are converted to weight using the condition factor of the species. This can be

calculated from the length samples where the total weight of the sample is recorded, or from individual biological samples.

- Biomass is calculated as the product of the density and the area of the aggregation, and finally the area-related biomass values in a region are summed together.

The necessary calculations are done in NAN-SIS software or spreadsheets after the scientist has completed the two first steps in the above list manually.

All data on fishing stations and fish length sampling were made available to the participants from the local research institutes on diskettes.

## CHAPTER 2 SURVEY RESULTS

---

### 2.1 Hydrographic Conditions

#### *Wind conditions and Subsurface Temperature*

Continuous recordings of temperature were done at the intake of seawater to the ship's cooling system. Since this water was pumped from depth of 5 meters, the measurements are representative to subsurface layer, as opposed to satellite imagery, which provides a temperature of a thin layer located directly at the surface (SST). Results in terms of distribution maps are presented in Figures 3a (Cape Blanc to Cape Juby) and Figure 3b (Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar). These maps were interpolated from the data collected along the acoustic survey track (Figure 1). The main observed feature on those maps was a systematic decrease in temperature towards the coast, what indicated an ongoing upwelling. Indeed, the lowest temperatures were recorded along the inshore end-pieces of the transects, where they typically stayed in the range of 16 to 17°C. A notable exception occurred south of Dakhla, where the temperature  $> 18^{\circ}\text{C}$  water spread across the whole survey region. This event was apparently connected to the wind slackening and changing direction in this region (Figure 4a), what hampered the development of upwelling. A similar event of the 18°C water spreading onshore during wind relaxation was recorded south of Agadir (Figure 3b and 4b).

Apart from the aforesaid events, the regular wind conditions persisted in the surveyed region, with the prevailing northeasterly trade winds oriented alongshore and thus creating favorable conditions for the development of upwelling (Figure 4).

#### *Subsurface Waters Masses and Coastal Upwelling*

The high productivity in a coastal area is associated with coastal upwelling systems, where, typically, nutrient-rich subsurface water masses rise to the surface and develop the chain of food web reactions: primary production - plankton - fish. However, the properties of the water masses drawn by the upwelling to surface are variable, and an opposite situation also occurs (e.g. el niño), in which the water mass entrained in the coastal area by upwelling is depleted from nutrients and hence it hampers, rather than stimulating the production. To accompany our abundance surveys carried out in the Moroccan upwelling area, we measure properties of the subsurface water masses of the region and trace their presence the coastal

area in order to understand in what ways their seasonal and interannual variability affects the productivity along the shelf.

The Moroccan shelf is located in the transition zone between two major hydrographic regimes of the northeast Atlantic. To the north, hydrography is dominated by the southward flowing Canary Current system, bringing to the region high temperatures, salinities and oxygen concentrations. South of the transition, water masses are of tropical origin, being relatively cooler, less saline and with lower oxygen concentrations. For consistency with existing oceanographic terminology, we use the term North Atlantic Central Water (NACW) for the northern domain, and South Atlantic Central Water (SACW) for the southern regime.

In the following, we describe the distribution of seawater properties along the Moroccan coast (temperature, salinity and oxygen), as these were observed during the 1999 survey. The results are presented in Figure 2 by means of vertical sections of temperature salinity and oxygen. These were obtained from the data collected along the set of sections parallel to coast, of which locations are depicted in the Figure 1.

SACW was clearly observed along the southernmost section off Cape Blanc, below the depth 70m. It was characterized by temperature less than 17°C and salinity less than 35.8‰. In the salinity section, the subsurface isohalines formed a dome-like feature most pronounced at Stations 945 and 946. Based on the water density distribution (not included in this report), it was deduced that this feature manifested a northbound subsurface flow occurring offshore in the southern part of the surveyed region. From the oxygen distribution, it is evident that SACW was associated with very low oxygen concentrations (< 2 ml/l).

SACW was separated from the surface water by the thermocline at a depth of 70m. In the surface layer, the 17° and 18°C isotherms sloped up towards the coast, suggesting an ongoing upwelling event, uplifting the cooler waters to the surface. However, a detectable increase in the near-bottom temperature and salinity at the inshore station (Table 1), indicated that the upwelled waters were drawn from above the thermocline rather than from the underlying subsurface SACW layer.

There is a well known fact (i.e. Manríquez, Fraga, 1982) that north of Cape Blanc a drastic change in water properties occurs, marking the transition from SACW to NACW. This transition zone appears to pose a natural hydrographic boundary dividing the major pelagic fish stocks of the region: sardinellas in the south, and sardines in the north.

The second surveyed section at Dakhla, some 200 nautical miles to the north of Cape Blanc, was certainly in the northern side of the aforementioned transition boundary. The hydrographic regime observed along this section was entirely within the domain NACW. At the outermost station (Station 953), for example, at depth of 200m, the observed temperature was 16.2°C, salinity 36.3‰ and oxygen concentration was 4 ml/l. For comparison, at the respective station from Cape Blanc section (Station 947) the temperature was 13.5°C, salinity 35.6‰ and oxygen concentration was 1.4 ml/l.

The warm and saline body of water ( $T > 19^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $S > 36.7\text{\textperthousand}$ ) visible in the western part of the Dakhla section bears the T-S signature of the southward flowing Canary Current. Under the current, in the shelf break region, upwelling process was detectable in terms the subsurface water at temperature 17°C and salinity 36.3‰ advancing onshore. This upwelled water extended inshore to Station 951, where it reached the depth of 45 meters. Further inshore, in the surface layer, a slight decrease of temperature towards the coast was observed, but salinity was uniform and relatively high (>35.5‰). The presence of this high and uniform salinity near the coast in conjunction with the recorded low wind velocities on the approach to Dakhla section (Figure 4a) indicated that upwelling was in a stage of relaxation: decreasing alongshore wind stopped the offshore transport of the surface water, and gave rise to the compensational flow of the more saline water from the Canary Current domain onto the coast.

The next section along the survey path was that off Cape Bojador. The shelf at this location becomes steeper and narrower. The surface body of water associated with the Canary Current penetrated deep inshore. Still, there were clear signs of the upwelling of the  $T=17^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $S=35.3\text{\textperthousand}$  water across the shelf. At the innermost station (Station 954) the upwelled water was present from the bottom to the depths of 20 m (Table 1). At the shallower depths, the warmer and more saline surface waters, connected to the Canary Current were observed.

The high temperature and salinity waters transported with the Canary Current were observed on the two subsequent sections along the survey path, off Cape Juby and Cape Dra. These two locations are in the region where the ocean boundaries form a narrow passage with the eastern Canary Islands Fuerteventura and Lanzarote. To the north of this passage, at the two northernmost sections of the survey, off Agadir and Cape Sim the T-S signature of the Canary Current disappeared from the record.

The presence of the subsurface waters in the coastal area, attributable to upwelling persisted on all sections northwards of Cape Bojador. Towards the North the upwelled waters along the coast became cooler and less saline, matching the change in the water properties of the

NACW subsurface layer on the offshore side of each respective section. Oxygen concentrations in the upwelled water, except that off Cape Blanc, were higher than those observed in the subsurface layer (Table ??).

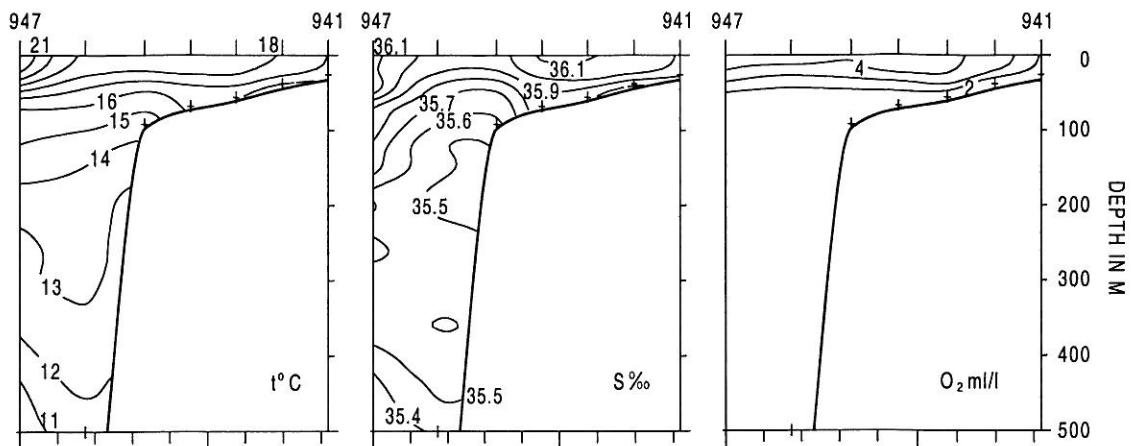
Table 1. Comparison between temperature, salinity and oxygen observed near the bottom at the shelf-break station and the station nearest to the coast. A close match between the offshore and inshore temperatures and salinities indicates an influence of upwelling.

Section	Stations at shelf break					Inshore stations				
	Station	Depth	T (°C)	S(psu)	O <sub>2</sub> (ml/l)	Station	Depth	T (°C)	S(psu)	O <sub>2</sub> (ml/l)
Cape Blanc	945	96	14.6	35.6	1.3	941	30	17.0	36.0	1.9
Dakhla	953	103	17.0	36.3	2.9	948	22	18.1	36.5	5.9
Cape Bojador	957	134	16.9	36.4	4.3	954	28	16.8	36.4	4.7
Cape Juby	963	095	17.1	36.4	4.3	965	33	17.4	36.4	4.8
Cape Dra	970	137	16.8	36.4	4.1	966	32	16.1	36.3	5.6
Agadir	975	118	15.9	36.3	3.8	972	23	16.4	36.3	5.0
Cape Sim	980	119	16.1	36.3	4.6	972	18	16.3	36.3	5.0

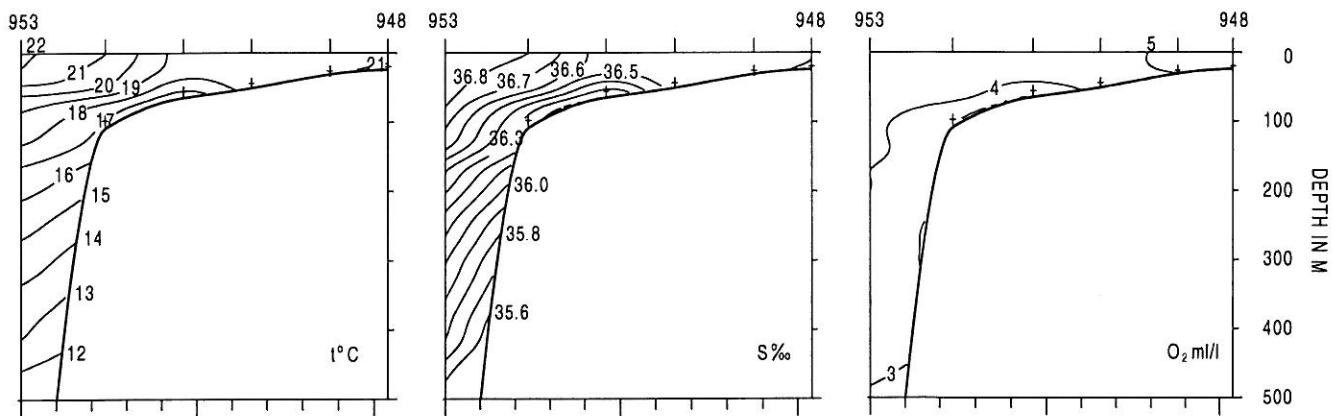
The main features of the hydrographic conditions encountered during the survey agreed well with the long-term seasonal distributions for the winter season (Mittelstaedt, 1991). (1) SACW was detected only in the southernmost part of survey area, while NACW persisted on the remaining sections. (2) Hydrographic signatures of the ongoing upwelling events were observed throughout the whole survey area.

## References:

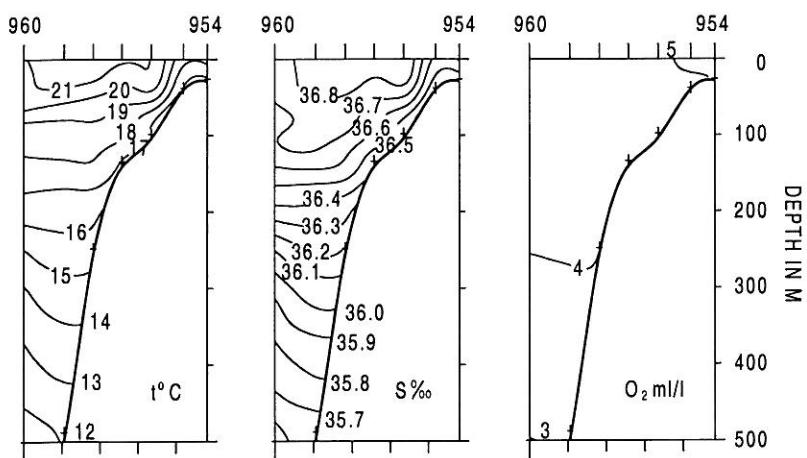
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**CAPE BLANC 16.11.1999**



**DAKHLA 26-27.11.1999**



**CAPE BOJADOR 02.12.1999**

Figure 2 Hydrographic profiles with distribution of temperature, salinity and oxygen.

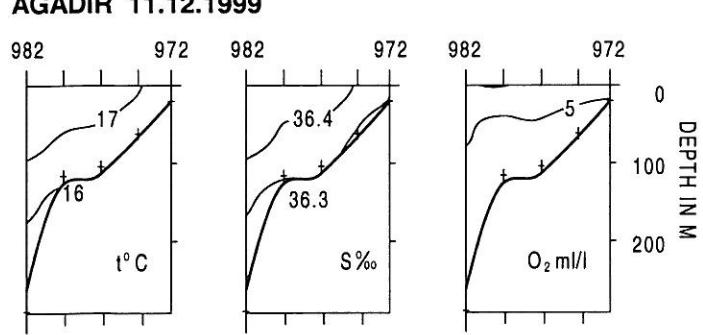
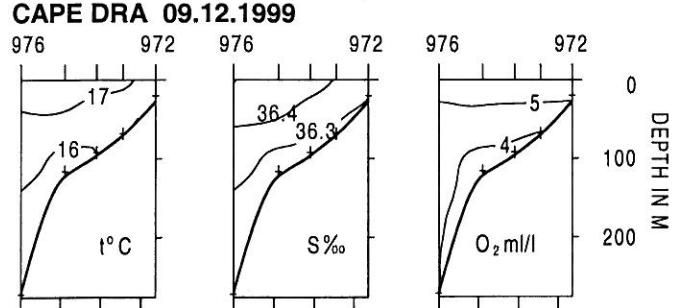
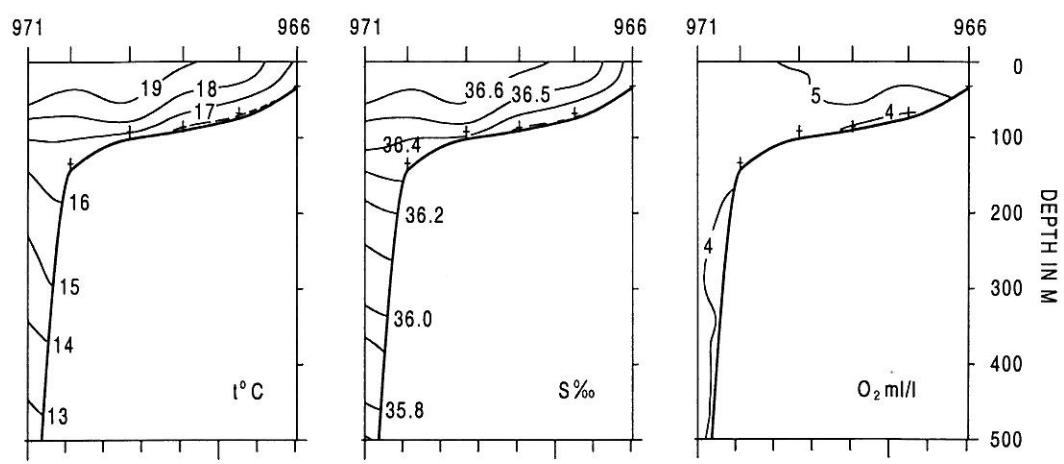
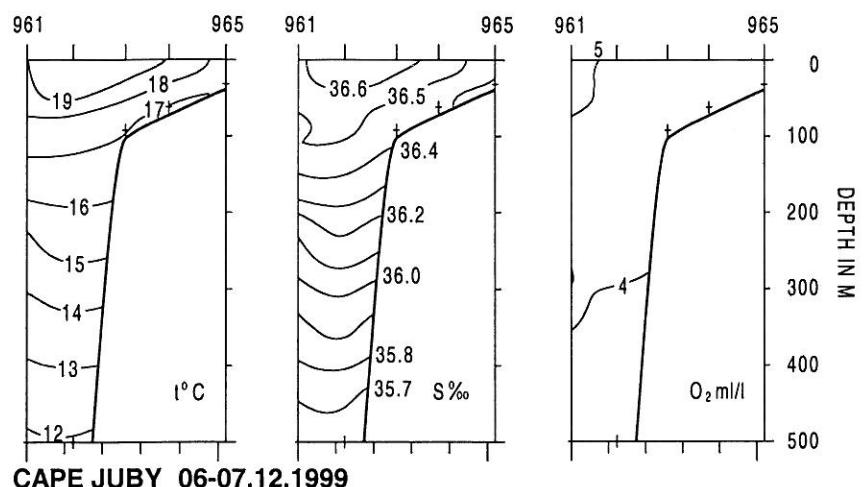


Figure 2 cont. Hydrographic profiles with distribution of temperature, salinity and oxygen.

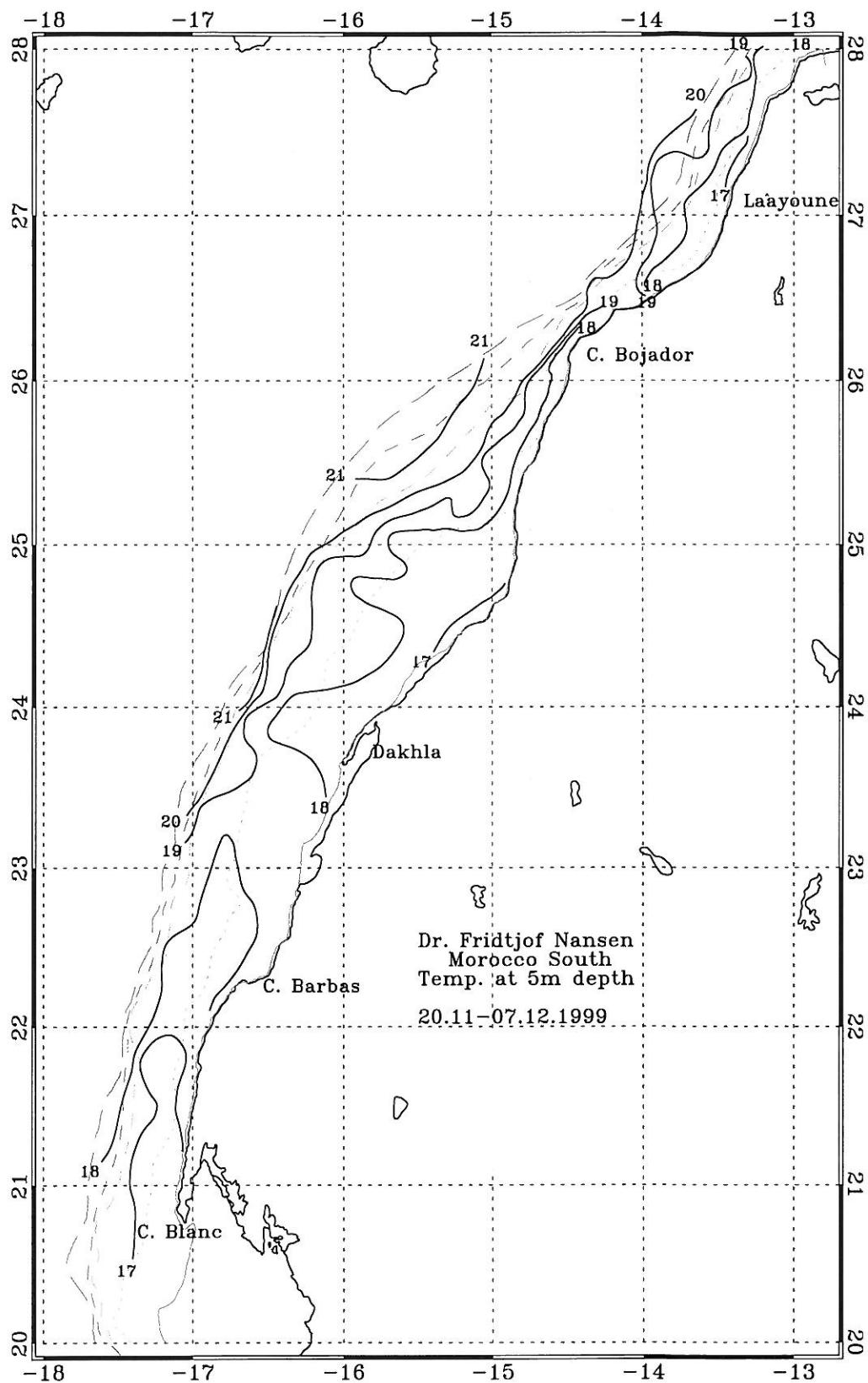


Figure 3a Sea surface temperature, Cape Blanc to Cape Juby.

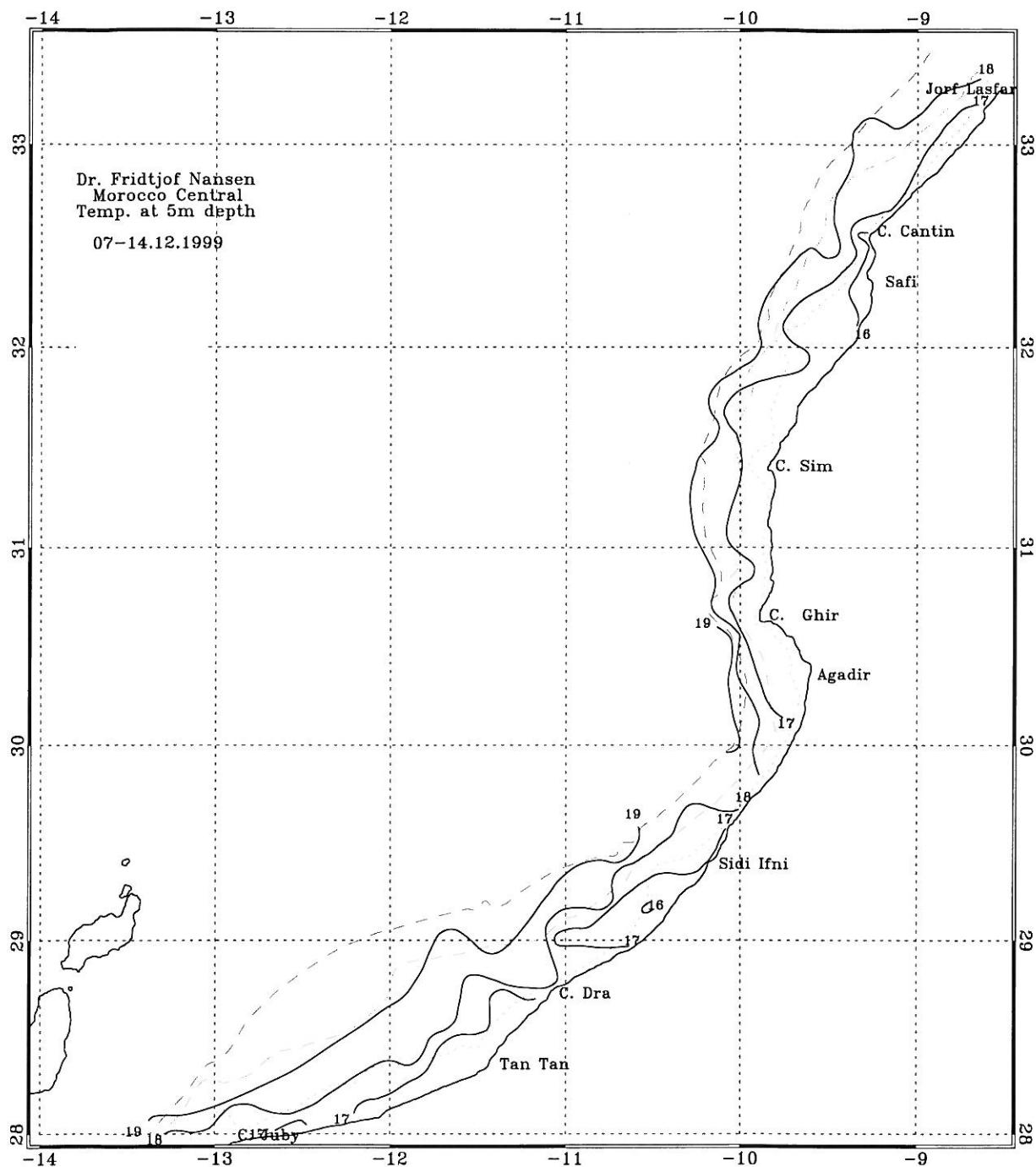


Figure 3b Sea surface temperature, Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

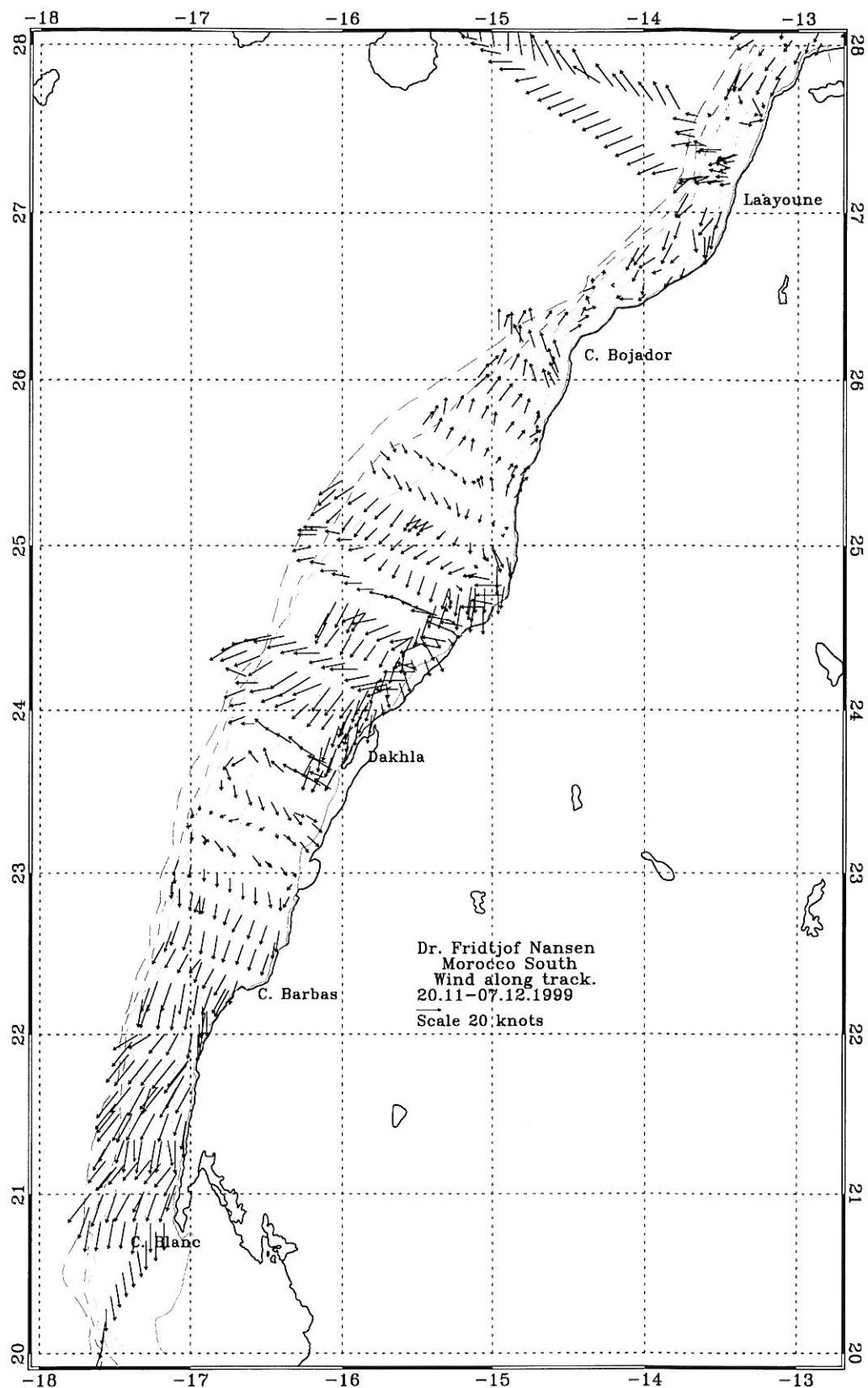


Figure 4a Wind conditions along the survey track 18 November - 6 December, Cape Blanc to Cape Juby.

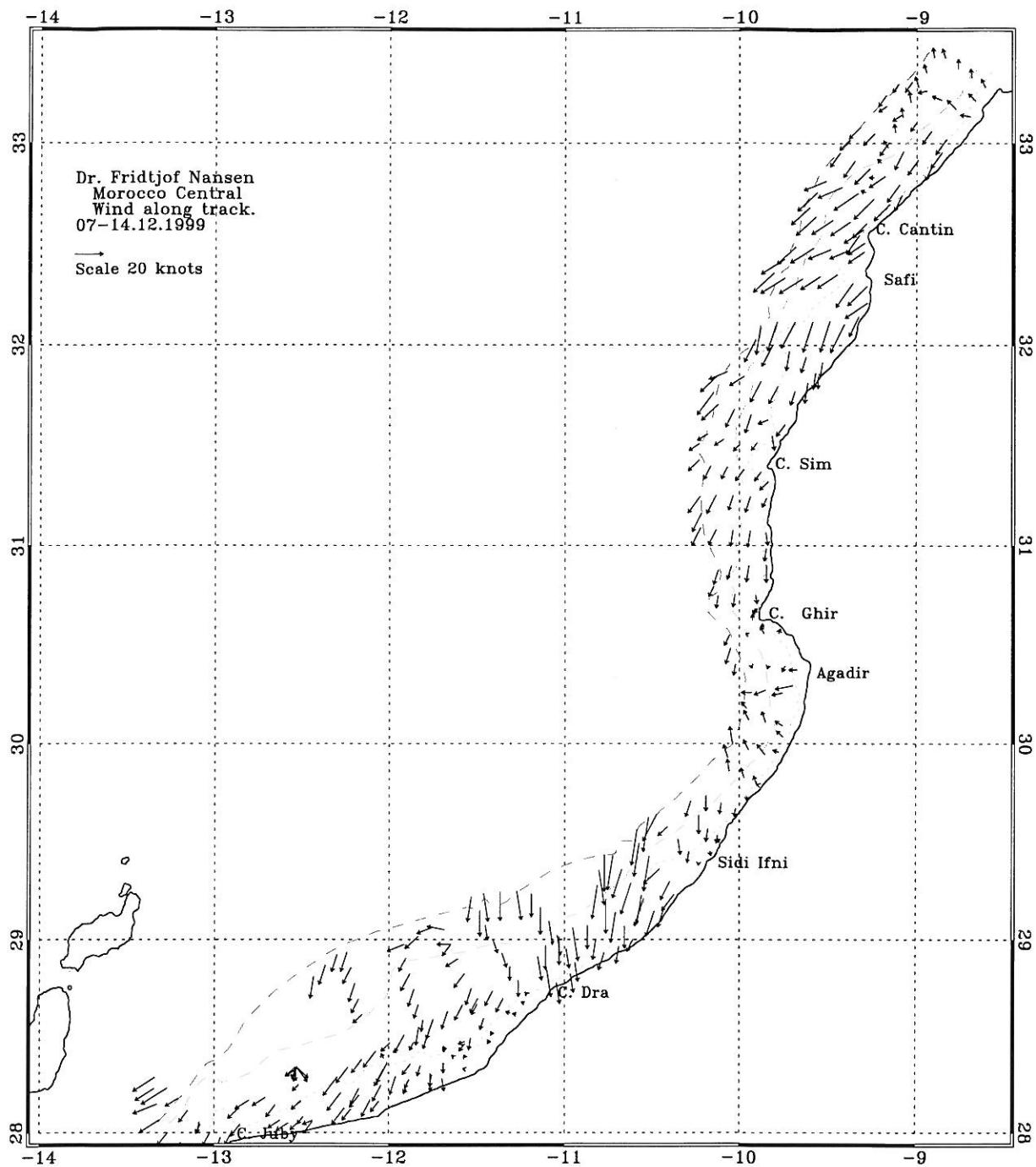


Figure 4b Wind conditions along the survey track 6-15 December, Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

## 2.2 Distribution of pelagic fish on the shelf from Cape Blanc to Cape Juby

Figures 5 to 8 show the distribution of the four main species groups of pelagic fish by contoured acoustic densities.

**Sardine**, The southernmost aggregation of sardine *Sardina pilchardus* were found west of Cape Barbas (Fig. 5). This was mainly small sized fish with modal length 12-13 cm. Two main concentrations were found between about 23°00'N and 25°20'N much in line with the distribution the previous year. The densest aggregations, close to the shore, consisted mostly of sardine with modal length in samples between 17 and 18 cm, but older fish with mode around 21 cm were also present. The fish were observed in dense schools, well suited for acoustic estimation and sufficient off the coast for the vessel to detect the inner limit of the distribution. The survey between Cape Bojador and Cape Juby was interrupted by a call at Las Palmas. After the call part of the area south of Laâyoune was re-covered to control for movement of fish in the interim period. The 27° latitude was chosen as the splitting point between the two coverages as this was an area with little fish. Three dense concentrations of sardine were found in this region (Fig. 5). Pooled mean  $s_A$  values classified by depth zones give a picture on how the fish is distributed by depth, Figure 9. It shows that the highest densities are found in the 20-30 m bottom depth zone decreasing considerably towards 50 m.

The length frequency distribution of sardines shows that between Cape Blanc and Cape Bojador the fish consist of two modes of 15.5 and 20.5 cm (Figure 10a). The sardine between Cape Bojador and Cape Juby (Fig. 10b) have modal lengths around 13 and 19 cm.

**Sardinellas** were mainly found between Cape Blanc and Cape Barbas and in high densities (Fig. 6). In addition some small and relatively weak patches were found off Dakhla and Cape Bojador. It was a mixture of flat sardinella (*Sardinella maderensis*) and round sardinella (*Sardinella aurita*), but the latter's mean share in the catches about 2/3. The sardinellas were mainly found between 40 and 100 m bottom depth Figure 9.

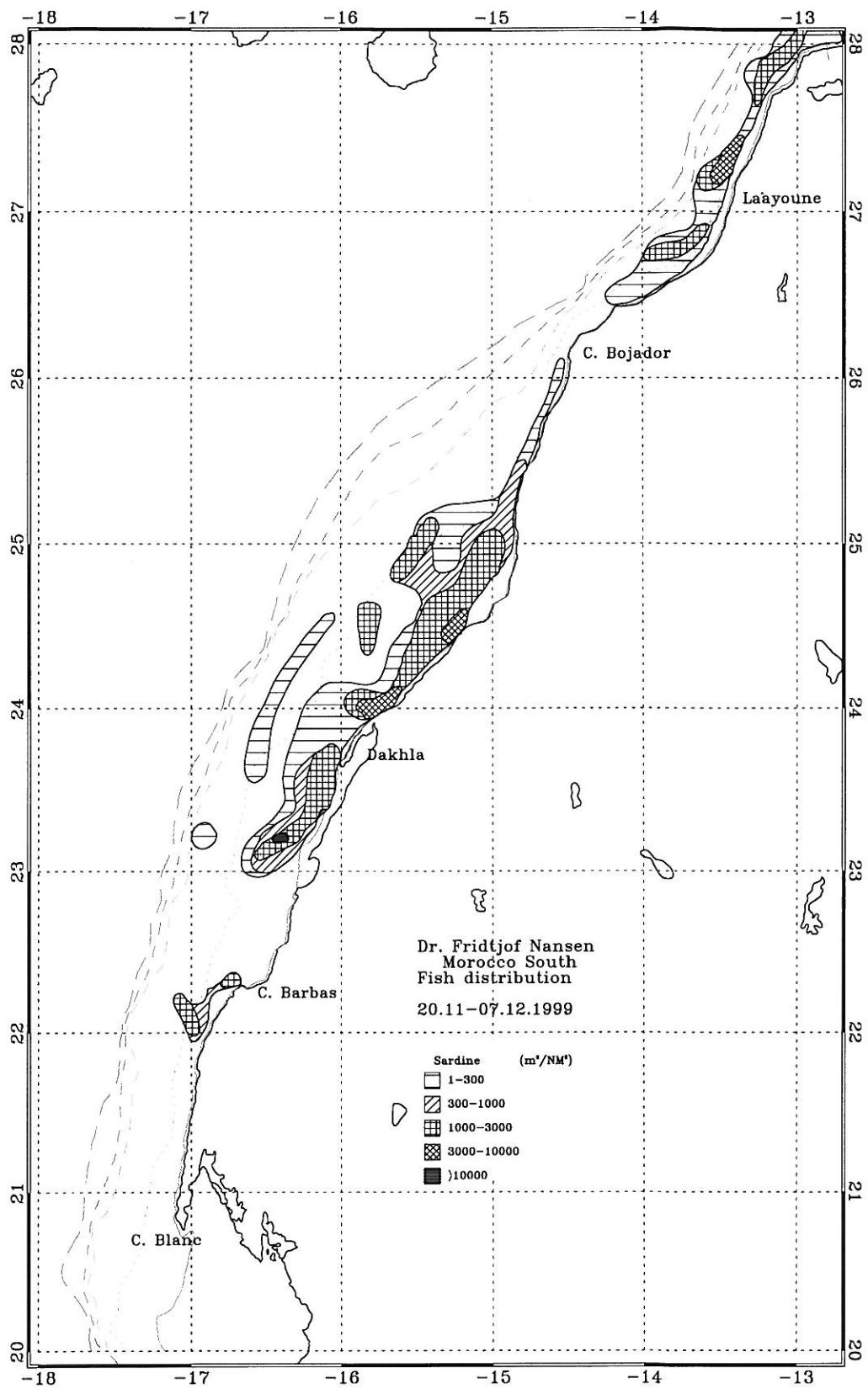


Figure 5 Distribution of sardine, Cape Blanc to Cape Juby.

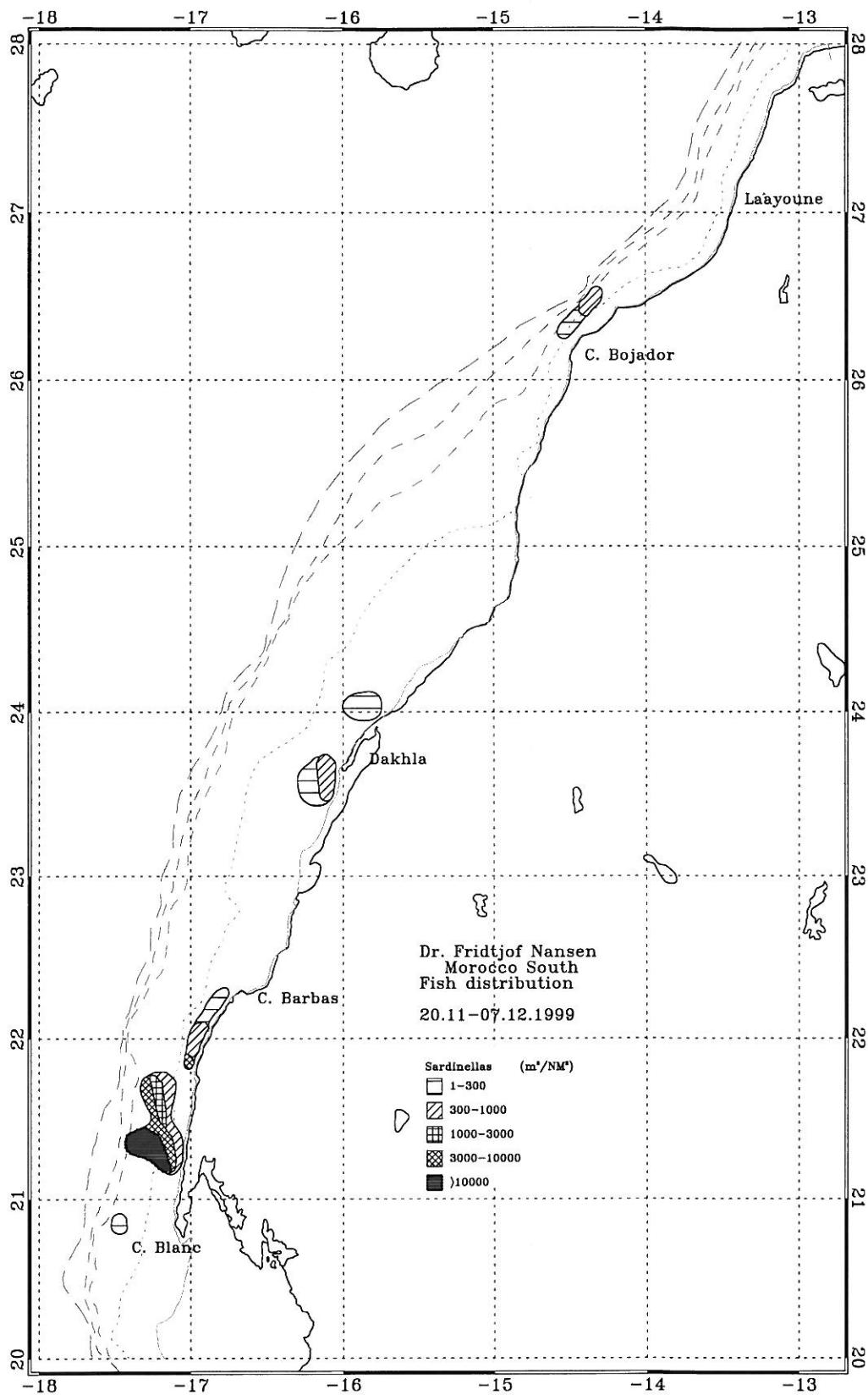


Figure 6 Distribution of sardinella, Cape Blanc to Cape Juby.

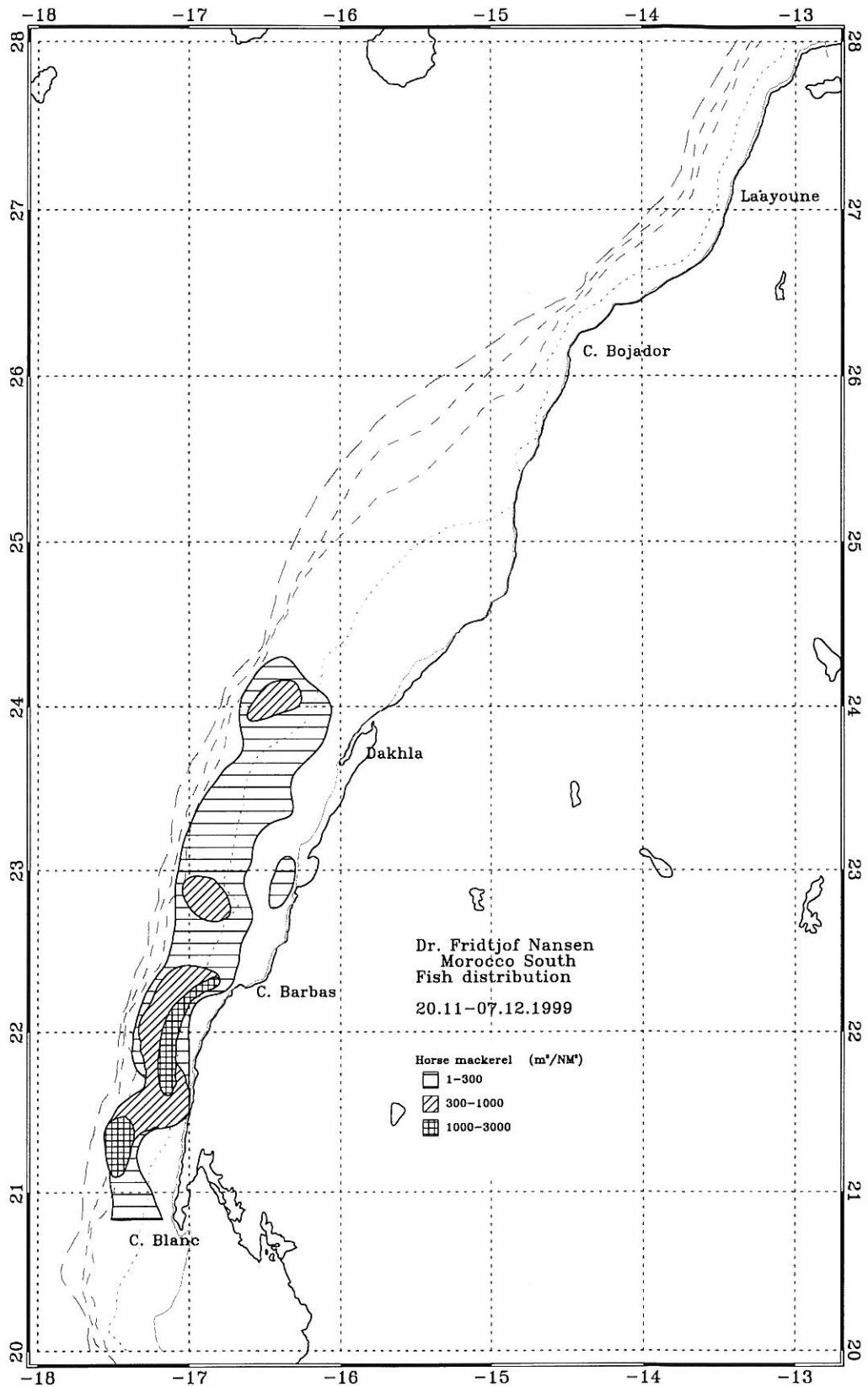


Figure 7 Distribution of horse mackerel, Cape Blanc to Cape Juby.

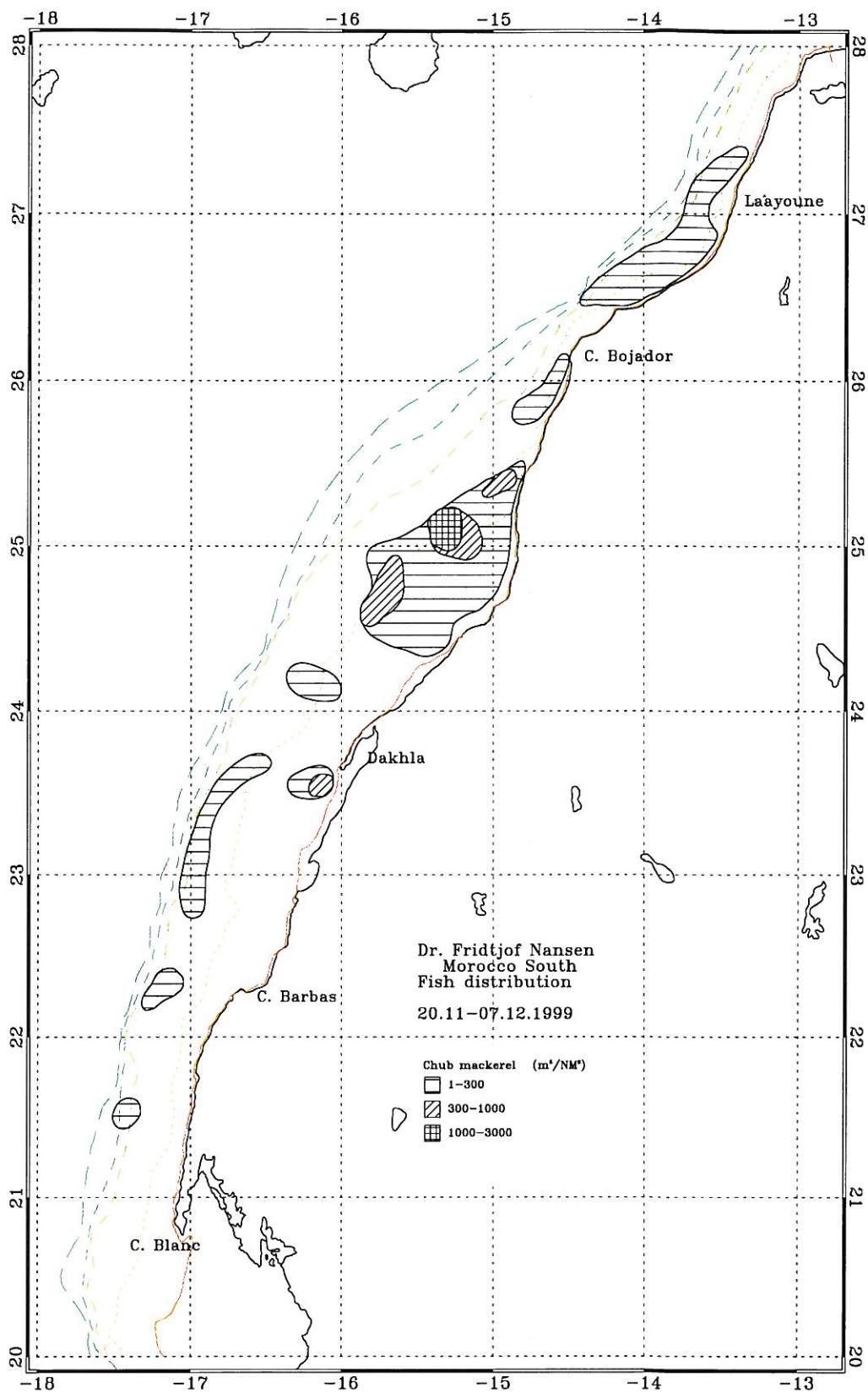


Figure 8 Distribution of chub mackerel, Cape Blanc to Cape Juby.

**Horse mackerels** (*Trachurus trachurus* and *T. trecae*) were found in a more or less continuous belt along the coast from Cape Blanc to about 24°30'N (Figure 7). The two species were mixed, but with a dominance of the Cunene (*T. trecae*) in the catches by about 75 %. The horse mackerel classification was mainly based on the characteristics of the echo traces. The horse mackerel were mainly registered between 50 and 100 m bottom depth (Figure 9).

**Chub mackerel** (*Scomber japonicus*) were a common species from Dakhla and northwards, in contrast to previous surveys (Figure 8). Aggregated patches were located close to the 50 m bottom depth contour between 24°30' and 25°30' N.

**Anchovy** were only recorded at one low-density patch off Cape Barbas.

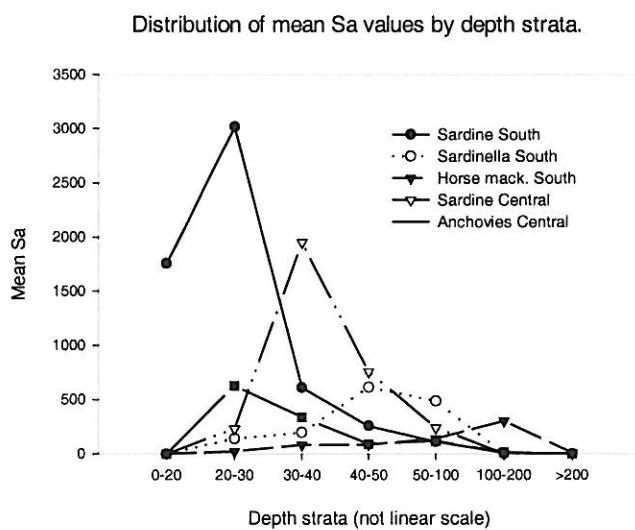


Figure 9 Distribution of mean  $s_A$  values by depth strata, Cape Blanc – Cape Bojador

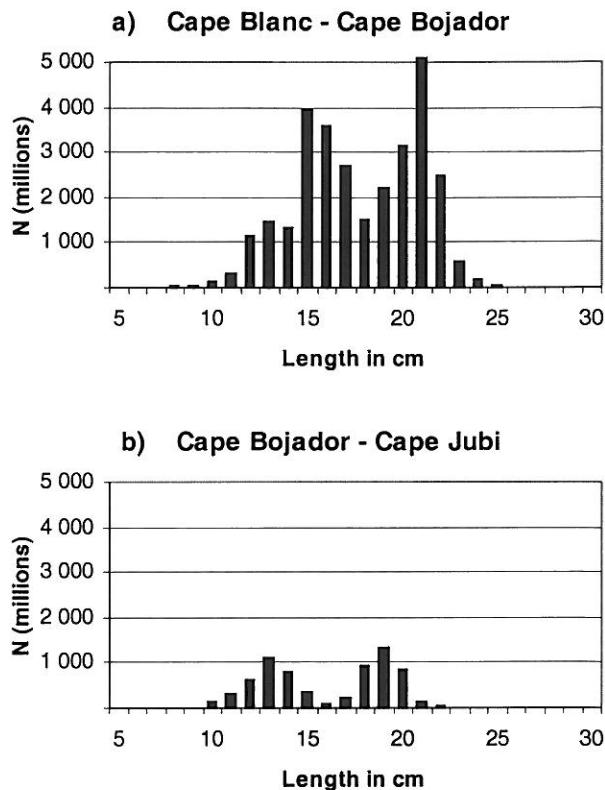


Figure 10 Length frequency distributions sardine.

### 2.3 Distribution of pelagic fish on the shelf from Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

**Sardine** (Figure 11) was found as a continuous and mostly dense band in the shallow areas from Cape Juby up to about 30° N. Further north a few patches were located but with lower densities, except one small very dense patch off Cape Cantin. In general, the pattern was much like the distribution observed the previous year. The estimated composite length frequency distribution from the area (Figure 15) shows that the sardine is composed of two cohorts, with modal lengths 12 and 15 cm respectively. The distribution of  $s_A$  values (Figure 9) show that the sardine is mainly concentrated in the 30-40 m bottom depth zone.

**Anchovy** (Figure 12) was found mainly all along the coast; in patches south of Sidi Ifni and in a continuous band further north. The highest concentrations were located off Agadir and south of Safi. The distribution pattern is much similar to the previous year. Most of the fish was found in shallow waters, except off Safi where it was located over 70-80 m bottom depth. The size range was 8-15 cm and mean size in the range 10-13 cm. The highest acoustic densities were obtained in the 20-30 m depth zone (Figure 9).

**Horse mackerel** (Figure 13) and **chub mackerel** (Figure 14) were both fairly common, but scattered. North of Cape Juby neither species formed aggregations of interest for a targeted fishery.

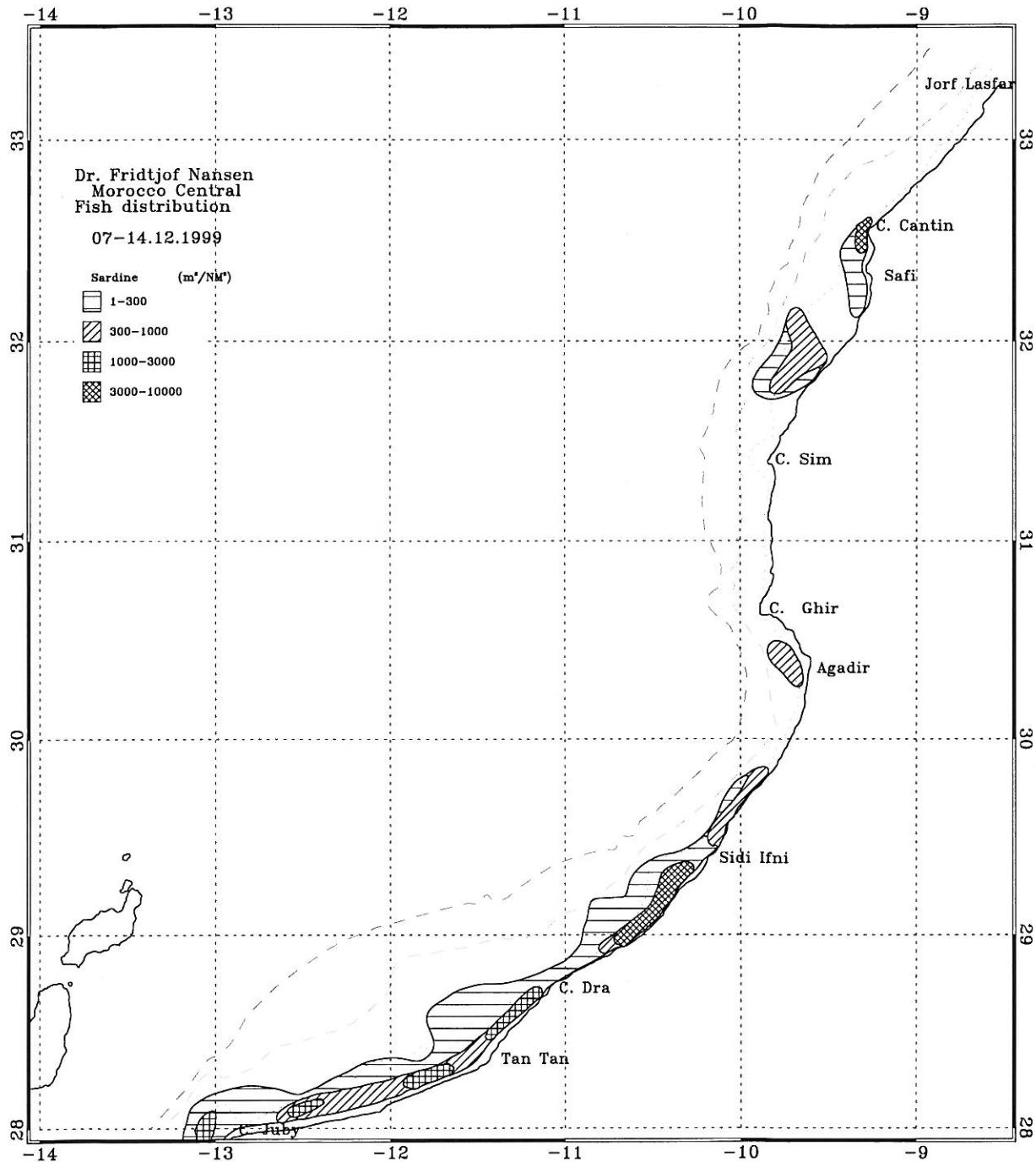


Figure 11 Distribution of sardine, Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

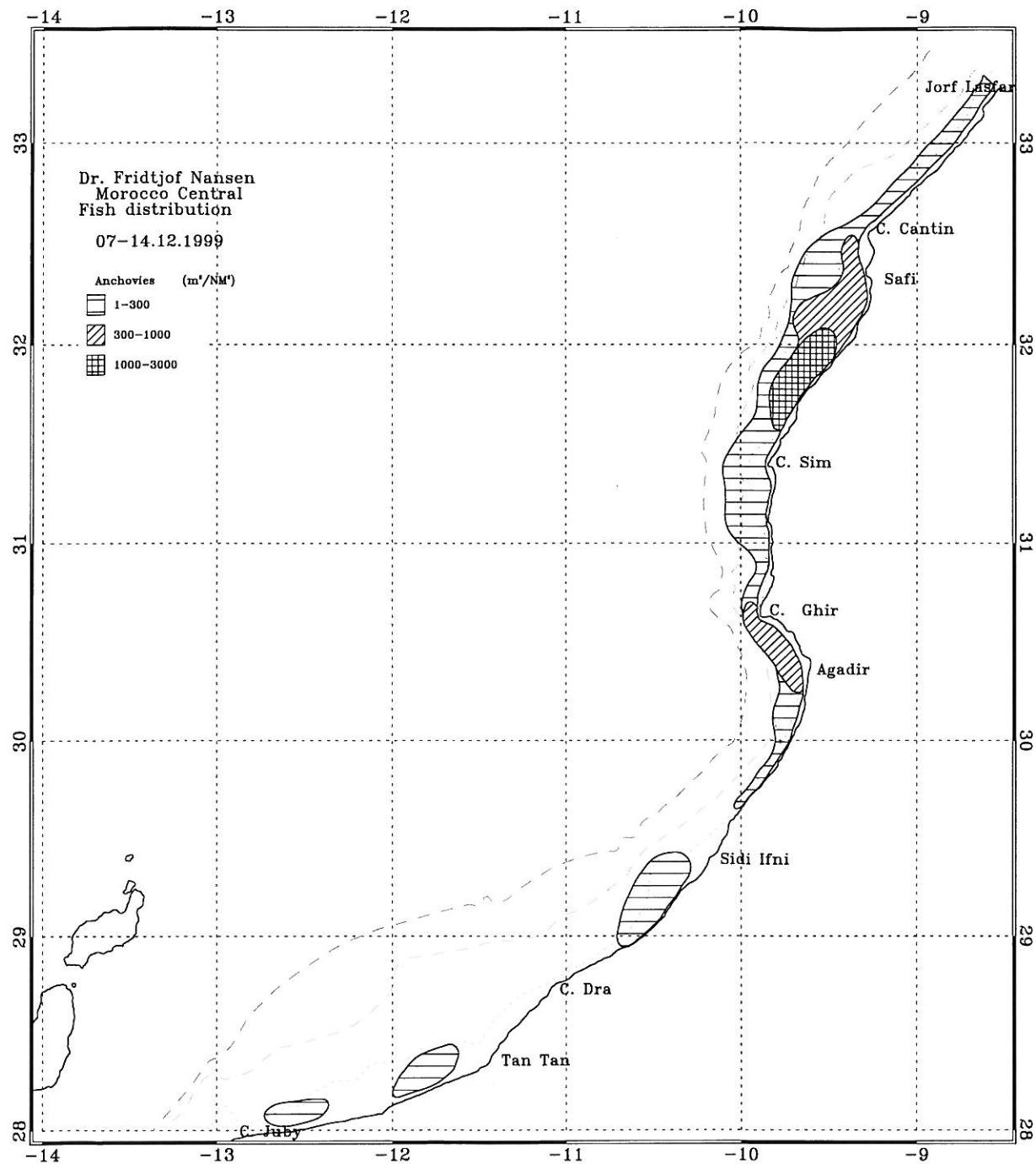


Figure 12 Distribution of anchovy, Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

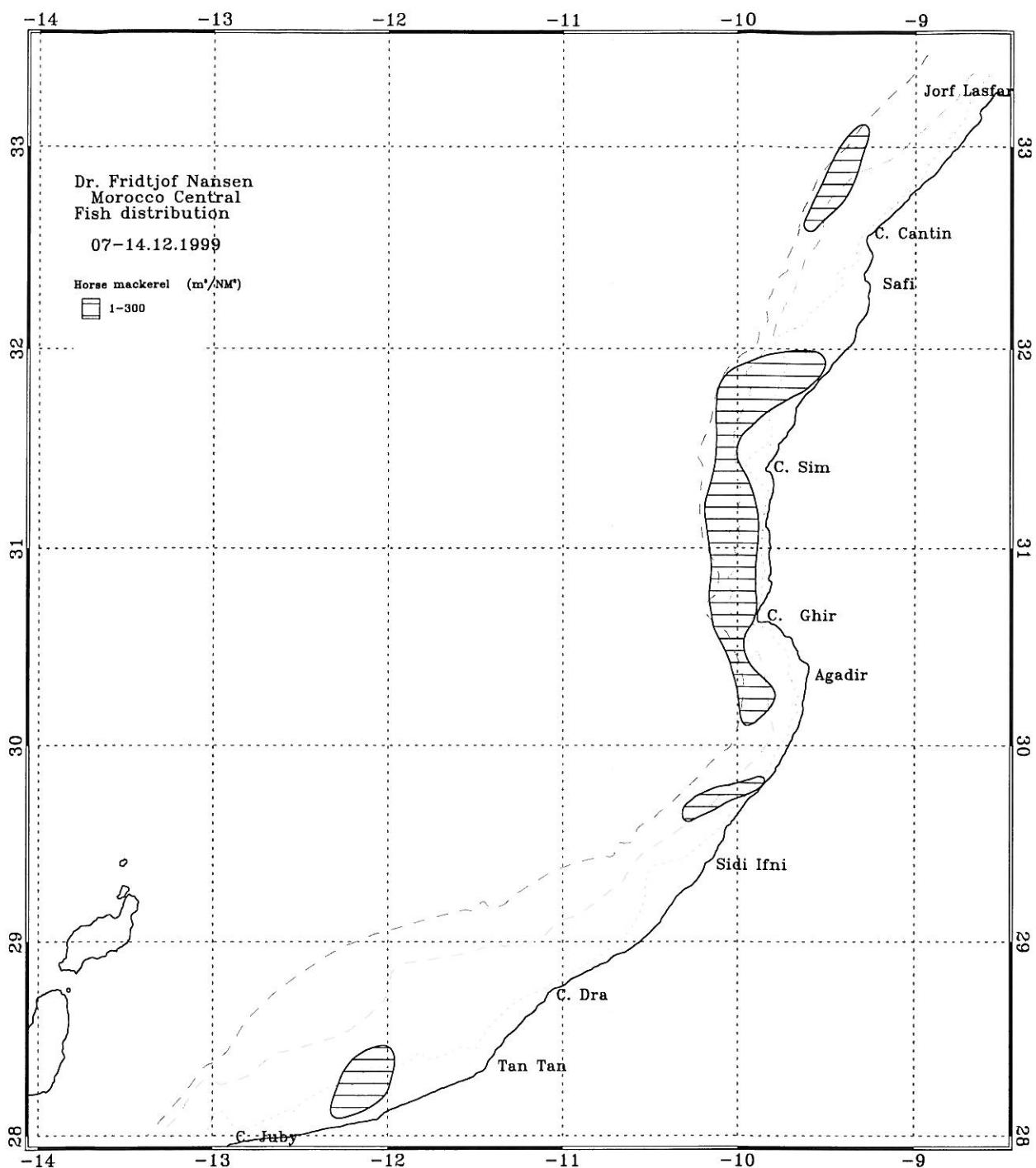


Figure 13 Distribution of horse mackerel, Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

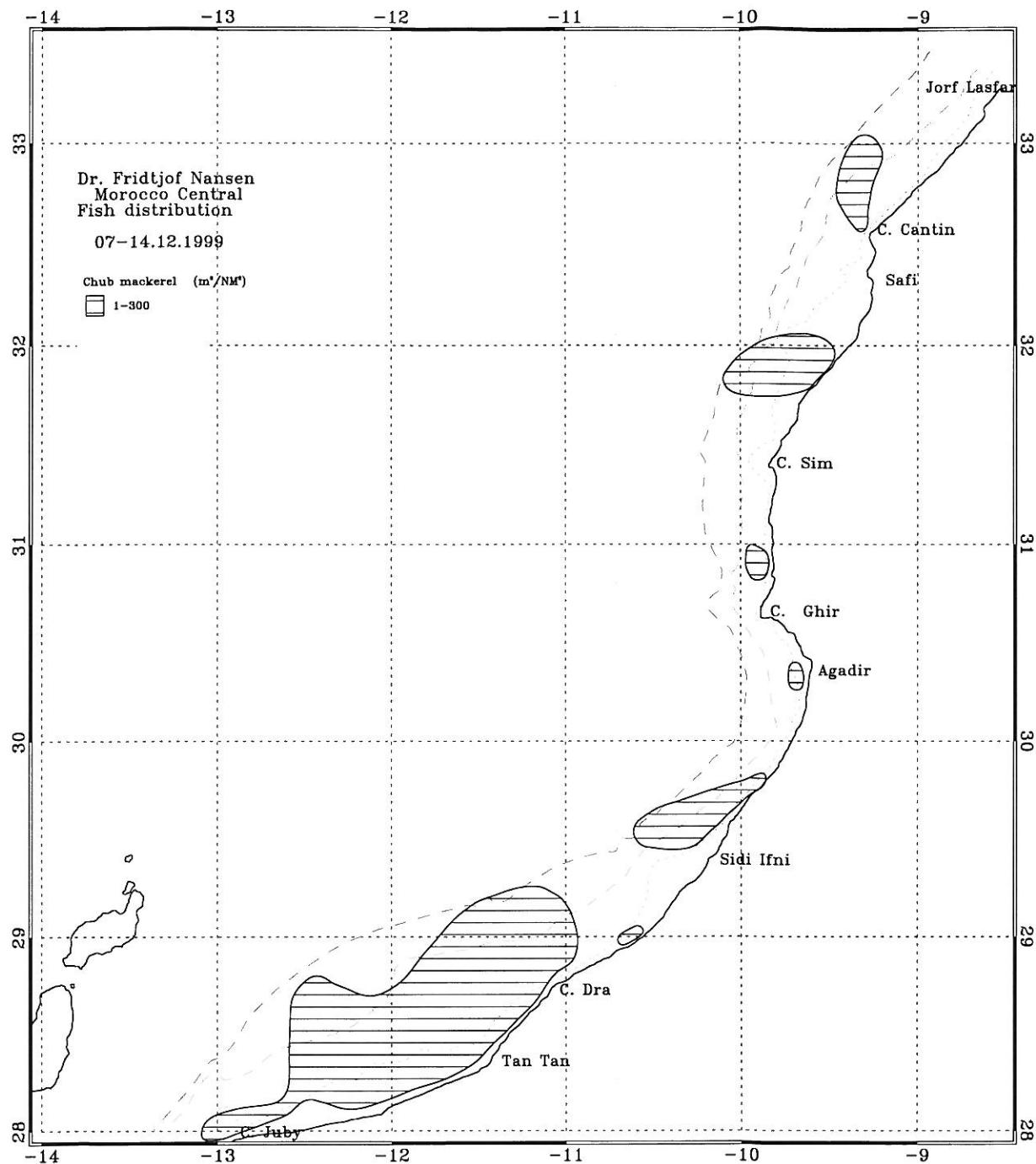


Figure 14 Distribution of chub mackerel, Cape Juby to Jorf Lasfar.

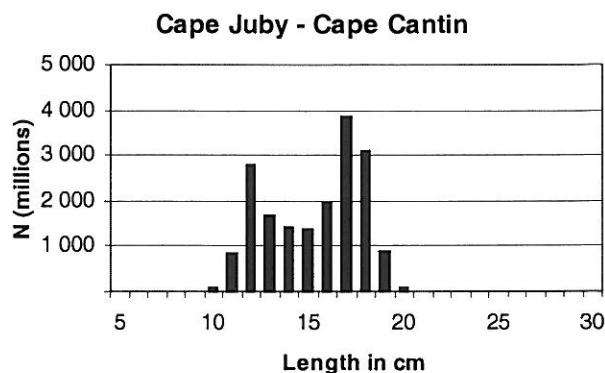


Figure 15 Length frequency distribution of sardine.

## 2.4 Biomass estimates

A summary on biomass estimates is given in Table 2 below. Detailed biomass estimates in number and weight by length groups are shown in Annex I.

### Cape Blanc-Cape Bojador

The **sardine** was estimated to 1 700 000 thousand tonnes. The length distribution is earlier shown in Figure 10. Most of the fish in terms of biomass belong to a cohort with mean length around 21 cm. This is the same cohort that was observed as dominating the 1998 population but then with a length around 18 cm. This confirms that the adult stock is rebuilding. Compared with 1996 and 1997, the development in this part of the stock (i.e. fish >19cm) is:

1996:	4 600 000 tonnes	47 400 mill fish
1997:	240 000 tonnes	2 900 mill fish
1998:	340 000 tonnes	3 400 mill fish
1999:	1 000 000 tonnes	13 700 mill fish

A younger cohort around 16 cm is also of good strength and will, given normal conditions, assist in rebuilding the stock.

**Sardinella** was estimated to 1 500 000 tonnes, exclusively located between Cape Blanc and Cape Barbas. In rough figures about 1 and 0.5 million are round and flat sardinella respectively. The total regional stock of round and flat sardinella is estimated to 3 600 000 tonnes, of which about 40% was located north of Cape Blanc.

The two species of **horse mackerel** combined was estimated to 400 000 tonnes of which about roughly 300 000 and 100 000 tonnes was Cunene and Atlantic horse mackerel respectively. The 400 000 tonnes Cunene horse mackerel forms part of the stock distributed also south of Cape Blanc. The regional estimate for Cunene horse mackerel is 470 000 tonnes of which about 65% was located north of Cape Blanc.

### Cape Bojador-Cape Juby

**Sardine** was estimated to 300 000 tonnes, close to the 340 000 of the previous year. The fish consists of two cohorts with modes around 13 and 19 cm of which the last makes up around 50% in terms of numbers but 75% in terms of biomass.

No other species were estimated for this area.

### Cape Juby – Jorf Lasfar

The **sardine** is estimated to 650 000 tonnes, a considerable increase from the 340 000 tonnes of previous year. The fish is mainly in the region Cape Juby - Agadir and is made up of two cohorts with about 12.5 and 17.5 cm modal length respectively. The number of fish less than 16 cm could be taken as a rough index of recruitment. In 1998 and 1999, 11 and 8 billion fish were estimated respectively. Given the error factors that influence length based acoustic assessments the two figures indicate recruitment of the same order of magnitude. With a growing adult stock and favourable recruitment we conclude that this stock seems to be on a positive trend.

**Anchovies** was estimated to 70 000 tonnes, a considerable reduction from the 400 000 tonnes of previous year. In 1997 the anchovies in this area was estimated to 63 000 tonnes so the recent figure represents a fallback to the earlier condition. The main part of the population belongs to a cohort with mode around 12 cm.

**Atlantic horse mackerel** was estimated to 40 thousand tonnes only.

**Chub mackerel** was estimated to 100 000 tonnes, mostly as scattered fish.

Table 2 Morocco. Summary of biomass estimates of pelagic fish, 1000 tonnes.

Region	Sardines	Round sardinella	Flat sardinella	Atlantic horse mackerel	Cunene horse mackerel	Chub mackerel	Anchovy
Cape Blanc-							
Cape Bojador	1700	1000	500	100	290	150	30
Cape							
Bojador-Cape	300	0	0	0	0	20	0
Juby							
Cape Juby-							
Jorf Lasfar	650	0	0	40	0	100	70
Totals	2650	1000	500	140	290	270	100

## CHAPTER 3 CONCLUDING REMARKS

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The survey was conducted successfully in the period 19<sup>th</sup> November to 18<sup>th</sup> December with an acoustic course track of 4 575 NM and 79 fishing stations. The limits of the school areas of the sardine, anchovy and horse mackerel are thought to have been well determined and the main areas adequately sampled. The weather conditions were favourable and did not put any constraints on the survey work.

The hydrographic data show well developed upwelling along the whole coastline. The temperature and salinity observed near the coast matched the properties of the subsurface water masses at the shelf-break.

Figure 16 gives a general overview on the major aggregations of pelagic fish with rounded biomass figures. The biomass estimates are also summarised in Table 2.

As in previous years, the main concentrations of sardine were found in shallow waters north off Dakhla and between Cape Bojador and Agadir. The concentrations off Dakhla has the same distribution limit as in previous years and is estimated to 1 700 000 tonnes, a considerable increase from the 600 000 tonnes of 1997. The estimated number of fish has increased from 14.5 billion fish to 30 billion, indicating successful recruitment. On the narrow shelf between Cape Bojador and Cape Juby the sardine was estimated to 300 000 tonnes, not significantly different from the 340 000 of previous year. Between Cape Juby and Cape Cantin the sardine estimates indicate a growth in biomass also during 1999, from 360 000 tonnes to 660 000 tonnes. The estimated number of fish has increased from 14 to 18 billion fish.

Concentrations of round and flat sardinellas were found between Cape Blanc and Cape Barbas. This forms the northern extension of the sardinella stock, which has its center of gravity in Senegal and Mauritania. The sardinella north of Cape Blanc was estimated to 1 500 000 tonnes, about 40% of the total stock (3 600 000 tonnes).

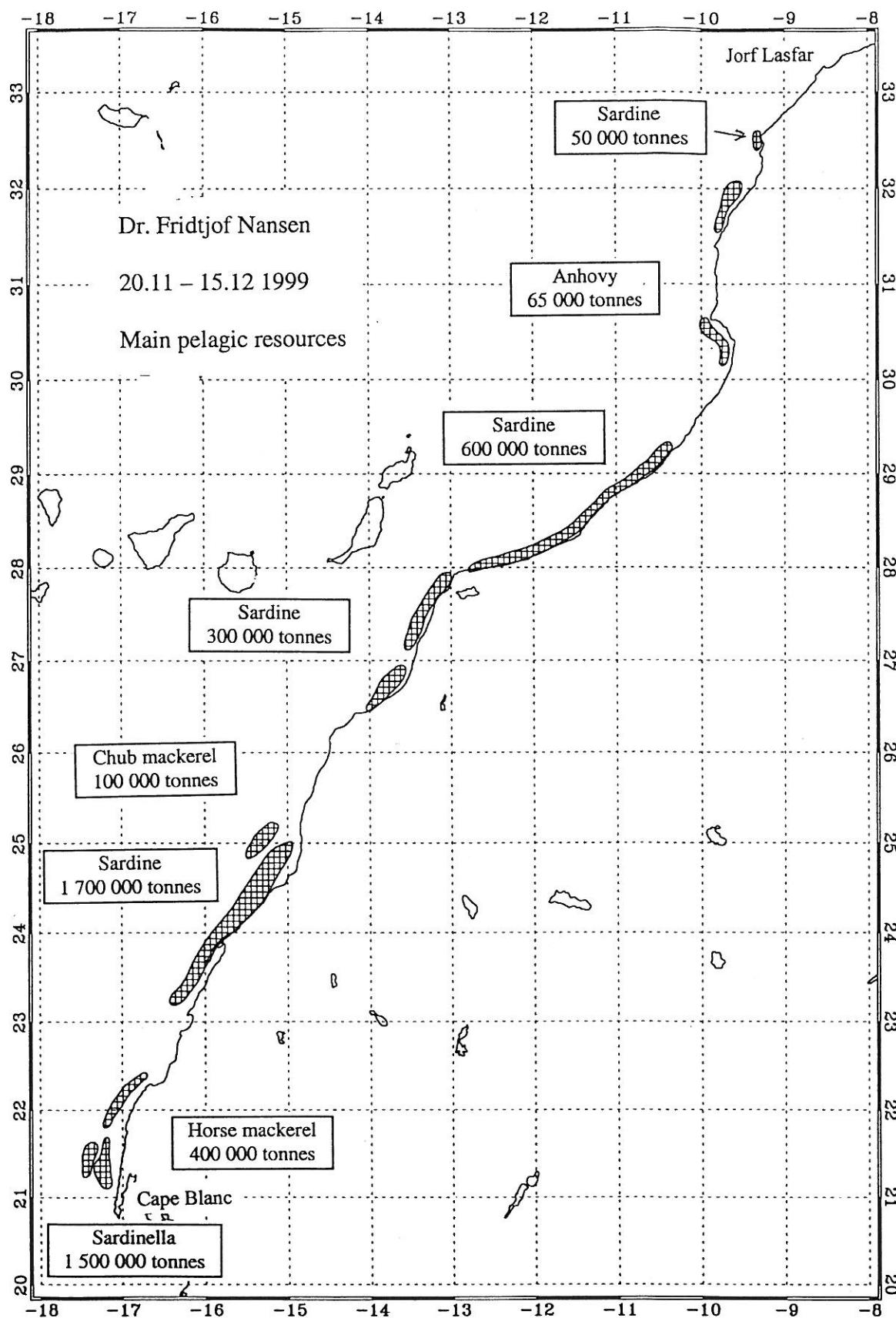


Figure 16. Map of the major pelagic fish concentrations with estimated abundance (thousand tonnes), Cape Blanc to Cape Cantin.

Horse mackerel was found in concentrations between Cape Blanc and Cape Barbas, as a continuation of the distribution recorded in Mauritania. Further north, horse mackerel was generally scattered. The biomass of horse mackerel was estimated to 500 000 tonnes compared to 640 000 tonnes in 1998. The total estimate of horse mackerel from Cape Verde to Cape Bojador is 470 000 tonnes compared to 875 000 tonnes in 1997.

Anchovy registrations were poor. Some concentrations were found off Agadir and between Cape Sim and Cape Cantin. The biomass was estimated to 100 000 tonnes, a considerable decrease from 400 000 tonnes in 1998, but more in line with the 60 000 estimate in 1997.

### **Trends 1995-99, sardine**

Figure 17 shows the biomass estimates of sardine compared with results from previous "Dr. Fridtjof Nansen" surveys. Fig. 14 shows the biomass figures 1995-99 by length classes. The sardine stock between Cape Blanc and Cape Juby has undergone a dramatic change since the survey in November 1996. The stock estimate has declined from 5.3 million tonnes in late 1996 to 870 thousand tonnes in 1997. A slow growth in a population with poor recruitment was observed during 1998 and the recent strong increase observed in 1999, both from intrinsic growth and good recruitment, signify that the stock is recovering well.

The central stock between Cape Juby and Safi seems to have grown well also during 1999, from 380 to 600 thousand tonnes, and is now approaching the level of the 80ies. The recent growth is both intrinsic and from recruitment, Figure 18, and the stock seems to tolerate the present fishing pressure. The sardine between Cape Bojador and Cape Juby is estimated to 300 thousand tonnes, more or less of the same level as in the previous years survey. It has not been clarified if this fish is part of the central stock, part of the southern stock or forms a separate unit.

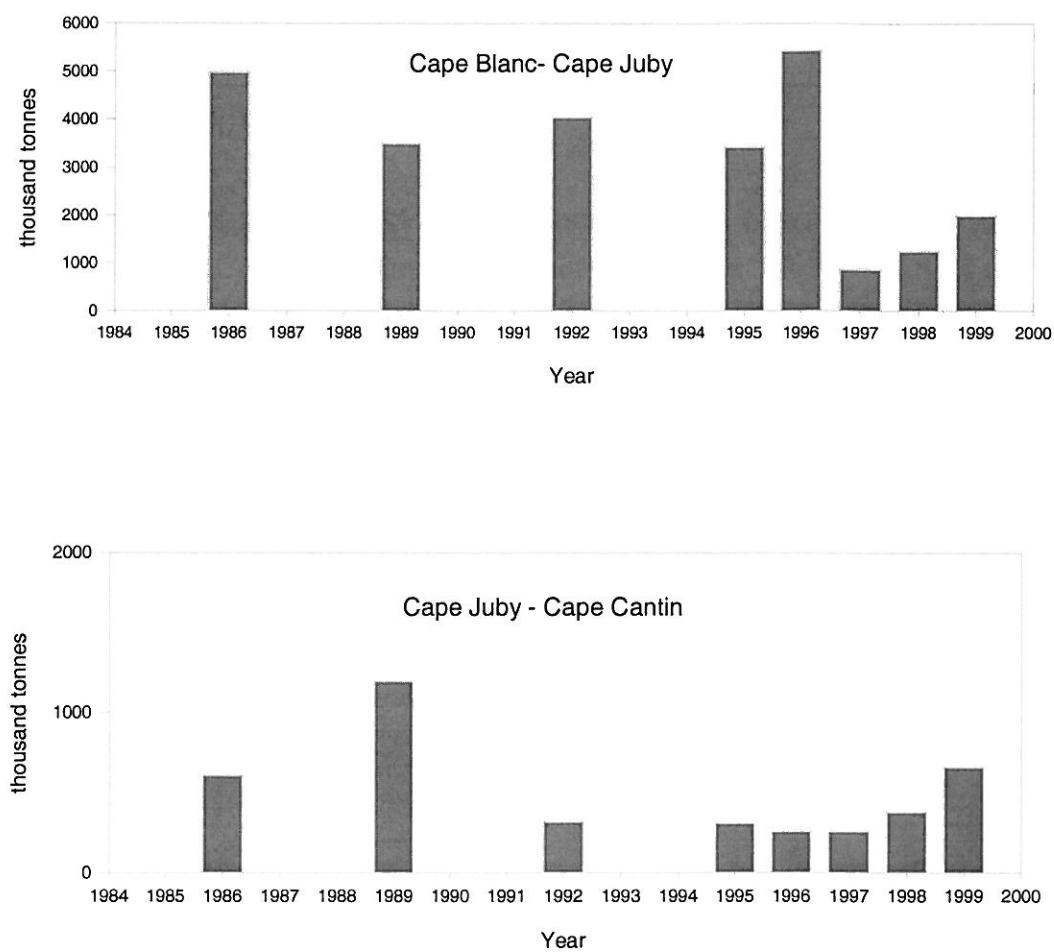


Figure 17 Sardine biomass estimates Cape Blanc-Cape Juby and Cape Juby- Cape Cantin,  
Dr. Fridtjof Nansen 1986-96.

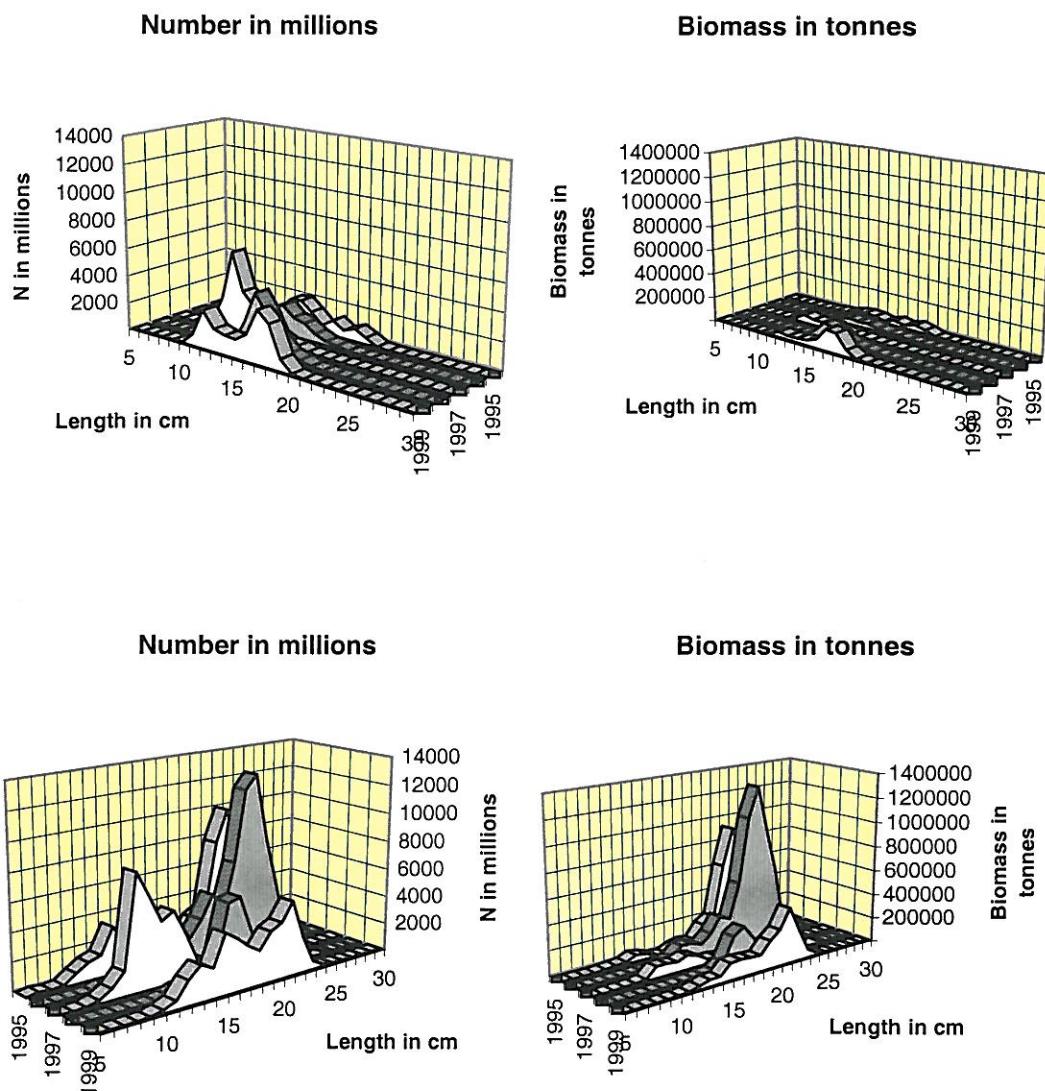


Figure 18 Numbers and biomass by length class, 1995-99. Cape Juby - Cape Cantin (top) and Cape Blanc – Cape Juby (bottom).

## Annex I Biomass and number by fish length class

Sardine (*Sardina pilchardus*)

MOROCCO 1999

Length cm	C.Jubi-C.Cantin		C.Bojador-C.Jubi		C.Blanc-C.Bojador		Total	
	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions
5								
6								
7								
8					121	23	121	23
9			53	7	338	46	392	53
10	715	72	1 299	130	1 208	121	3 223	324
11	11 189	855	3 963	303	3 982	304	19 134	1 463
12	47 061	2 802	10 189	607	19 517	1 162	76 767	4 570
13	35 398	1 673	23 140	1 094	30 776	1 454	89 313	4 221
14	37 439	1 428	21 113	805	34 315	1 309	92 867	3 542
15	43 391	1 355	11 220	350	125 682	3 924	180 293	5 630
16	75 131	1 945	3 760	97	139 114	3 601	218 005	5 643
17	177 014	3 841	10 770	234	124 841	2 709	312 625	6 783
18	168 567	3 096	51 031	937	81 101	1 489	300 699	5 522
19	56 456	885	85 886	1 347	140 478	2 203	282 820	4 435
20	7 428	100	61 994	837	232 670	3 140	302 093	4 077
21	501	6	11 512	135	436 670	5 109	448 682	5 250
22			4 791	49	242 211	2 473	247 002	2 521
23					66 564	596	66 564	596
24					20 638	163	20 638	163
25					5 057	35	5 057	35
26								
27								
28								
29								
30								
Total	660 289	18 057	300 721	6 932	1 705 284	29 863	2 666 293	54 853

**Round sardinella (*Sardinella aurita*)****SENEGAL - THE GAMBIA - MAURITANIA - MOROCCO 1999**

Length cm	Number in millions				Biomass in tonnes			
	Senegal	Mauritania	Morocco	Total	Senegal	Mauritania	Morocco	Total
5		312		312		486		486
6		1 562		1 562		3 980		3 980
7	2	812		815	9	3 162		3 171
8	2	937		940	14	5 284		5 297
9	2	1 312		1 315	19	10 281		10 300
10	5	750	14	769	51	7 901	150	8 102
11	1	830	28	860	18	11 454	387	11 859
12	60	1 437	250	1 747	1 058	25 372	4 419	30 849
13	130	4 311	998	5 439	2 891	95 590	22 118	120 599
14	218	3 955	929	5 102	5 970	108 331	25 461	139 763
15	129	2 241	163	2 533	4 302	74 794	5 443	84 538
16	184	128	37	349	7 389	5 158	1 483	14 030
17	264			264	12 619			12 619
18	313	18	0	332	17 661	1 019	0	18 680
19	300	10	1	312	19 764	689	65	20 519
20	131	76	1	208	10 004	5 821	76	15 901
21	127	45	2	174	11 154	3 943	175	15 272
22	155	40	16	211	15 629	4 035	1 600	21 264
23	271	69	19	359	31 028	7 902	2 161	41 091
24	404	41	6	451	52 276	5 292	772	58 340
25	389	36	8	433	56 646	5 258	1 194	63 098
26	301	48	1	350	49 209	7 792	162	57 164
27	144	36	1	181	26 251	6 603	181	33 035
28	407	17		425	82 468	3 488		85 956
29	208	32		240	46 701	7 139		53 840
30	227	11	16	255	56 191	2 754	4 056	63 001
31	137	32	247	416	37 314	8 586	67 322	113 222
32	49	75	314	439	14 775	22 532	93 836	131 143
33	16	73	389	479	5 387	24 002	127 206	156 594
34	16	94	273	384	5 877	33 471	97 449	136 797
35		81	245	326		31 363	94 910	126 273
36		49	633	682		20 729	266 348	287 076
37		10	198	208		4 614	90 147	94 761
38			139	139			68 554	68 554
39			1	1			453	453
40			23	23			13 090	13 090
41							12 464	12 464
42			1	1			563	563
43								
44								
45								
46								
47								
48								
49								
50								
Total	4 597	19 484	4 954	29 035	572 674	558 824	1 002 245	2 133 743

**Flat sardinella (*Sardinella maderensis*)****SENEGAL - THE GAMBIA - MAURITANIA - MOROCCO 1999**

Length cm	Number in millions				Biomass in tonnes			
	Senegal	Mauritania	Morocco	Total	Senegal	Mauritania	Morocco	Total
5								
6	55			55	141			141
7	250	125		375	973	486		1 459
8	353	2 249		2 602	1 989	12 681		14 671
9	155	2 187		2 342	1 216	17 136		18 352
10	101	3 062		3 163	1 067	32 262		33 329
11	57	687		744	785	9 481		10 266
12	188	312		500	3 311	5 516		8 826
13	337			337	7 481			7 481
14	197			197	5 394			5 394
15	310			310	10 358			10 358
16	192			192	7 693			7 693
17	161			161	7 703			7 703
18	296			296	16 659			16 659
19	260			260	17 097			17 097
20	525			525	40 076			40 076
21	557			557	48 987			48 987
22	646			646	64 925			64 925
23	786			786	89 889			89 889
24	1 299			1 299	168 136			168 136
25	753	2		756	109 757	358		110 115
26	557	8	1	566	90 948	1 334	162	92 445
27	219	41	1	261	39 867	7 443	181	47 492
28	215	62	4	281	43 445	12 577	805	56 827
29	80	68	2	150	17 981	15 201	446	33 628
30	56	72	94	222	13 839	17 774	23 243	54 856
31	6	35	117	158	1 562	9 569	31 982	43 113
32		16	344	361	0	4 882	102 841	107 722
33		28	396	424	0	9 278	129 351	138 629
34		34	370	404	0	12 016	131 826	143 842
35		34	140	174	0	13 077	54 423	67 499
36		3	24	27		1 420	10 074	11 494
37								
38								
39								
40								
41			1	1			525	525
42								
43			1	1			603	603
44								
45								
46								
47								
48								
49								
50								
Total	8 611	9 027	1 495	19 133	811 280	182 490	486 461	1 480 230

**Anchovy (*Engraulis encrasicolus*)****MOROCCO 1999**

Length cm	C.Jubi-C.Cantin		C.Blanc-C.Jubi		Total	
	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions
5						
6						
7	114	50	63	28	177	78
8	873	263	914	276	1 787	539
9	1 915	414	2 808	606	4 723	1 020
10	2 645	423	8 444	1 351	11 089	1 774
11	13 827	1 684	11 999	1 461	25 827	3 145
12	24 881	2 359	3 780	358	28 660	2 717
13	19 249	1 449			19 249	1 449
14	2 326	141			2 326	141
15	83	4			83	4
16	67	3			67	3
17						
18						
19						
20						
Total	65 979	6 790	28 008	4 080	93 987	10 870

**Atlantic horse mackerel (*Trachurus trachurus*)****MOROCCO 1999**

Length cm	C.Jubi-C.Cantin		C.Blanc-C.Jubi		Total	
	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10			116	11.0	116	11.0
11			848	61.5	848	61.5
12			1 547	87.6	1 547	87.6
13			1 757	79.2	1 757	79.2
14			3 483	127.1	3 483	127.1
15	627	18.8	2 050	61.4	2 677	80.2
16	2 948	73.4	2 646	65.9	5 594	139.3
17	1 416	29.6	3 058	64.0	4 474	93.6
18	285	5.1	2 265	40.2	2 550	45.3
19	1 056	16.0			1 056	16.0
20	272	3.6	71	0.9	342	4.5
21	274	3.1			274	3.1
22	313	3.1			313	3.1
23						
24						
25						
26			1 049	6.4	1 049	6.4
27			7 023	38.6	7 023	38.6
28	297	1.5	6 506	32.1	6 802	33.6
29	1 027	4.6	5 764	25.7	6 790	30.3
30	770	3.1	4 771	19.3	5 542	22.4
31			6 999	25.7	6 999	25.7
32			7 677	25.7	7 677	25.7
33						
34			4 581	12.9	4 581	12.9
35			12 463	32.1	12 463	32.1
36			16 237	38.6	16 237	38.6
37			2 932	6.4	2 932	6.4
38	4 606	9.3	3 169	6.4	7 775	15.8
39	8 282	15.6			8 282	15.6
40	5 351	9.3			5 351	9.3
41	7 668	12.5	7 914	12.9	15 583	25.3
42	2 057	3.1			2 057	3.1
43	4 407	6.2			4 407	6.2
44	2 357	3.1			2 357	3.1
45						
Total	44 013	221.0	104 925	881.7	148 937	1102.7

**Cunene horse mackerel (*Trachurus trecae*)****MOROCCO 1999**

Length cm	C.Juby-C.Cantin		C.Blanc-C.Juby		Total	
	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10			47	4.5	47	4.5
11			3 419	247.9	3 419	247.9
12			18 840	1 067.2	18 840	1 067.2
13			33 326	1 503.1	33 326	1 503.1
14			16 961	619.1	16 961	619.1
15			5 697	170.7	5 697	170.7
16			10 359	258.0	10 359	258.0
17			5 753	120.4	5 753	120.4
18			2 142	38.0	2 142	38.0
19			3 946	59.9	3 946	59.9
20			6 510	85.3	6 510	85.3
21			22 588	257.0	22 588	257.0
22			34 183	339.9	34 183	339.9
23			22 637	197.9	22 637	197.9
24			23 283	179.9	23 283	179.9
25			10 509	72.1	10 509	72.1
26			15 561	95.3	15 561	95.3
27			6 900	37.9	6 900	37.9
28			1 980	9.8	1 980	9.8
29			6 301	28.1	6 301	28.1
30			4 534	18.3	4 534	18.3
31			2 663	9.8	2 663	9.8
32			5 472	18.3	5 472	18.3
33			5 985	18.3	5 985	18.3
34						
35						
36			7 715	18.3	7 715	18.3
37			8 358	18.3	8 358	18.3
38			4 517	9.2	4 517	9.2
39						
40						
41						
42						
43						
44						
45						
Total	0	0	290 187	5 502.5	290 187	5 502.5

**Cunene horse mackerel (*Trachurus trecae*)****SENEGAL - THE GAMBIA - MAURITANIA - MOROCCO 1999**

Length cm	Number in millions				Biomass in tonnes			
	Senegal	Mauritania	Morocco	Total	Senegal	Mauritania	Morocco	Total
5								
6								
7								
8		44.2		44.2		249		249
9	4.4	126.0	4.5	130.4	35	987		1 022
10	126.1	163.6	4.5	294.2	1 329	1 724	47	3 100
11	176.1	579.1	247.9	1 003.1	2 428	7 988	3 419	13 836
12	169.9	1 186.1	1 067.2	2 423.2	2 999	20 940	18 840	42 780
13	87.8	1 989.5	1 503.1	3 580.4	1 947	44 109	33 326	79 382
14	20.2	844.1	619.1	1 483.4	552	23 123	16 961	40 636
15	6.2	224.4	170.7	401.3	205	7 489	5 697	13 392
16	3.5	57.2	258.0	318.6	139	2 297	10 359	12 795
17	1.2	41.7	120.4	163.3	59	1 994	5 753	7 805
18	14.1	4.7	38.0	56.8	797	263	2 142	3 202
19	34.6	11.2	59.9	105.8	2 281	736	3 946	6 963
20	82.5	9.0	85.3	176.9	6 302	690	6 510	13 502
21	66.6	11.0	257.0	334.5	5 857	963	22 588	29 407
22	19.3	55.3	339.9	414.5	1 936	5 562	34 183	41 681
23	12.6	9.0	197.9	219.5	1 437	1 034	22 637	25 107
24		34.8	179.9	214.7		4 506	23 283	27 788
25			72.1	72.1			10 509	10 509
26	1.3	17.4	95.3	114.0	213	2 842	15 561	18 616
27	1.3	43.5	37.9	82.7	238	7 928	6 900	15 066
28	2.9	60.9	9.8	73.6	582	12 336	1 980	14 899
29	0.7		28.1	28.8	146		6 301	6 447
30	0.7	8.7	18.3	27.7	161	2 154	4 534	6 849
31			9.8	9.8			2 663	2 663
32	1.3		18.3	19.6	390		5 472	5 861
33			18.3	18.3			5 985	5 985
34								
35								
36			18.3	18.3			7 715	7 715
37			18.3	18.3			8 358	8 358
38			9.2	9.2			4 517	4 517
39								
40								
41								
42								
43								
44								
45								
Total	833.2	5 521.5	5 502.5	11 857.2	30 033	149 913	290 187	470 134

**Chub mackerel (*Scomber japonicus*)****MOROCCO 1999**

Length cm	C.Jubi-C.Cantin		C.Bojador-C.Jubi		C.Blanc-C.Bojador		Total	
	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions	tonnes	N millions
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14					23	1.1	23	1.1
15			163	6.1	546	20.4	709	26.4
16	3 653	113.0	681	21.1	8 684	268.5	13 018	402.5
17	18 026	467.1	3 335	86.4	25 091	650.2	46 451	1 203.8
18	16 210	355.6	1 993	43.7	39 551	867.6	57 754	1 266.9
19	17 333	324.7	490	9.2	44 167	827.3	61 991	1 161.2
20	16 946	273.2	622	10.0	14 023	226.1	31 591	509.3
21	11 434	159.8	544	7.6	8 480	118.5	20 457	285.9
22	4 391	53.5			4 809	58.6	9 200	112.2
23	3 476	37.2	718	7.7	3 547	38.0	7 741	82.8
24	1 286	12.1	814	7.7	1 320	12.5	3 420	32.3
25	907	7.6			708	5.9	1 615	13.5
26	1 636	12.2			212	1.6	1 848	13.8
27	569	3.8	182	1.2	1 321	8.8	2 072	13.8
28								
29	702	3.8	1 197	6.5	611	3.3	2 509	13.6
30	3 104	15.2	2 645	12.9	856	4.2	6 604	32.3
31			1 457	6.5			1 457	6.5
32								
33			1 752	6.5	894	3.3	2 647	9.8
34								
35								
36								
37								
38								
39								
40								
Total	99 673	1 838.8	16 592	233.0	154 843	3 115.8	271 108	5 187.7

## **Annex II    Records of fishing stations**

PROJECT STATION: 912  
 DATE: 21/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:5 POSITION:Lat N 2050  
 start stop duration Long W 1728  
 TIME : 20:45:36 21:16:02 30 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG : 5807.62 5809.05 1.40 Area code : 3  
 FDEPTH: 0 0 GearCond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 75 77 Validity code:  
 Towing dir: 320° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SH
	weight	numbers		
<i>Trachurus trecae</i>	156.10	6330	55.69	18
<i>Sardinella aurita</i>	43.60	118	15.56	18
<i>Sarda sarda</i>	29.80	20	10.63	18
<i>Sardinella maderensis</i>	26.40	80	9.42	18
<i>Trichiurus lepturus</i>	11.20	10	4.00	18
<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>	7.70	134	2.75	18
<i>Scomber japonicus</i>	3.64	22	1.30	18
<i>Loligo vulgaris</i>	1.82	64	0.65	18
<i>Allotheuthis subulata</i>	0.02	36	0.01	18
Total	280.28		100.01	

DATE:22/11/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2110  
 start stop duration Long W 1730  
 TIME :09:13:21 09:44:32 31 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG :5906.63 5908.39 1.71 Area code : 3  
 FDEPTH: 113 117 Geartond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 113 117 Validity code:  
 Towing dir: 2000 Wire out: 400 m Speed: 33 km\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight	% OF TOT. numbers	C	SAMP.
<i>achurus trecae</i>	38.32	292	34.75	1822
<i>us faber</i>	34.45	52	31.24	
<i>ntex macrophthalmus</i>	30.58	428	27.73	
<i>omber japonicus</i>	3.10	41	2.81	1823
<i>orpaena elongata</i>	1.08	4	0.98	
<i>achurus trachurus</i>	1.05	14	0.95	
<i>gellus acarne</i>	0.62	2	0.56	
<i>nopsis conchifer</i>	0.62	2	0.56	
<i>lotheutis subulata</i>	0.23	58	0.21	
<i>pros aper</i>	0.15	27	0.14	
<i>rranus cabrilla</i>	0.04	2	0.04	
<i>ligo vulgaris</i>	0.02	2	0.02	
<i>LEIDAE</i>	0.02	4	0.02	

PROJECT STATION: 913  
 DATE:22/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 2101  
 start stop duration Long W 1718  
 TIME :01:34:54 02:05:27 31 (min) Purpose code: 1  
 LOG : 58513 23 5852.77 1.48 Area code: 3  
 PDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
 BDEPTH: 57 57 Validity code:  
 Towing dir: 10° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
<i>Sarda sarda</i>	26.67	10	62.40
<i>Loligo vulgaris</i>	6.31	153	14.76
<i>Sardinella aurita</i>	5.85	15	13.69
<i>Trichiurus lepturus</i>	2.71	2	6.34
<i>Aliotheuthis subulata</i>	0.70	244	1.64
<i>Trachurillus trecae</i>	0.27	10	0.63
<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>	0.15	6	0.35
<i>Todaropsis eblanae</i>	0.08	12	0.19
Total	42.74		100.00

DATE:22/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2	POSITION:Lat N 2114	PROJECT STATION: 917
TIME :10:57:08	start stop duration	Long W 1734	
LOG :5916.85	5918.29	1.40	Area code : 3
DEPTH: 285	301		GearCond. code:
BDEPTH: 285	301		Validity code:
Towing dir: 106	Wire out: 850 m.	Spd:30 kn*10	

PROJECT STATION: 914  
 DATE: 22/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT NO:7 POSITION: Lat N 2106  
 Long W 1706  
 start stop duration Purpose code: 1  
 TIME : 04:25:57 04:56:01 30 (min) Area code: 3  
 LOG : 5872.52 5873.91 1.36 GearCond code:  
 FDEPTH: 5 5 Validity code:  
 BDEPTH: 31 31  
 Towing dir: 7ø Wire out: 150 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight	% OF numbers	TOT.	C	SAMP
<i>Campogramma glaycos</i>	11.04	18	38.93		
<i>Sardinella aurita</i>	6.00	18	21.16		
<i>Loligo vulgaris</i>	5.20	150	18.34		
<i>Stromateus fiatola</i>	2.12	8	7.48		
<i>Dicentrarchus punctatus</i>	1.56	2	5.50		
<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>	1.40	12	4.94		
<i>Trachurus trecae</i>	0.60	20	2.12		
<i>Sardinella maderensis</i>	0.40	2	1.41		
<i>Trachurus trachurus</i>	0.04	2	0.14		

CLOPHIDAE	38.81	894	1.28
achurus trachurus	37.73	109	1.24
ryx splendens	37.13	169	1.22
achurus trecae	18.83	99	0.62
dardes sagittatus	13.95	19	0.46
lorophthalmus agassizii	3.38	253	0.11
LEIDAE	3.38	84	0.11
noglossus sp.	0.84	84	0.03
Total	50.00	1000	1.00

DATE:22/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 2111  
 start stop duration (min) Purpose code: 1  
 TIME :06:25:20 06:53:34 28 (min) Area code: 3  
 LOG : 5884.88 5886.30 1.39 Gear cond code: 1  
 FDDEPTH: 5 5  
 BDDEPTH: 47 48 Validity code: 9  
 Towing dir: e Wire out: 150 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR weight numbers	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
<i>Diplodus bellottii</i>	19.93	45	31.10	
<i>Spondyliosoma cantharus</i>	16.71	49	26.07	
<i>Trachurus trecae</i>	11.79	135	18.40	1821
<i>Decapterus rhombus</i>	3.64	21	5.68	
<i>Pomadasys incisus</i>	3.00	17	4.68	
<i>Plectrohinus mediterraneus</i>	2.79	4	4.35	
<i>Diplodus bellottii</i>	1.93	17	3.01	
<i>Sardinella aurita</i>	1.71	4	2.67	
<i>Pagellus bellottii</i>	1.29	9	2.01	
<i>Coligo vulgaris</i>	0.86	58	1.34	
<i>Dentex gibbosus</i>	0.43	2	0.67	
<i>Engraulis encrasicolus</i>	0.02	13	0.03	
<i>Sardina pilchardus</i>	0.00	2		

<i>Cardinella aurita</i>	8.69	21	65.83	1824
<i>Cardinella maderensis</i>	4.51	12	34.17	1825

				PROJECT STATION: 919
DATE:22/11/99		GEAR TYPE: PT No:1	POSITION:Lat N 2120	
TIME	Start	stop	duration	Long W 1710
:16:32:44	17:04:01	31	(min)	Purpose code: 1
LOG	:5955.76	5958.02	2.21	Area code: 3
FDEPTH:	:20	:20		GearCond. code:
HDDEPTH:	:56	:58		Validitu. code:

```

EELIN:          Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 40 km•10
                Validity code: 0

Sorted: 115 Kg      Total catch: 3512.10      CATCH/HOUR: 6797.61

ECIES           CATCH/HOUR   % OF TOT. C   SAMP
                 weight    numbers
ardinella aurita       4415.23     10562    64.95  1826
ardinella maderensis    2284.26      6627    33.60  1827
ichirus lepturus        48.23       45      0.71

```

rda sarda	47.19	17	0.69
xis thazard	2.71	4	0.04
tal	<u>6797.62</u>		<u>99.99</u>

PROJECT STATION: 920  
DATE:22/11/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2129  
start stop duration Long W 1702  
TIME :19:09:34 19:35:01 25 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :5976.59 5977.71 1.11 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 25 25 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 25 25 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 110° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 29 kn\*10

Sorted: 174 Kg Total catch: 1145.18 CATCH/HOUR: 2748.43

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Decapterus rhonchus	825.60 5254	30.04	1828
Diplodus bellottii	599.04 7097	21.80	
Trachurus trecae	568.32 31874	20.68	1829
Pomadasys incisus	245.76 1152	8.94	
Mustelus mustelus	237.84 163	8.65	
Loligo vulgaris	115.20 1421	4.19	
Umbrina cirrosa	49.92 461	1.82	
Argyrosomus regius	26.88 77	0.98	
Sphyraena sphyraena	23.04 2	0.84	
Engraulis encrasicolus	19.20 2074	0.70	1830
Diplodus cervinus cervinus	13.92 10	0.51	
Dicologlossa cuneata	9.22 384	0.34	
Diplodus sargus *	4.56 7	0.17	
Dicentrarchus punctatus	4.32 10	0.16	
Uranoscopus scaber	1.92 2	0.07	
Pagellus bellottii	1.54 77	0.06	
Sardina pilchardus	1.54 2	0.06	
Torpedo torpedo	0.62 2	0.02	
Total	2748.44	100.03	

PROJECT STATION: 925  
DATE:23/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2200  
start stop duration Long W 1658  
TIME :14:32:00 15:03:23 31 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6137.60 6137.62 0.01 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 35 35 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 270° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 65 Kg Total catch: 64.64 CATCH/HOUR: 125.11

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Engraulis encrasicolus	71.96 9681	57.52	1838
Sardina pilchardus	38.21 2241	30.54	1837
Sardinella aurita	9.29 441	7.43	1839
Trichirurus lepturus	3.33 2	2.66	
Decapterus rhonchus	1.35 4	1.08	
Plectorhinchus mediterraneus	0.97 2	0.78	
Total	125.11	100.01	

PROJECT STATION: 926  
DATE:23/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2209  
start stop duration Long W 1653  
TIME :17:01:21 17:35:51 35 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6154.19 6156.42 2.23 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 32 38 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 230° Wire out: 140 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 320 Kg Total catch: 412.66 CATCH/HOUR: 707.42

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Pomatomus saltatrix	489.43 168	69.19	
Sardina pilchardus	111.50 5126	15.76	1840
Engraulis encrasicolus	84.75 14290	11.98	1842
Sardinella aurita	12.21 514	1.73	1841
Sarda sarda	3.94 2	0.56	
Decapterus punctatus	3.19 9	0.45	
Trachurus trecae	1.23 9	0.17	
Campogramma glaycos	1.17 2	0.17	
Total	707.42	100.01	

PROJECT STATION: 927  
DATE:23/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2213  
start stop duration Long W 1719  
TIME :20:35:53 21:05:48 30 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6184.54 6186.12 1.57 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 10 10 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 97 101 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 26° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 32 kn\*10

Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 474.05 CATCH/HOUR: 948.10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Trachurus trecae	600.00 26020	63.28	1844
Trachurus trachurus	173.40 15382	18.29	1843
Scomber japonicus	162.60 2640	17.15	1845
Todarodes sagittatus	5.40 10	0.57	
Auxis thazard	4.80 6	0.51	
Loligo vulgaris	1.60 6	0.17	
HYCROPHIDAE	0.30 150	0.03	
Total	948.10	100.00	

PROJECT STATION: 928  
DATE:24/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 2216  
start stop duration Long W 1645  
TIME :00:59:06 01:09:41 11 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6222.94 6223.54 0.61 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 10 10 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 29 30 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 280° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 35 kn\*10

Sorted: 105 Kg Total catch: 1463.16 CATCH/HOUR: 7980.87

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	6305.45 269329	79.01	1849
Campogramma glaycos	1038.55 2040	13.01	
Decapterus rhonchus	262.25 1167	3.29	1848
Sardinella aurita	244.80 11313	3.07	1847
Scomber japonicus	44.51 371	0.56	
Trachurus trecae	36.11 447	0.45	1846
Loligo vulgaris	24.00 251	0.30	
Pomatomus saltatrix	23.13 33	0.29	
Dicentrarchus punctatus	2.07 5	0.03	
Total	7980.87	100.01	

PROJECT STATION: 929  
DATE:24/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:5 POSITION:Lat N 2228  
start stop duration Long W 1656  
TIME :03:40:14 04:09:36 29 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6246.21 6247.72 1.49 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 10 10 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 57 57 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 360° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 2 Kg Total catch: 1.76 CATCH/HOUR: 3.64

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Loligo vulgaris	3.43 21	94.23	
Alloteuthis subulata	0.21 60	5.77	
Total	3.64	100.00	

PROJECT STATION: 924  
DATE:23/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2146  
start stop duration Long W 1703  
TIME :06:33:57 06:56:42 23 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6066.41 6067.69 1.25 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 0 0 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 40 40 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 110° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 35 kn\*10

Sorted: 63 Kg Total catch: 345.26 CATCH/HOUR: 900.68

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Trachurus trecae	803.48 42430	89.21	1836
Ioligo vulgaris	31.57 89	3.51	
Decapterus rhonchus	18.26 55	2.03	1835
Sarda sarda	14.61 5	1.62	
Alloteuthis subulata	9.91 496	1.10	
Trichirurus lepturus	7.04 3	0.78	
Scomber japonicus	3.23 26	0.36	
Sardinella aurita	3.13 26	0.35	
Auxis thazard	2.61 3	0.29	
Trachurus trecae	2.19 10	0.24	
Pomadasys incisus	1.77 8	0.20	
Sardinella aurita	1.57 5	0.17	
Sardinella maderensis	0.78 3	0.09	
Ioligo vulgaris	0.52 52	0.06	
Total	900.67	100.01	

PROJECT STATION: 930  
DATE: 24/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2252  
start stop duration Long W 1656  
TIME :14:58:41 15:19:37 21 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6358.30 6359.69 1.39 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 30 30 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 61 60 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 180° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: Kg Total catch: CATCH/HOUR:

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
N O C A T C H	weight numbers		
	0.00		
Total			

PROJECT STATION: 931  
DATE: 24/11/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2251  
start stop duration Long W 1657  
TIME :15:44:00 16:00:34 17 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6361.07 6361.78 0.70 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 61 61 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 61 61 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 20° Wire out: 220 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

Sorted: 36 Kg Total catch: 335.54 CATCH/HOUR: 1184.26

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Trachurus trecae	837.32	49362	70.70
Scomber japonicus	175.34	5019	14.81
Trachurus trachurus	88.94	4002	7.51
Loligo vulgaris	30.92	78	2.61
Zeus faber	18.64	28	1.57
Sardina pilchardus	17.79	191	1.50
Dentex gibbosus	11.58	39	0.98
Spondyliosoma cantharus	2.33	7	0.20
Chelidonichthys obscurus	0.71	11	0.06
Sepia officinalis hierredda	0.35	4	0.03
Mullus surmuletus	0.35	4	0.03
Total	1184.27		100.00

PROJECT STATION: 932  
DATE: 24/11/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2257  
start stop duration Long W 1708  
TIME :16:41:22 18:20:00 29 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6377.75 6379.20 1.41 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 180 174 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 180 174 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 200° Wire out: 600 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

Sorted: 39 Kg Total catch: 68.18 CATCH/HOUR: 141.06

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Scorpaena scrofa	35.75	248	25.34
Trachurus trachurus	25.74	91	18.25
Merluccius senegalensis	20.48	43	14.52
Dentex macrophthalmus	11.79	267	8.36
Octopus vulgaris	8.90	6	6.31
Capros aper	7.82	360	5.54
Todarodes sagittatus	6.00	8	4.25
Scorpaena sp.	5.83	56	4.13
Sepia orbignyanus	4.72	155	3.35
Lepidopus caudatus	4.47	50	3.17
Pagellus acarne	3.72	12	2.64
Macrorhamphosus scolopax	1.99	68	1.41
Citharus linguatula	1.12	37	0.79
Argentina sphyraena	0.87	112	0.62
Serranus cabrilla	0.74	6	0.52
Scomber japonicus	0.62	6	0.44
Allotrichthys subulata	0.25	87	0.18
OPHIDIIDAE	0.25	12	0.18
Total	141.06		100.00

PROJECT STATION: 933  
DATE: 25/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:7 POSITION:Lat N 2256  
start stop duration Long W 1620  
TIME :00:30:35 01:00:02 29 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6440.53 6442.21 1.64 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 28 25 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 12° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 35 kn\*10

Sorted: 25 Kg Total catch: 24.88 CATCH/HOUR: 51.48

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sarda sarda	23.05	6	44.77
Trachurus trecae	16.14	364	31.35
Campogramma glaycos	6.79	25	13.19
Decapterus rhonchus	2.07	14	4.02
Sardinella maderensis	1.94	8	3.77
Pomatomus saltatrix	1.49	6	2.89
Total	51.48		99.99

PROJECT STATION: 934  
DATE: 25/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2304  
start stop duration Long W 1630  
TIME :02:50:06 02:59:45 10 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6457.27 6457.84 0.57 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 33 32 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 120° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 38 Kg Total catch: 4579.20 CATCH/HOUR: 27475.20

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	27475.20	635040	100.00
Total	27475.20		100.00

PROJECT STATION: 935  
DATE: 25/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2307  
start stop duration Long W 1639  
TIME :04:19:14 04:48:54 30 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6468.10 6469.89 1.77 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 38 47 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 292° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Trichiurus lepturus	200.72	130	96.61
Sparus aurata	7.04	2	3.39
Total	207.76		100.00

PROJECT STATION: 936  
DATE: 25/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 2314  
start stop duration Long W 1655  
TIME :06:41:55 07:14:14 32 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6486.29 6487.93 1.60 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 10 10 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 67 64 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 292° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 33 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	24.34	767	35.47
Trichiurus lepturus	18.64	11	27.16
Scomber japonicus	11.70	244	17.05
Trachurus trecae	10.88	531	15.85
Loligo vulgaris	1.80	4	2.62
Trachurus trachurus	1.28	43	1.87
Total	68.64		100.02

PROJECT STATION: 937  
DATE: 25/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2314  
start stop duration Long W 1623  
TIME :13:02:58 13:26:26 23 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6544.91 6546.37 1.44 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 29 28 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 215° Wire out: 120 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: Kg Total catch: CATCH/HOUR:

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
N O C A T C H	weight numbers		
	0.00		
Total			

PROJECT STATION: 938  
DATE: 25/11/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2321  
start stop duration Long W 1620  
TIME :17:00:12 17:29:38 29 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6578.68 6579.99 1.27 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 28 27 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 28 27 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 30° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	666.21	15122	91.40
Trachurus trecae	47.17	1200	6.47
Trachinus draco	5.38	103	0.74
Octopus vulgaris	4.14	4	0.57
Scomber japonicus	3.31	62	0.45
Dentex gibbosus	0.83	21	0.11
Sepia officinalis hierredda	0.62	2	0.09
Loligo vulgaris	0.41	21	0.06
Spondyliosoma cantharus	0.41	2	0.06
Chelidonichthys obscurus	0.41	21	0.06
Total	728.89		100.01

PROJECT STATION: 939  
DATE: 25/11/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 2334  
start stop duration Long W 1646  
TIME :20:26:58 21:00:00 33 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :6607.89 6609.50 1.60 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 10 10 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 71 79 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 296° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	889.09	22464	47.58
Trachurus trecae	649.09	25418	34.74
Trachinus draco	294.55	14220	15.76
Sardina pilchardus	29.45	764	1.58
Trichiurus lepturus	4.18	4	0.22
Loligo vulgaris	2.25	2	0.12
Total	1868.61		100.00

Sorted: 38 Kg Total catch: 1027.74 CATCH/HOUR: 1868.62

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		

Scomber japonicus	889.09	22464	47.58
Trachurus trachurus	649.09	25418	34.74
Trachurus trecae	294.55	14220	15.76
Sardina pilchardus	29.45	764	1.58
Trichiurus lepturus	4.18	4	0.22
Loligo vulgaris	2.25	2	0.12
Total	1868.61		100.00

PROJECT STATION: 940							
DATE:26/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:1	POSITION:Lat N 2335	Long W 1614				
start stop duration							
TIME :01:08:21	01:23:02	15 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6649.80	6650.67	0.85	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 10	10		GearCond.code:				
BDEPTH: 33	31		Validity code:				
Towing dir: 120°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 35 kn*10					
Sorted: 34 Kg	Total catch: 1192.10	CATCH/HOUR: 4768.40					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Sardina pilchardus	3808.00	48316	79.86	1855			
Sardinella aurita	462.00	1400	9.69	1857			
Scomber japonicus	448.00	3500	9.40	1856			
Trachurus trachurus	50.40	840	1.06				
Total	4768.40	100.01					
PROJECT STATION: 941							
DATE:26/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat N 2337	Long W 1607				
start stop duration							
TIME :01:31:58	03:46:20	14 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6667.28	6668.05	0.75	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 5	5		GearCond.code:				
BDEPTH: 29	27		Validity code:				
Towing dir: 55°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 30 kn*10					
Sorted: 35 Kg	Total catch: 414.54	CATCH/HOUR: 1776.60					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Sardina pilchardus	1689.26	19153	95.08	1858			
Sardinella maderensis	50.14	223	2.82				
Loligo vulgaris	16.71	111	0.94				
Campogramma glaycos	14.40	17	0.81				
Pagellus bellottii	4.46	56	0.25				
Scomber japonicus	1.63	4	0.09				
Total	1776.60	99.99					
PROJECT STATION: 942							
DATE:26/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:1	POSITION:Lat N 2402	Long W 1548				
start stop duration							
TIME :17:02:16	17:20:21	18 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6796.64	6797.89	1.23	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 10	10		GearCond.code:				
BDEPTH: 25	24		Validity code:				
Towing dir: 203°	Wire out: 125 m	Speed: 40 kn*10					
Sorted: 69 Kg	Total catch: 484.68	CATCH/HOUR: 1615.60					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Sardina pilchardus	1416.33	15680	87.67	1859			
Sardinella aurita	147.93	1167	9.16	1860			
Sardinella maderensis	51.33	233	3.18	1861			
Total	1615.59	100.01					
PROJECT STATION: 943							
DATE:26/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 2408	Long W 1605				
start stop duration							
TIME :19:27:06	19:57:08	30 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6815.34	6817.30	2.23	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 5	5		GearCond.code:				
BDEPTH: 38	45		Validity code:				
Towing dir: 296°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 40 kn*10					
Sorted: 34 Kg	Total catch: 556.16	CATCH/HOUR: 1112.32					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Sardina pilchardus	659.20	8032	59.26	1862			
Scomber japonicus	448.00	8512	40.28	1863			
Trichiurus lepturus	3.48	2	0.31				
Campogramma glaycos	1.24	2	0.11				
Pomadasys incisus	0.40	2	0.04				
Total	1112.32	100.00					
PROJECT STATION: 944							
DATE:26/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 2416	Long W 1621				
start stop duration							
TIME :22:13:09	22:41:53	29 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6833.41	6834.91	1.48	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 10	10		GearCond.code:				
BDEPTH: 68	70		Validity code:				
Towing dir: 296°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 30 kn*10					
Sorted: 53 Kg	Total catch: 314.32	CATCH/HOUR: 650.32					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Scomber japonicus	391.03	11526	60.13	1864			
Sardina pilchardus	152.69	3310	23.48	1865			
Sepia orbignyana	29.79	74	4.58				
Trichiurus lepturus	26.48	19	4.07				
Trachurus trachurus	20.48	708	3.15	1866			
Trachurus trecae	14.52	633	2.23	1867			
Prionace glauca	9.93	2	1.53				
Loligo vulgaris	5.38	4	0.83				
Total	650.30	100.00					
PROJECT STATION: 945							
DATE:27/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:5	POSITION:Lat N 2424	Long W 1616				
start stop duration							
TIME :04:10:52	04:44:46	34 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6882.09	6883.62	1.52	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 5	5		GearCond.code:				
BDEPTH: 71	68		Validity code: 9				
Towing dir: 115°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 30 kn*10					
Sorted: 4 Kg	Total catch: 3.92	CATCH/HOUR: 6.92					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Sarda sarda	5.72	2	82.66				
Loligo vulgaris	1.09	2	15.75				
Scomber japonicus	0.11	2	1.59				
Total	6.92	100.00					
PROJECT STATION: 946							
DATE:27/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 2409	Long W 1541				
start stop duration							
TIME :08:44:01	09:13:10	29 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6920.98	6923.06	2.06	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 0	0		GearCond.code: 1				
BDEPTH: 21	23		Validity code: 9				
Towing dir: 295°	Wire out: 120 m	Speed: 43 kn*10					
Sorted: 1 Kg	Total catch: 1.19	CATCH/HOUR: 2.46					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Belone svetovidovi *	2.32	58	94.31				
Engraulis encrasiculus	0.12	27	4.88				
Sardina pilchardus	0.02	2	0.81				
Total	2.46	100.00					
PROJECT STATION: 947							
DATE:27/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:7	POSITION:Lat N 2409	Long W 1536				
start stop duration							
TIME :10:27:30	10:56:53	29 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6932.60	6934.11	1.48	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 10	10		GearCond.code: 1				
BDEPTH: 19	19		Validity code: 9				
Towing dir: 22°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 30 kn*10					
Sorted: Kg	Total catch: 0.02	CATCH/HOUR: 0.04					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Engraulis encrasiculus	0.04	4	100.00				
Total	0.04	100.00					
PROJECT STATION: 948							
DATE:27/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2	POSITION:Lat N 2415	Long W 1529				
start stop duration							
TIME :12:09:21	12:32:20	23 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :6943.50	6944.72	1.19	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 20	20		GearCond.code: 1				
BDEPTH: 20	20		Validity code: 9				
Towing dir: 235°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 30 kn*10					
Sorted: 103 Kg	Total catch: 4867.69	CATCH/HOUR: 12698.32					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Diplodus bellottii	11124.65	175135	87.61				
Sardina pilchardus	484.17	6052	3.91	1868			
Pomadasys incisus	435.00	3783	3.43				
Pagellus acarne	295.04	7187	2.32				
Trachurus trachurus	90.78	3404	0.71				
Pagrus pagrus	56.74	190	0.45				
Diplodus vulgaris	56.74	569	0.45				
Loligo vulgaris	53.48	112	0.42				
Mullus surmuletus	26.77	446	0.21				
Scomber japonicus	22.70	378	0.18				
Raja undulata	21.18	10	0.17				
Sparus aurata *	17.43	68	0.14				
Spondyliosoma cantharus	11.35	378	0.09				
Octopus vulgaris	2.30	3	0.02				
Total	12698.33	100.01					
PROJECT STATION: 949							
DATE:27/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:3	POSITION:Lat N 2436	Long W 1551				
start stop duration							
TIME :19:11:59	19:40:45	29 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :7010.25	7012.28	2.00	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 15	15		GearCond.code: 1				
BDEPTH: 43	49		Validity code: 9				
Towing dir: 295°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 40 kn*10					
Sorted: 41 Kg	Total catch: 1437.38	CATCH/HOUR: 2973.89					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Sardina pilchardus	2151.72	29534	72.35	1869			
Scomber japonicus	802.76	18286	26.99	1870			
Belone svetovidovi *	8.28	166	0.28				
Trichiurus lepturus	6.91	2	0.23				
Loligo vulgaris	4.22	4	0.14				
Total	2973.89	99.99					
PROJECT STATION: 950							
DATE:27/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:3	POSITION:Lat N 2426	Long W 1531				
start stop duration							
TIME :22:35:12	22:46:19	11 (min)	Purpose code: 1				
LOG :7038.39	7039.09	0.69	Area code : 3				
FDEPTH: 15	15		GearCond.code: 1				
BDEPTH: 26	27		Validity code: 9				
Towing dir: 294°	Wire out: 120 m	Speed: 35 kn*10					
Sorted: 31 Kg	Total catch: 628.80	CATCH/HOUR: 3429.82					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP			
Sardina pilchardus	3392.73	95613	98.92				
Scomber japonicus	26.18	436	0.76				
Engraulis encrasiculus	6.55	655	0.19				
Belone svetovidovi *	4.36	109	0.13				
Total	3429.82	100.00					
PROJECT STATION:							

PROJECT STATION: 952							PROJECT STATION: 957												
DATE: 28/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2		POSITION:Lat N 2436		start	stop	duration	Long W 1524	DATE: 29/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:6		POSITION:Lat N 2457		start	stop	duration	Long W 1457		
TIME : 03:36:04	04:01:58	26	(min)	Purpose code: 1					TIME : 14:09:27	14:32:01	23	(min)	Purpose code: 1						
LOG : 7078.51	7079.71	1.18		Area code : 3					LOG : 7402.82	7404.21	1.37		Area code : 3						
FDEPTH: 30	30			GearCond.code:					FDEPTH: 25	25	25		GearCond.code:						
BDEPTH: 30	30			Validity code:					BDEPTH: 36	38			Validity code:						
Towing dir: 115°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 30 kn*10							Towing dir: 295°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 40 kn*10								
Sorted: 46 Kg	Total catch:	46.34	CATCH/HOUR:	106.94					Sorted: Kg	Total catch:		CATCH/HOUR:							
SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP						
	weight numbers									weight numbers									
SOLEIDAE		55.11	8266	51.53					N O C A T C H		0.00								
Sardina pilchardus		29.72	408	27.79	1874														
Scomber japonicus		8.91	155	8.33	1873														
Trachinus veptra		8.77	242	8.20															
Chelidonichthys obscurus		0.88	30	0.82															
Dicologlossa cuneata		0.78	14	0.73															
Sepia officinalis hierredda		0.78	7	0.73															
Pagellus bellottii		0.60	5	0.56															
Trachurus trachurus		0.55	9	0.51															
Loligo vulgaris		0.42	5	0.39															
Solea sp.		0.21	7	0.22															
Boops boops		0.18	5	0.17															
Total		106.93		99.98															
SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP						
	weight numbers									weight numbers									
SOLEIDAE		55.11	8266	51.53					N O C A T C H		0.00								
Sardina pilchardus		29.72	408	27.79	1874														
Scomber japonicus		8.91	155	8.33	1873														
Trachinus veptra		8.77	242	8.20															
Chelidonichthys obscurus		0.88	30	0.82															
Dicologlossa cuneata		0.78	14	0.73															
Sepia officinalis hierredda		0.78	7	0.73															
Pagellus bellottii		0.60	5	0.56															
Trachurus trachurus		0.55	9	0.51															
Loligo vulgaris		0.42	5	0.39															
Solea sp.		0.21	7	0.22															
Boops boops		0.18	5	0.17															
Total		106.93		99.98															
SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP						
	weight numbers									weight numbers									
SOLEIDAE		55.11	8266	51.53					N O C A T C H		0.00								
Sardina pilchardus		29.72	408	27.79	1874														
Scomber japonicus		8.91	155	8.33	1873														
Trachinus veptra		8.77	242	8.20															
Chelidonichthys obscurus		0.88	30	0.82															
Dicologlossa cuneata		0.78	14	0.73															
Sepia officinalis hierredda		0.78	7	0.73															
Pagellus bellottii		0.60	5	0.56															
Trachurus trachurus		0.55	9	0.51															
Loligo vulgaris		0.42	5	0.39															
Solea sp.		0.21	7	0.22															
Boops boops		0.18	5	0.17															
Total		106.93		99.98															
PROJECT STATION: 953							PROJECT STATION: 958												
DATE: 28/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2		POSITION:Lat N 2506		start	stop	duration	Long W 1610	DATE: 29/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:6		POSITION:Lat N 2445		start	stop	duration	Long W 1507		
TIME : 10:43:41	11:13:17	30	(min)	Purpose code: 1					TIME : 18:47:42	19:21:50	34	(min)	Purpose code: 1						
LOG : 7146.84	7148.26	1.34		Area code : 3					LOG : 7445.82	7447.81	1.98		Area code : 3						
FDEPTH: 241	255			GearCond.code:					FDEPTH: 5	5	5		GearCond.code:						
BDEPTH: 241	255			Validity code:					BDEPTH: 33	31			Validity code:						
Towing dir: 241°	Wire out: 700 m	Speed: 30 kn*10							Towing dir: 98°	Wire out: 130 m	Speed: 33 kn*10								
Sorted: 41 Kg	Total catch:	120.72	CATCH/HOUR:	241.44					Sorted: 37 Kg	Total catch:	2053.15	CATCH/HOUR:	3623.21						
SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP						
	weight numbers									weight numbers									
SOLEIDAE		127.36	848	52.75					N O C A T C H		0.00								
Sardina pilchardus		75.52	624	31.28															
Dentex macrophthalmus		17.04	64	7.06															
Merluccius senegalensis		7.12	42	2.95															
Zeus faber		7.04	1360	2.92															
Capros aper		1.76	1360	2.92															
Mullus surmuletus		1.76	6	0.73															
Trachurus trachurus		1.52	8	0.63															
Illies coindetii		0.96	10	0.40															
Trachinus draco		0.80	8	0.33															
Microchirus boscanion		0.48	80	0.20															
Shrimps, small, non comm.		0.48	176	0.20															
PORTRUNIDAE		0.32	48	0.13															
Sepia orbigniana		0.32	8	0.13															
Citharus linguatula		0.32	8	0.13															
Macrorhamphosus scolopax		0.16	16	0.07															
Allotheutis subulata		0.16	24	0.07															
Scorpaena sp.		0.08	16	0.03															
Total		241.44		100.01															
PROJECT STATION: 954							PROJECT STATION: 959												
DATE: 28/11/99	GEAR TYPE: BT No:2		POSITION:Lat N 2444		start	stop	duration	Long W 1515	DATE: 29/11/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:6		POSITION:Lat N 2444		start	stop	duration	Long W 1510		
TIME : 17:08:23	17:38:49	30	(min)	Purpose code: 1					TIME : 03:00:39	03:29:28	29	(min)	Purpose code: 1						
LOG : 7208.57	7210.16	1.55		Area code : 3					LOG : 7519.44	7521.31	1.84		Area code : 3						
FDEPTH: 33	34			GearCond.code:					FDEPTH: 5	5	5		GearCond.code:						
BDEPTH: 33	34			Validity code:					BDEPTH: 28	29			Validity code:						
Towing dir: 292°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 30 kn*10							Towing dir: 228°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 40 kn*10								
Sorted: 37 Kg	Total catch:	170.74	CATCH/HOUR:	341.48					Sorted: 22 Kg	Total catch:	22.38	CATCH/HOUR:	46.30						
SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP					SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP						
	weight numbers									weight numbers									
SOLEIDAE		251.00	5272	73.50	1875				N O C A T C H		0.00								
Sardina pilchardus		78.00	1938	22.84	1876														
Trachurus trachurus		3.20	70	0.94															
Raja clavata		2.48	2	0.73															
Octopus vulgaris		2.16	4	0.63															
Trachurus trachurus		1.80	40	0.53															
Loligo vulgaris		1.20	6	0.35															
Mullus surmuletus		0.84	2	0.25															

PROJECT STATION: 963  
DATE: 1/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2522  
start stop duration Long W 1504  
TIME :09:42:15 10:20:04 38 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :7835.00 7837.33 2.28 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 42 40 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 69 70 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 227° Wire out: 300 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

Sorted: 123 Kg Total catch: 123.10 CATCH/HOUR: 194.37

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Trichiurus lepturus	170.21	178	87.57	
Scomber japonicus	24.16	406	12.43	1893
Total	194.37	100.00		

PROJECT STATION: 968  
DATE: 3/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:6 POSITION:Lat N 2640  
start stop duration Long W 1354  
TIME :03:01:49 03:31:20 30 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8218.87 8220.68 1.76 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 52 48 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 140° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 113 Kg Total catch: 112.77 CATCH/HOUR: 225.54

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Trichiurus lepturus	219.08	164	97.14	
Sardina pilchardus	5.64	88	2.50	1901
Alloteuthis subulata	0.56	210	0.25	
Sepia orbignyana	0.24	4	0.11	
Sepiola rondeleti	0.02	30	0.01	
Total	225.54	100.01		

PROJECT STATION: 964  
DATE: 1/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:5 POSITION:Lat N 2527  
start stop duration Long W 1447  
TIME :14:37:00 15:03:55 27 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :7877.97 7879.82 1.75 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code: 1  
BDEPTH: 31 30 Validity code: 9  
Towing dir: 210° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 4 Kg Total catch: 3.58 CATCH/HOUR: 7.96

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Campagnuma glaycos	0.73	7	97.11	
Sardina pilchardus	0.22	2	2.76	
Total	7.95	99.87		

PROJECT STATION: 969  
DATE: 3/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2712  
start stop duration Long W 1336  
TIME :12:58:35 13:14:07 16 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8313.31 8314.36 1.04 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 60 60 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 81 79 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 28° Wire out: 300 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 1039.92 CATCH/HOUR: 3899.70

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Sardina pilchardus	3546.90	53550	90.95	1902
Scomber japonicus	273.00	7245	7.00	1903
Engraulis encrasicolus	79.80	4305	2.05	1904
Total	3899.70	100.00		

PROJECT STATION: 965  
DATE: 2/12/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2613  
start stop duration Long W 1448  
TIME :11:32:47 11:58:43 26 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8085.98 8087.25 1.25 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 200 182 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 200 182 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 190° Wire out: 600 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

Sorted: 67 Kg Total catch: 92.18 CATCH/HOUR: 212.72

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Dentex macrocanthus	61.38	651	28.85	
Dentex macrourus	54.00	688	25.39	
Zeus faber	32.17	23	15.12	
Merluccius senegalensis	26.72	53	12.56	
Lagocephalus laevigatus	9.78	7	4.60	
Zenopsis conchifera	8.91	5	4.19	
Trachurus trachurus	7.66	32	3.60	1894
Umbrina canariensis	3.05	9	1.43	
Illex coindetii	2.22	25	1.04	
Lepidopus caudatus	1.89	32	0.89	
Scomber japonicus	1.85	5	0.87	
Callanthias ruber	1.48	129	0.70	
Hollus surmuletus	0.60	2	0.28	
Chelidonichthys obscurus	0.51	2	0.24	
Argentinas spumaena	0.28	23	0.13	
Alloteuthis subulata	0.18	74	0.08	
Citharus linguatula	0.05	5	0.02	
Total	212.73	99.99		

PROJECT STATION: 970  
DATE: 3/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:3 POSITION:Lat N 2718  
start stop duration Long W 1326  
TIME :15:44:13 15:52:49 9 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8335.98 8335.91 0.63 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 15 15 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 27 31 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 237° Wire out: 200 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 50 Kg Total catch: 99.28 CATCH/HOUR: 661.87

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Sardina pilchardus	401.87	6147	60.72	1906
Campagnuma glaycos	176.27	227	26.63	
Spondyliosoma cantharus	59.73	320	9.02	
Scomber japonicus	24.00	160	3.63	1905
Total	661.87	100.00		

PROJECT STATION: 966  
DATE: 2/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:6 POSITION:Lat N 2625  
start stop duration Long W 1424  
TIME :18:57:40 19:26:20 29 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8142.09 8143.94 1.85 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 28 26 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 220° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 33 kn\*10

Sorted: 82 Kg Total catch: 81.56 CATCH/HOUR: 168.74

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Spondyliosoma cantharus	91.45	416	54.20	
Sardinella aurita	33.39	97	19.79	1895
Trachinotus ovatus	25.70	72	15.23	
Scomber japonicus	9.06	19	5.37	
Sarda sarda	6.29	2	3.73	
Sardinella maderensis	2.65	4	1.57	1896
Boops boops	0.21	4	0.12	
Total	168.75	100.01		

PROJECT STATION: 971  
DATE: 6/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2751  
start stop duration Long W 1324  
TIME :17:40:45 17:53:24 13 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8709.29 8710.06 0.74 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 100 100 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 173 256 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 225° Wire out: 450 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 1 Kg Total catch: 1.24 CATCH/HOUR: 5.72

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Lepidopus caudatus	5.45	106	95.28	
Maurilicus muelleri	0.28	198	4.90	
Total	5.73	100.18		

PROJECT STATION: 967  
DATE: 2/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:6 POSITION:Lat N 2628  
start stop duration Long W 1406  
TIME :22:48:29 23:18:30 30 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8180.28 8180.25 1.97 Area code: 3  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 29 29 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 70° Wire out: 130 m Speed: 33 kn\*10

Sorted: 33 Kg Total catch: 64.06 CATCH/HOUR: 128.12

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Sardina pilchardus	47.20	4236	36.84	1897
Sarpa salpa	26.32	76	20.54	
Engraulis encrasicolus	20.40	5612	15.92	1898
Scomber japonicus	20.24	256	15.80	1899
Trachinotus ovatus	5.36	28	4.18	
Trachurus trachurus	5.28	120	4.12	1900
Liza ramada	2.36	2	1.84	
Pagellus bellottii	0.64	4	0.50	
Loligo vulgaris	0.56	4	0.44	
Boops boops	0.32	8	0.25	
Diplodus bellottii	0.16	4	0.12	
Total	128.84	100.55		

PROJECT STATION: 972  
DATE: 7/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2802  
start stop duration Long W 1305  
TIME :02:57:40 03:16:00 18 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8788.91 8790.23 1.29 Area code: 2  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 73 73 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 30° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 32 Kg Total catch: 64.26 CATCH/HOUR: 214.20

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Sardina pilchardus	213.07	10193	99.47	1907
Scomber japonicus	0.80	20	0.37	
Engraulis encrasicolus	0.13	27	0.06	
Alloteuthis subulata	0.13	47	0.06	
Sepia bertheloti	0.07	13	0.03	
Total	214.20	99.99		

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.	C	SAMP
	weight numbers			
Engraulis encrasicolus	682.06	104315	49.66	1908
Sardina pilchardus	627.10	40065	45.66	1909
Diplodus bellottii	35.61	697	2.59	
Octopus vulgaris	5.42	4	0.39	
Scomber japonicus	5.34	31	0.39	1910
Alloteuthis subulata	4.65	852	0.34	
Pagellus bellottii	3.87	39	0.28	
Campagnuma glaycos	3.48	6	0.25	
Pomatomus saltatrix	2.17	2	0.16	
Loligo vulgaris	1.66	4	0.12	
Loligo vulgaris	1.55	116	0.11	
Trachurus trachurus	0.50	10	0.04	
Total	1373.41	99.99		

PROJECT STATION: 974  
DATE: 7/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2833  
start stop duration Long W 1235  
TIME :14:30:00 14:55:00 25 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8892.00 8893.40 1 40 Area code : 2  
FDEPTH: 85 85 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 105 101 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 176° Wire out: 400 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: Kg Total catch: CATCH/HOUR:

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
NOCATCH	0.00		

PROJECT STATION: 975  
DATE: 7/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:4 POSITION:Lat N 2837  
start stop duration Long W 1209  
TIME :20:31:39 21:03:00 31 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :8949.49 8951.09 2 23 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 104 101 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 169° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 30 kn\*10

Sorted: 34 Kg Total catch: 405.12 CATCH/HOUR: 784.10

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Scomber japonicus	725.11 18128	92.48	1911
Engraulis encrasicolus	54.35 2950	6.93	1912
Sardina pilchardus	4.65 70	0.59	

Total 784.11 100.00

PROJECT STATION: 976  
DATE: 8/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2858  
start stop duration Long W 1139  
TIME :05:22:37 05:35:16 13 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9022.23 9023.20 0.95 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 25 25 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 111 114 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 340° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 325.80 CATCH/HOUR: 1503.69

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Scomber japonicus	1481.54 24692	98.53	1913
Sardina pilchardus	22.15 346	1.47	1914

Total 1503.69 100.00

PROJECT STATION: 977  
DATE: 8/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:3 POSITION:Lat N 2828  
start stop duration Long W 1134  
TIME :10:18:15 10:49:26 31 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9070.55 9072.43 1.86 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 30 30 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 51 56 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 0° Wire out: 200 m Speed: 35 kn\*10

Sorted: 36 Kg Total catch: 284.06 CATCH/HOUR: 549.79

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	548.13 8880	99.70	1915
Scomber japonicus	1.51 37	0.27	1916
Trachinus draco	0.15 15	0.03	

Total 549.79 100.00

PROJECT STATION: 978  
DATE: 8/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2826  
start stop duration Long W 1141  
TIME :13:32:29 13:42:46 10 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9097.92 9098.68 0.76 Area code : 2  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 52 53 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 7° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 440.00 CATCH/HOUR: 2640.00

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	1128.96 27792	42.76	1917
Engraulis encrasicolus	1088.64 67932	41.24	1918
Scomber japonicus	421.92 10962	15.98	1919

Total 2639.52 99.98

PROJECT STATION: 979  
DATE: 8/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:3 POSITION:Lat N 2819  
start stop duration Long W 1147  
TIME :15:57:26 16:22:34 25 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9118.43 9120.28 1.82 Area code : 2  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 45 40 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 131° Wire out: 250 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 50 Kg Total catch: 50.06 CATCH/HOUR: 120.14

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Scomber japonicus	94.66 2170	78.79	1920
Sardina pilchardus	17.38 295	14.47	1921
Engraulis encrasicolus	7.25 1067	6.03	1922
Trachinotus ovatus	0.96 2	0.80	

Total 120.25 100.09

PROJECT STATION: 980  
DATE: 8/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:6 POSITION:Lat N 2815  
start stop duration Long W 1154  
TIME :18:31:48 18:49:17 17 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9139.73 9140.67 0.92 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 38 40 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 14° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 35 kn\*10

Sorted: 35 Kg Total catch: 3012.74 CATCH/HOUR: 10633.20

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	10620.00 349341	99.88	1923
Engraulis encrasicolus	12.00 1800	0.11	
Alloteutis subulata	1.20 300	0.01	

Total 10633.20 100.00

PROJECT STATION: 981  
DATE: 8/12/99 GEAR TYPE: BT No:2 POSITION:Lat N 2813  
start stop duration Long W 1211  
TIME :23:07:22 23:25:48 18 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9183.73 9184.82 1.06 Area code : 2  
FDEPTH: 45 45 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 45 45 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 140° Wire out: 200 m Speed: 33 kn\*10

Sorted: 34 Kg Total catch: 236.89 CATCH/HOUR: 789.63

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Trachurus trachurus	317.20 7710	40.17	1925
Scomber japonicus	254.80 3420	32.27	1924
Engraulis encrasicolus	42.80 3200	5.42	1926
Pomadasys incisus	38.40 440	4.86	
Pagellus acarne	30.80 160	3.90	
Argyrosomus hololepidotus	30.00 3	3.80	
Sardina pilchardus	20.80 510	2.63	1927
Pagellus bellottii	16.20 160	2.05	
Trachinus draco	15.20 360	1.92	
Boops boops	9.20 240	1.17	
Chelidonichthys obscurus	5.20 100	0.66	
Mullus surmuletus	3.03 10	0.38	
Umbrina cirrosa	2.80 20	0.35	
Trisopterus luscus	1.20 20	0.15	
Pegusus lascaris	0.80 3	0.10	
Diplodus bellottii	0.80 20	0.10	
Sepia orbigniana	0.20 20	0.03	
Spondylionota cantharus	0.20 20	0.03	

Total 789.63 99.99

PROJECT STATION: 982  
DATE: 9/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:1 POSITION:Lat N 2838  
start stop duration Long W 1140  
TIME :05:20:21 05:32:17 12 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9245.63 9246.43 0.80 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 20 20 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 64 65 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 64° Wire out: 140 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 31 Kg Total catch: 62.84 CATCH/HOUR: 314.20

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	225.60 3890	71.80	1928
Scomber japonicus	82.00 1810	26.10	1929
Trachinus draco	6.60 90	2.10	

Total 314.20 100.00

PROJECT STATION: 983  
DATE: 9/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No.6 POSITION:Lat N 2900  
start stop duration Long W 1037  
TIME :05:20:21 05:32:17 12 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9424.88 9425.59 0.58 Area code : 2  
FDEPTH: 5 5 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 30 29 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 60° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 35 kn\*10

Sorted: 77 Kg Total catch: 2184.24 CATCH/HOUR: 11914.04

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Sardina pilchardus	11522.29 550058	96.71	1930
Engraulis encrasicolus	96.38 10882	0.81	1931
Scomber japonicus	87.05 1707	0.73	
Chelidonichthys lucerna	74.62 153	0.63	
Pagellus acarne	68.40 933	0.57	
Diplodus bellottii	37.31 464	0.31	
Trachurus trachurus	27.98 775	0.23	

Total 11914.03 99.99

PROJECT STATION: 984  
DATE: 10/12/99 GEAR TYPE: PT No:3 POSITION:Lat N 2914  
start stop duration Long W 1034  
TIME :05:15:18 05:28:45 13 (min) Purpose code: 1  
LOG :9476.74 9477.59 0.83 Area code : 3  
FDEPTH: 15 15 GearCond.code:  
BDEPTH: 56 58 Validity code:  
Towing dir: 325° Wire out: 150 m Speed: 40 kn\*10

Sorted: 37 Kg Total catch: 74.62 CATCH/HOUR: 344.40

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP
	weight numbers		
Engraulis encrasicolus	183.88 13851	53.39	1933
Sardina pilchardus	160.25 3572	46.53	1932
Belonidae	0.28 5	0.08	

Total 344.41 100.00

PROJECT STATION: 985						
DATE:10/12/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:3	POSITION:Lat N 2933	start stop duration	Long W 1007	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :14:19:01	14:41:52	23 (min)			Area code : 2	
LOG :9565.15	9566.77	1.60			GearCond.code:	
FDEPTH: 20	20				BDEPTH: 39	Validity code:
Towing dir: 215°	Wire out: 240 m	Speed: 40 kn*10				
Sorted: 37 Kg	Total catch: 739.20	CATCH/HOUR: 1928.35				
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP			
	weight numbers					
Sardina pilchardus	1928.35	36003	100.00	1934		
Total	1928.35		100.00			
PROJECT STATION: 986						
DATE:10/12/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:6	POSITION:Lat N 2948	start stop duration	Long W 954	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :19:00:45	19:24:32	24 (min)			Area code : 3	
LOG :9607.93	9609.22	1.27			GearCond.code:	
FDEPTH: 10	10				BDEPTH: 36	Validity code:
Towing dir: 220°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 33 kn*10				
Sorted: 34 Kg	Total catch: 1004.40	CATCH/HOUR: 2511.00				
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP			
	weight numbers					
Sardina pilchardus	654.00	14835	26.05	1935		
Scomber japonicus	628.50	8758	25.03	1938		
Diplodus vulgaris	595.50	2775	23.72			
Trachurus trachurus	192.00	3825	7.65	1937		
Pomadasys incisus	157.50	2325	6.27			
Engraulis encrasicolus	91.50	17750	3.64	1936		
Boops boops	88.50	600	3.52			
Pagellus acarne	31.50	225	1.25			
Sarpa salpa	31.50	75	1.25			
Chelidonichthys lucerna	12.00	75	0.48			
Spondyliosoma cantharus	10.50	150	0.42			
Pagellus bellottii	9.00	75	0.36			
Belone belone	9.00	150	0.36			
Total	2511.00		100.00			
PROJECT STATION: 987						
DATE:11/12/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 3005	start stop duration	Long W 945	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :00:26:18	00:57:23	31 (min)			Area code : 2	
LOG :9655.58	9657.39	1.79			GearCond.code:	
FDEPTH: 5	5				BDEPTH: 83	Validity code:
Towing dir: 284°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 40 kn*10				
Sorted: 38 Kg	Total catch: 152.42	CATCH/HOUR: 295.01				
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP			
	weight numbers					
Engraulis encrasicolus	293.57	31008	99.51	1939		
Trachurus trachurus	1.12	2	0.38			
Scomber japonicus	0.23	4	0.08			
Allotheutis subulata	0.08	15	0.03			
Total	295.00		100.00			
PROJECT STATION: 988						
DATE:11/12/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:1	POSITION:Lat N 3040	start stop duration	Long W 955	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :12:48:06	13:11:06	23 (min)			Area code : 2	
LOG :9755.54	9757.14	1.55			GearCond.code:	
FDEPTH: 30	20				BDEPTH: 53	Validity code:
Towing dir: 200°	Wire out: 200 m	Speed: 40 kn*10				
Sorted: 37 Kg	Total catch: 229.20	CATCH/HOUR: 597.91				
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP			
	weight numbers					
Engraulis encrasicolus	565.70	46717	97.96	1940		
Trachurus trachurus	7.20	10	1.20			
Lepidopus caudatus	4.07	3	0.68			
Scomber japonicus	0.78	3	0.13			
Allotheutis subulata	0.16	47	0.03			
Total	597.91		100.00			
PROJECT STATION: 989						
DATE:12/12/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:3	POSITION:Lat N 3151	start stop duration	Long W 935	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :13:23:02	13:35:07	12 (min)			Area code : 2	
LOG :992.76	9993.60	0.81			GearCond.code:	
FDEPTH: 20	20				BDEPTH: 30	Validity code:
Towing dir: 220°	Wire out: 240 m	Speed: 40 kn*10				
Sorted: 31 Kg	Total catch: 164.24	CATCH/HOUR: 821.20				
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP			
	weight numbers					
Engraulis encrasicolus	555.50	55505	67.64	1942		
Sardina pilchardus	220.50	15225	26.85	1941		
Lepidopus caudatus	26.20	15	3.19			
Trachurus trachurus	7.50	25	0.91			
Scomber japonicus	6.40	110	0.78			
Pagellus acarne	5.10	10	0.62			
Total	821.20		99.99			
PROJECT STATION: 990						
DATE:12/12/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:4	POSITION:Lat N 3219	start stop duration	Long W 922	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :21:47:54	22:16:34	29 (min)			Area code : 2	
LOG :75.32	76.90	1.56			GearCond.code:	
FDEPTH: 10	10				BDEPTH: 46	Validity code:
Towing dir: 10°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 36 kn*10				
Sorted: 35 Kg	Total catch: 292.66	CATCH/HOUR: 605.50				
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP			
	weight numbers					
Engraulis encrasicolus	488.28	36958	80.64	1943		
Sardina pilchardus	93.68	2648	15.47	1944		
Lepidopus caudatus	12.91	6	2.13			
Trachurus trachurus	3.68	6	0.61			
Pagellus acarne	2.57	6	0.42			
Stromateus fiatola	1.99	2	0.33			
Diplodus vulgaris	1.03	2	0.17			
Allotroctonus subulata	0.99	430	0.16			
Chelidonichthys lucerna	0.21	2	0.03			
Sepiola rondeleti	0.17	50	0.03			
Total	605.51		99.99			
PROJECT STATION: 991						
DATE:13/12/99	GEAR TYPE: PT No:6	POSITION:Lat N 3233	start stop duration	Long W 920	Purpose code: 1	
TIME :04:44:24	05:03:43	19 (min)			Area code : 3	
LOG :141.60	142.77	1.16			GearCond.code:	
FDEPTH: 5	5				BDEPTH: 36	Validity code:
Towing dir: 144°	Wire out: 150 m	Speed: 40 kn*10				
Sorted: 58 Kg	Total catch: 480.40	CATCH/HOUR: 1517.05				
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	SAMP			
	weight numbers					
Sardina pilchardus	1400.59	29507	92.32	1945		
Scomber japonicus	48.51	644	3.20			
Trachurus trachurus	37.58	76	2.48			
Diplodus sargus *	12.51	13	0.82			
Lepidopus caudatus	10.80	6	0.71			
Engraulis encrasicolus	4.55	303	0.30			
Dicentrarchus labrax	2.08	3	0.14			
Chelidonichthys lucerna	0.44	3	0.03			
Total	1517.06		100.00			

### **Annex III Instruments and fishing gear used**

The Simrad EK-500, 38kHz echo scientific sounder was used during the survey for fish abundance estimation. The Bergen Echo Integrator system (BEI) logging the echogram raw data from the sounder, was used to scrutinize the acoustic records, and to allocate integrator data to fish species. All raw data was stored to tape, and a backup of the database of scrutinized data, stored. The details of the settings of the 38kHz where as follows:

<b>Transceiver-1 menu</b>	Transducer depth	5.5 - 7.5 m
	Absorbtion coeff.	10 dB/km
	Pulse length	medium (1ms)
	Bandwidth	wide
	Max power	2000 Watt
	2-way beam angle	-21.0 dB
	SV transducer gain	27.45 dB
	TS transducer gain	27.65 dB
	Angle sensitivity	21.9
	3 dB beamwidth	6.8 dg
	Alongship offset	-0.03 dg
	Athwardship offset	0.06 dg
<b>Display menu</b>	Echogram	1
	Bottom range	10 m
	Bottom range start	10 m
	TVG	20 log R
	Sv colour min	-67 dB
	TS Colour minimum	-60 dB
<b>Printer- menu</b>	Range	0 - 50 or 0 -100 m and 100 - 350m
	TVG	20 log R
	Sv colour min	-63 dB
<b>Bottom detection menu</b>	Minimum level	-40 dB

A calibration experiment using a standard copper sphere, performed in Baia dos Elefantos 12 August 1999 gave the following results:

Sv Transducer gain 27.45 dB  
Ts Transducer gain 27.65 dB

## Fishing gear

The vessel has two different sized "Åkrahamn" pelagic trawls and one "Gisund super" bottom trawl. For all trawls, the Tyborøn, 7.8m<sup>2</sup> (1670 kg) trawl doors were used. Complete drawings of the trawls used are included.