

2011 BCC SURVEY

SURVEY TO DETERMINE SPAWNING OF THE DEEP WATER HAKE *M. PARADOXUS* IN THE NORTHERN Benguela REGION OFF NAMIBIA

Cruise report No 9/2011

23 September – 8 October 2011

Bergen, October 2011

Institute of Marine Research

Norway



THE EAF-NANSEN PROJECT

FAO started the implementation of the project "Strengthening the Knowledge Base for and Implementing an Ecosystem Approach to Marine Fisheries in Developing Countries (EAF-Nansen GCP/INT/003/NOR)" in December 2006 with funding from the Norwegian Agency for Development Cooperation (Norad). The EAF-Nansen project is a follow-up to earlier projects/programmes in a partnership involving FAO, Norad and the Institute of Marine Research (IMR), Bergen, Norway on assessment and management of marine fishery resources in developing countries. The project works in partnership with governments and also GEF-supported Large Marine Ecosystem (LME) projects and other projects that have the potential to contribute to some components of the EAF-Nansen project.

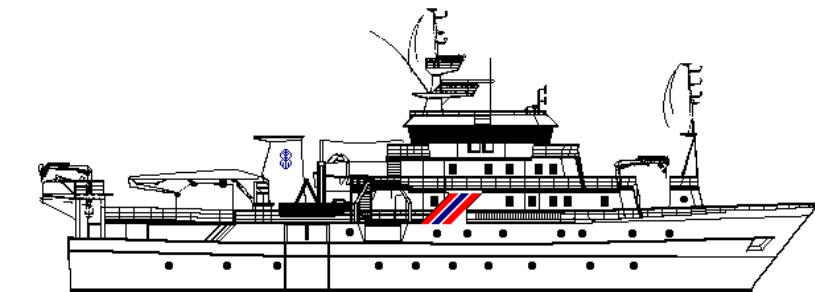
The EAF-Nansen project offers an opportunity to coastal countries in sub-Saharan Africa, working in partnership with the project, to receive technical support from FAO for the development of national and regional frameworks for the implementation of Ecosystem Approach to Fisheries management and to acquire additional knowledge on their marine ecosystems for their use in planning and monitoring. The project contributes to building the capacity of national fisheries management administrations in ecological risk assessment methods to identify critical management issues and in the preparation, operationalization and tracking the progress of implementation of fisheries management plans consistent with the ecosystem approach to fisheries.

LE PROJET EAF-NANSEN

La FAO a initié la mise en oeuvre du projet "Renforcement de la base des connaissances pour mettre en œuvre une approche écosystémique des pêcheries marines dans les pays en développement (EAF-Nansen GCP/INT/003/NOR)" en décembre 2006. Le projet est financé par de l'Agence norvégienne de coopération pour le développement (Norad). Le projet EAF-Nansen fait suite aux précédents projets/ programmes dans le cadre du partenariat entre la FAO, Norad et l'Institut de recherche marine (IMR) de Bergen en Norvège, sur l'évaluation et l'aménagement des ressources halieutiques dans les pays en développement. Le projet est mis en oeuvre en partenariat avec les gouvernements et en collaboration avec les projets grands écosystèmes marins (GEM) soutenus par le Fonds pour l'Environnement Mondial (FEM) et d'autres projets régionaux qui ont le potentiel de contribuer à certains éléments du projet EAF-Nansen.

Le projet EAF-Nansen offre l'opportunité aux pays côtiers de l'Afrique subsaharienne partenaires de recevoir un appui technique de la FAO pour le développement de cadres nationaux et régionaux visant une approche écosystémique de l'aménagement des pêches et la possibilité d'acquérir des connaissances complémentaires sur leurs écosystèmes marins. Ces éléments seront utilisés pour la planification et le suivi des pêcheries et de leurs écosystèmes. Le projet contribue à renforcer les capacités des administrations nationales responsables de l'aménagement des pêches en introduisant des méthodes d'évaluation des risques écologiques pour identifier les questions d'aménagement d'importance majeure ainsi que la préparation, la mise en œuvre et le suivi des progrès de la mise en œuvre de plans d'aménagement des ressources marines conformes à l'approche écosystémique des pêches.





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By

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Bergen October 2011

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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

To date there has been limited search for spawning deep sea hake (*Merluccius paradoxus*) in Namibian waters. Conclusions drawn from annual hake survey data are that the species spawns in South African waters, with juveniles transported into Namibian nursery grounds. However, gonad maturity data collected during routine Namibian biomass surveys (1990-2010) show that large (>60cm) and stage 4 (ripe and running) fish are found in Namibian waters all the way from the orange river border to the north, as far as 20°S. It still remains uncertain though whether, and if so, exactly where and when, deep sea hake spawn in Namibian waters. This needs to be investigated thoroughly, in order to establish whether recruitment to the Namibian deep sea hake population comes from, as currently assumed, solely from the southern Benguela, or from a Namibian spawning population(s).

1.1 Objectives

The primary objectives of the survey were:

- to conduct bottom trawling between 400 and 1000 m depth, largely based on positions trawled on during the annual hake survey
- to sample the adult population of *M. paradoxus* and inspect maturity stages in order to identify spawning fish and locate potential spawning locations geographically
- to conduct multisampler stations at < 500 m bottom depth in order to collect hake eggs and larvae and identify potential spawning areas geographically
- to collect gonad samples of *M. paradoxus* for later histological analysis
- to collect environmental and hydroacoustic data to improve our understanding of the link between the environment and the distribution of the hakes, and the fish community structure in the distribution areas of the hake.

1.2 Participants

The scientific staff that participated on this survey consisted of:

- Lauren Abels, Samantha Ockhuis (*BCRE, South Africa*)
- Sarah Paulus, Suama Kashava, Malakia Shimanda, Johnny Gamatham, Ernestus Kangombe, Heniritha Sibanda (*NatMIRC, Namibia*)
- Oddgeir Alvheim, Arved Staby, Jan Frode Wilhelmsen, (*IMR, Norway*)
- Britta Grote (*ZMT Bremen, Germany*)

CHAPTER 2 MATERIALS AND METHODS

2.1 Registration of weather conditions

The underway weather data onboard *Dr. Fridtjof Nansen* are logged with the Aanderaa Weather Station unit, fitted with the following sensors:

Sensor type	Measurement units
Air temperature	Degrees °C
Wind speed	M/s
Solar radiation	W/m ²
Wind direction	Degrees re. the magnetic N. Pole
Sea surface temperature	Degrees °C

All sensors but sea surface temperature (SST) are mounted on a mast positioned at midship, about 20 meters above sea level. The SST sensor is located at the intake of the water for cooling the engine and its readings are representative to a water layer at about 5 meters below the sea level.

The weather station data were logged continuously throughout the survey. The results presented in this report are based on a standard output from the logging system comprising one nautical mile averages along the ship's track. Only wind speeds (Annex 1) are presented in this report.

2.2 Hydrography

Temperature, salinity and oxygen data were collected with a CTD *Seabird 9 plus* probe between the surface and 10 meters off the bottom before every trawl and multinet station.

2.3 Ichthyoplankton sampling (multinet)

Fish eggs and larvae were sampled with a Hydrobios (Kiel) multinet in 4 depth ranges: 250 – 150 m, 150 – 100 m, 100 – 50 m, and 50 m – surface. The meshsize of the nets was 405 µm and the multinet was towed between 1- 2 knots. The nets were washed down after heaving once at the side of the ship, and the content in the cups analysed under stereo microscopes. Selected eggs and larvae were preserved in ethanol for later inspection.

2.4 Acoustic measurements

Acoustic data was recorded at 18, 38, 120, and 200 kHz, and the data from the 38 kHz transducer scrutinized in LSSS. Results from the echo allocation are not included in this report but were provided on disk to NatMIRC.

2.5 Trawl sampling procedures

The standard bottom trawl of Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, a Gisund Super shrimp cum fish trawl, was used in the survey. A description of the trawl and gear is given in Annex 3. Trawl duration was generally approximately 30 minutes at 3 knots, but could vary according to bottom conditions (when these became unsuitable) and indications of large catch size. The exact time for start and stop of the trawl operation was determined by SCANMAR sensors.

2.5.1 *Handling the catch*

All hake were sampled, when possible. The species composition of the bycatch was determined from 1-2 baskets (depending on the bycatch species diversity and size), and the number and weight of the identified species recorded. For especially big catches all large hake were sampled before the remaining smaller hake were sub-sampled. The number of baskets with bycatch and, in the case of larger catches, hake was estimated before the catch was discarded. Hake were sorted according to sex before the total weight of males and females was determined. Females with stage 2 gonads and higher were selected during the length measuring process and kept separate for later inspection and sampling of the gonads

2.5.2 *Biological data*

Total length (cm) of male and female hake was recorded to the nearest lower cm on electronic measuring boards. Length measurements of all commercially important species were also taken.

Additional biological data - length, weight , gonad maturity stage, and gonad weight - was collected for a total of twenty individual hake. When present all stage 3 females were sampled, otherwise 10 males and 10 females with different maturity stages were sampled. All stage 3 females were selected from the total catch, implying that the absence of stage 3 females for selected stations is indicative of none being caught in the trawl. Since the total number of female fish caught in each catch is known, the the percentage of stage 3 females in each catch could be estimated. The maturity scale used is the one adopted by NatMIRC (Payne, 1986), and is described below. Pictures of the different female maturity stages are shown in Annex 3.

In addition muscle tissue and otoliths were sampled for genetic analysis and ageing studies respectively. For detailed information on biological sampling methods, see MFMRs 'Guidelines for measurements of hake during biomass surveys'.

Stage	Females	Males
1 – inactive	Gonads small, slender, transparent, no visible sign of eggs	Gonads very small, slender, transparent and ribbon-like, unlobed
2 – active	Gonads larger, filling with small pink-orange, opaque eggs	Larger and distended, white opaque, typically lobed
3 – ripe	Gonads large in relation to size, distended and filled with opaque eggs, ovaries bright orange to deep pink	Gonads very large in relation to fish size, white opaque, distended with sperm, with pronounced lobes
4 - ripe and running	Translucent eggs can be extruded through the cloaca with slight abdominal pressure	Gonads very large and distended, with sperm flowing spontaneously
5 – spent	Gonads visually empty, but large, flabby, prominently veined and often bloodshot	Gonads very large, lobed, flabby but not distended

CHAPTER 3 NARRATIVE

The vessel departed Cape Town on Monday 26th September at 15:00 (local time) with a 3 day delay (original date of departure 23rd September), and steamed northwards to the southern area of the northern Benguela region, west of Lüderitz. She arrived at the first trawl station at approximately 23h00 (UTC) on Wednesday 28th September. Due to time constraints the survey area was restricted to the area between 27° – 23° latitude south and 400 – 800 m bottom depth. Trawling was restricted to day time (08h00-19h00) and a total of 36 bottom trawls (station # 1 – 37), 22 multinet - (station # 1 – 22) and 53 CTDO stations (station # 944 – 997) were performed. Trawling was not possible deeper than 600 m between 24°S and 25°S due to ‘bad’ (hard) bottom.

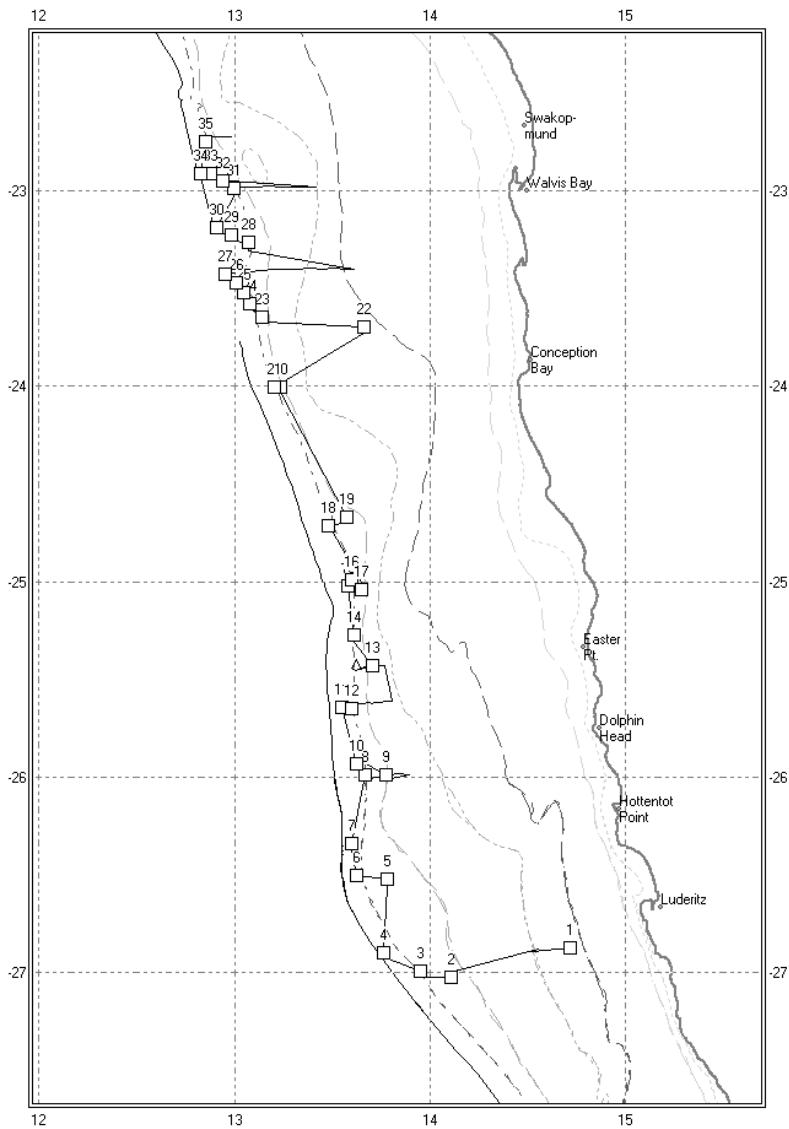


Figure 1: Course track showing the distribution of bottom trawl stations (square symbol).

Unfavorable weather conditions (strong winds and high wave action, see Annex 1 for wind speeds) prevented the collection of multinet data between 30th September and 5th of October. Trawling was interrupted at noon on 3rd October until 14h00 4th October, after two trawls got damaged and needed to be repaired. The vessel arrived at Walvisbay on Saturday 8th October at 12h00.

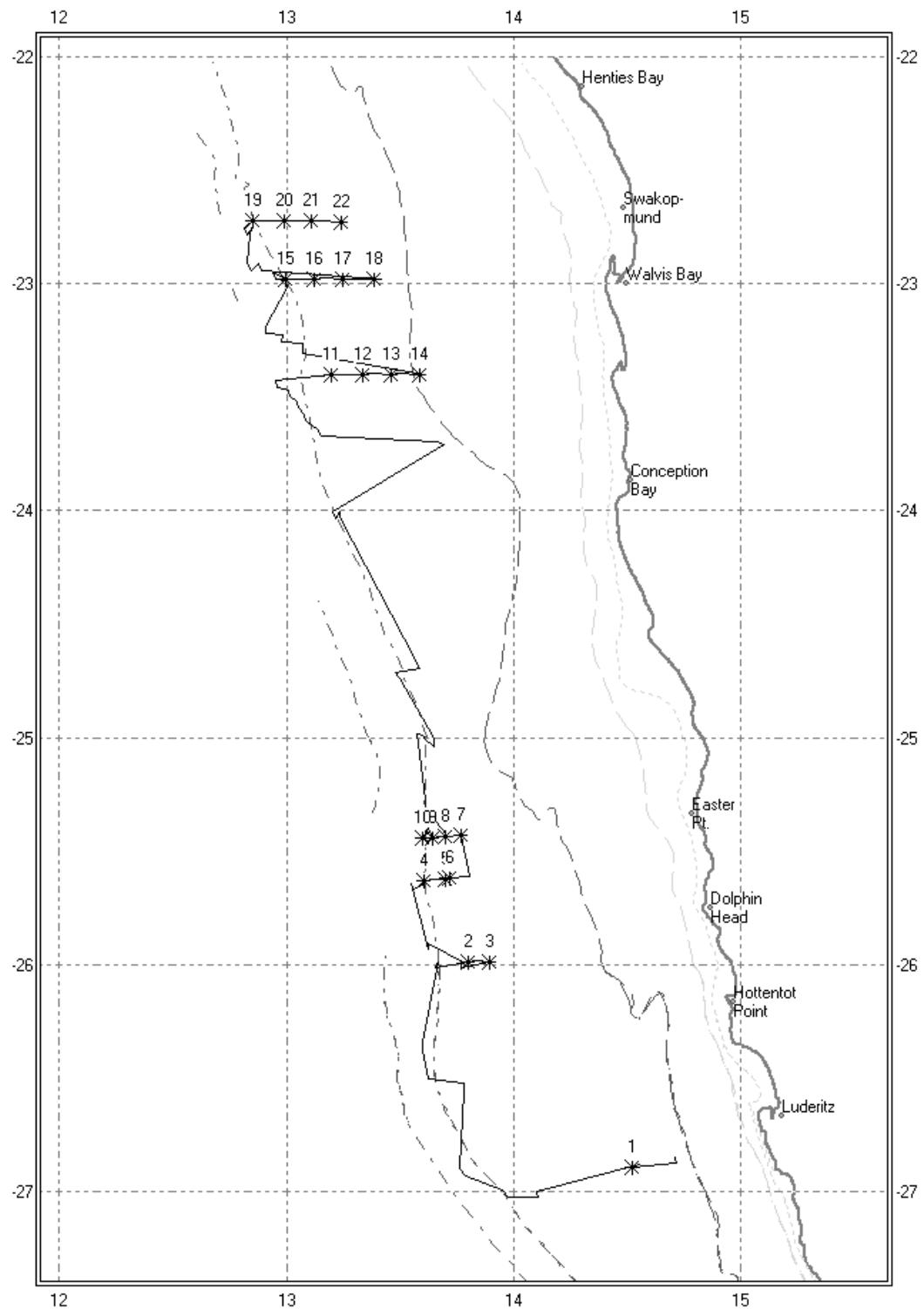


Figure 2: Positions of multinet stations.

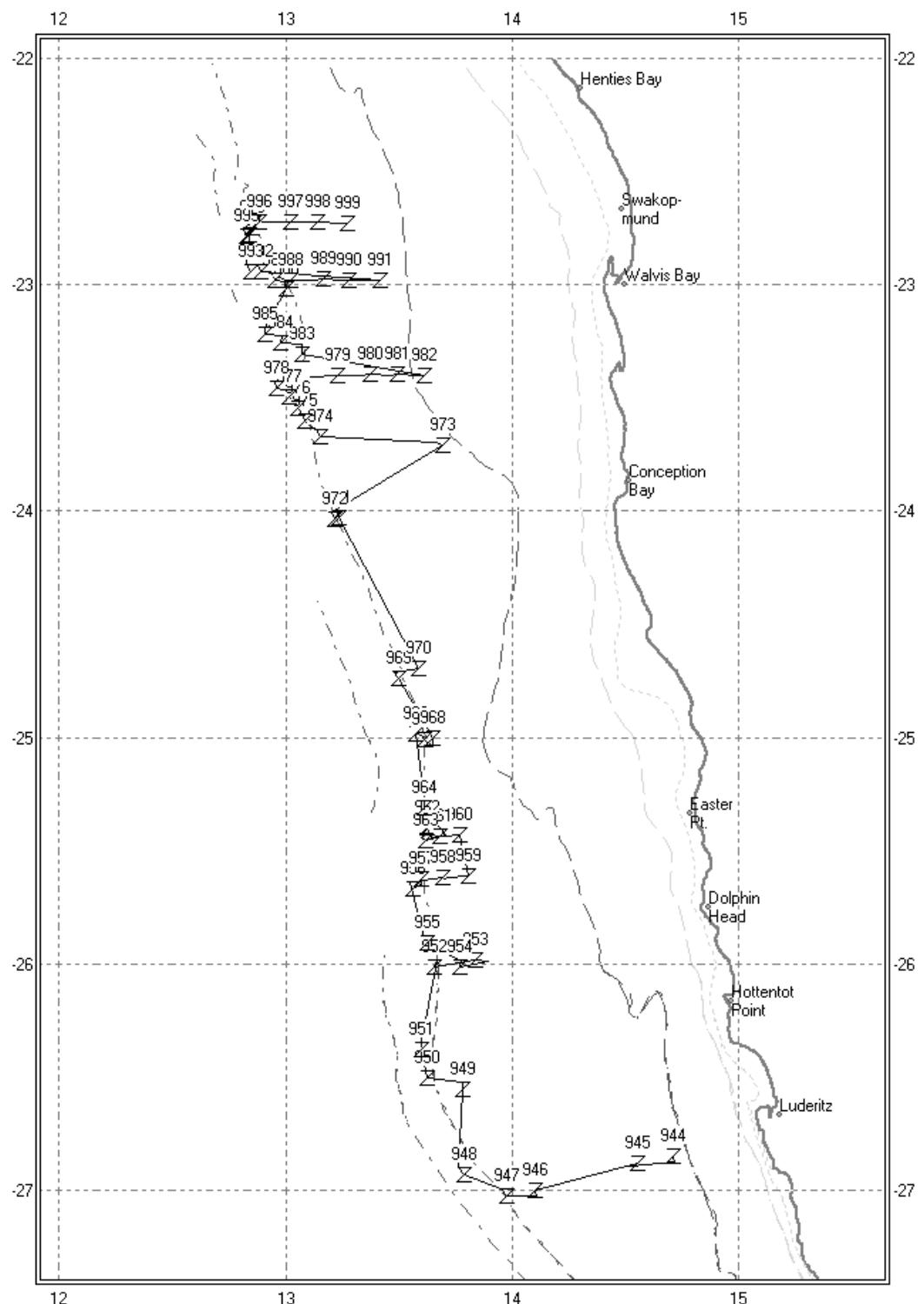


Figure 3: CTDO stations.

CHAPTER 4 RESULTS

Hydrography

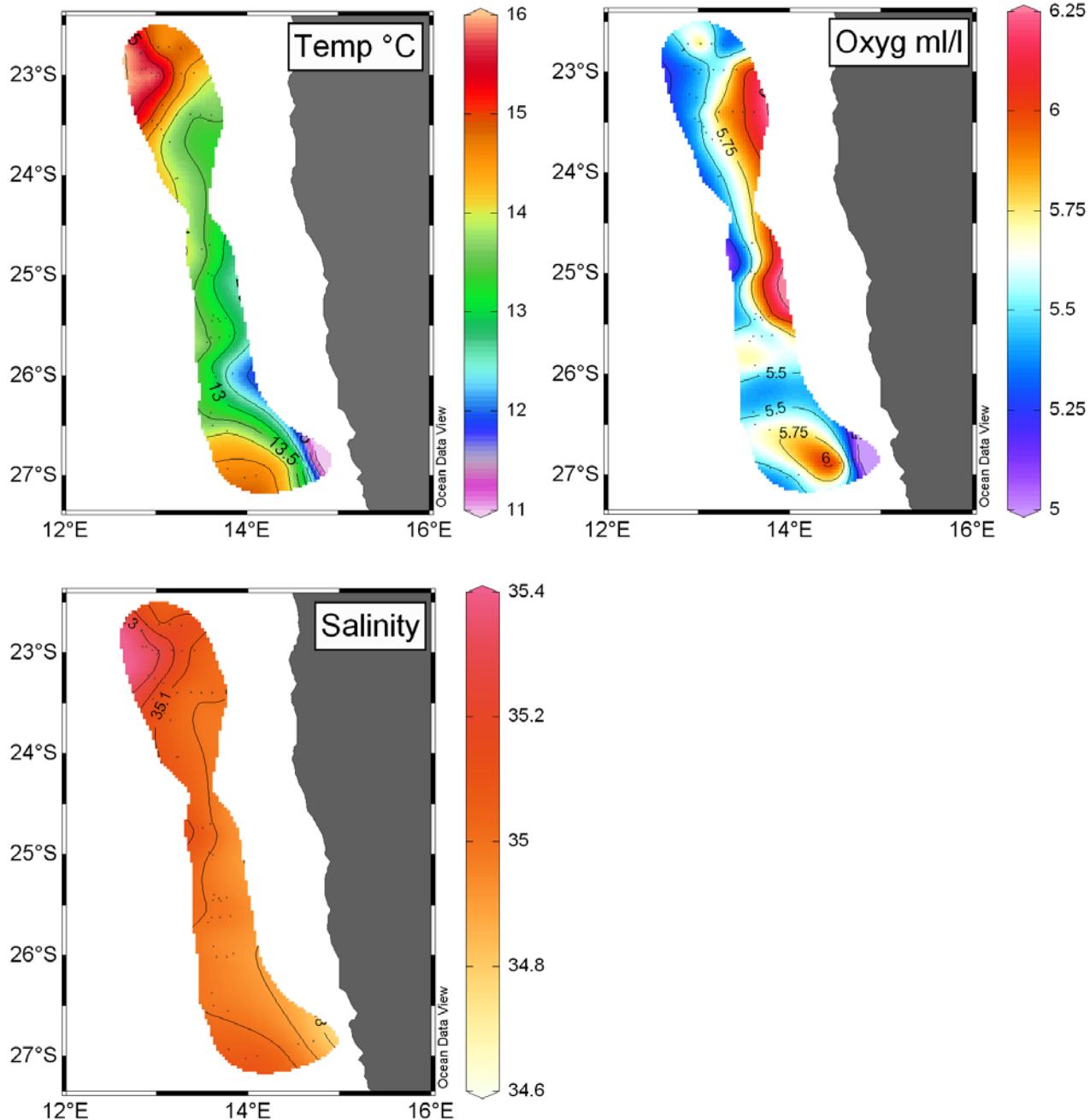
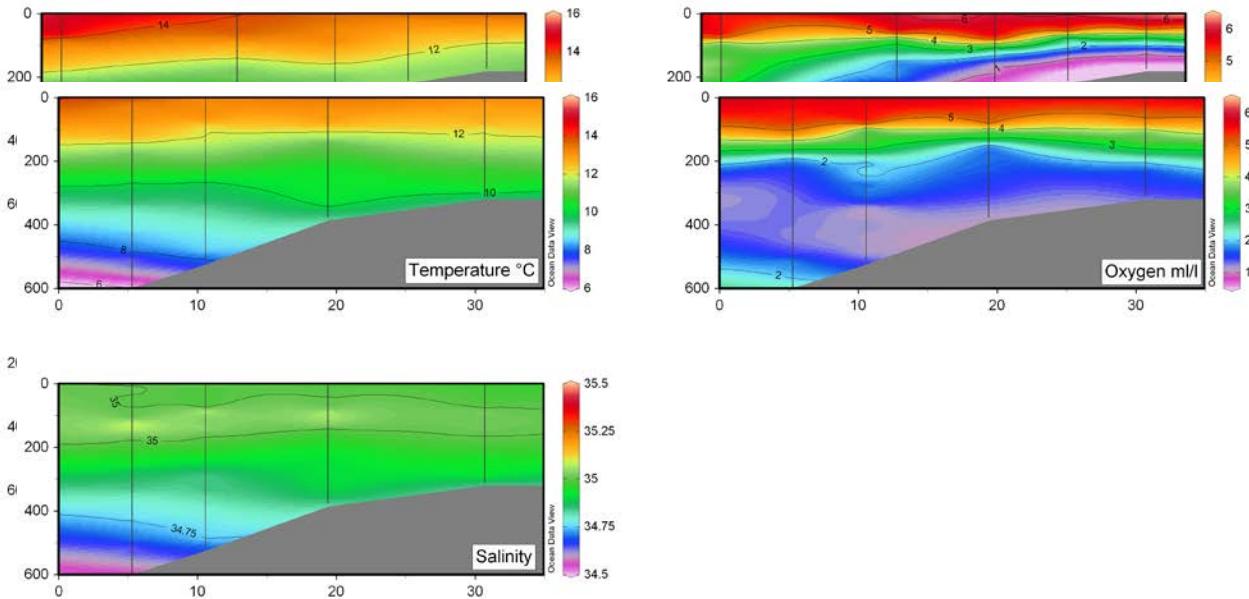


Figure 3: Temperature, oxygen and salinity profiles from selected station at different latitudes.

Sea surface temperature was between 12-15.9 °C and decreased to 10.4-11.3 at 250 m depth. Dissolved oxygen (DO) and density decreased from 5.5 at the surface to 1.1-3.1 ml/l, and from 26-25.3 to 26.74-26.86 at 250 m depth respectively. Below 400 m depth temperature was generally below 9 °C and measured 4.8 at 740 m depth. Oxygen minimum zone was between 200 and 450 m depth, and on the northern transect (23 °S) DO levels were as low as 0.8 ml/l at ?? m.

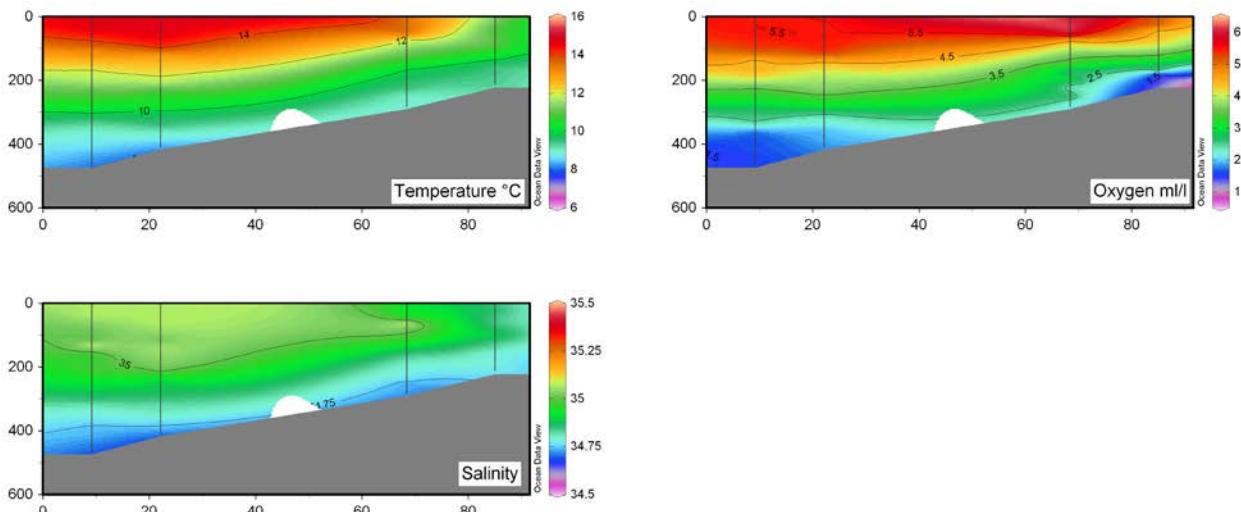
Cross shelf hydrographic profiles

Line 23.5 °S



Line 25.5 °S

Line 27°S



4.1 Length distributions

Females measured 20 – 78 cm, and males 23 – 58 cm. The average length of both male and female deep sea hake increased with increasing depth (Figs. 4 and 5, Table 1). No apparent difference between male and female length was visible within a depth range, although all larger fish caught (> 60 cm), regardless of depth, were females. Average length did not seem to vary greatly with latitude, although a trend of decreasing average length with decreasing latitude is visible (Table 1).

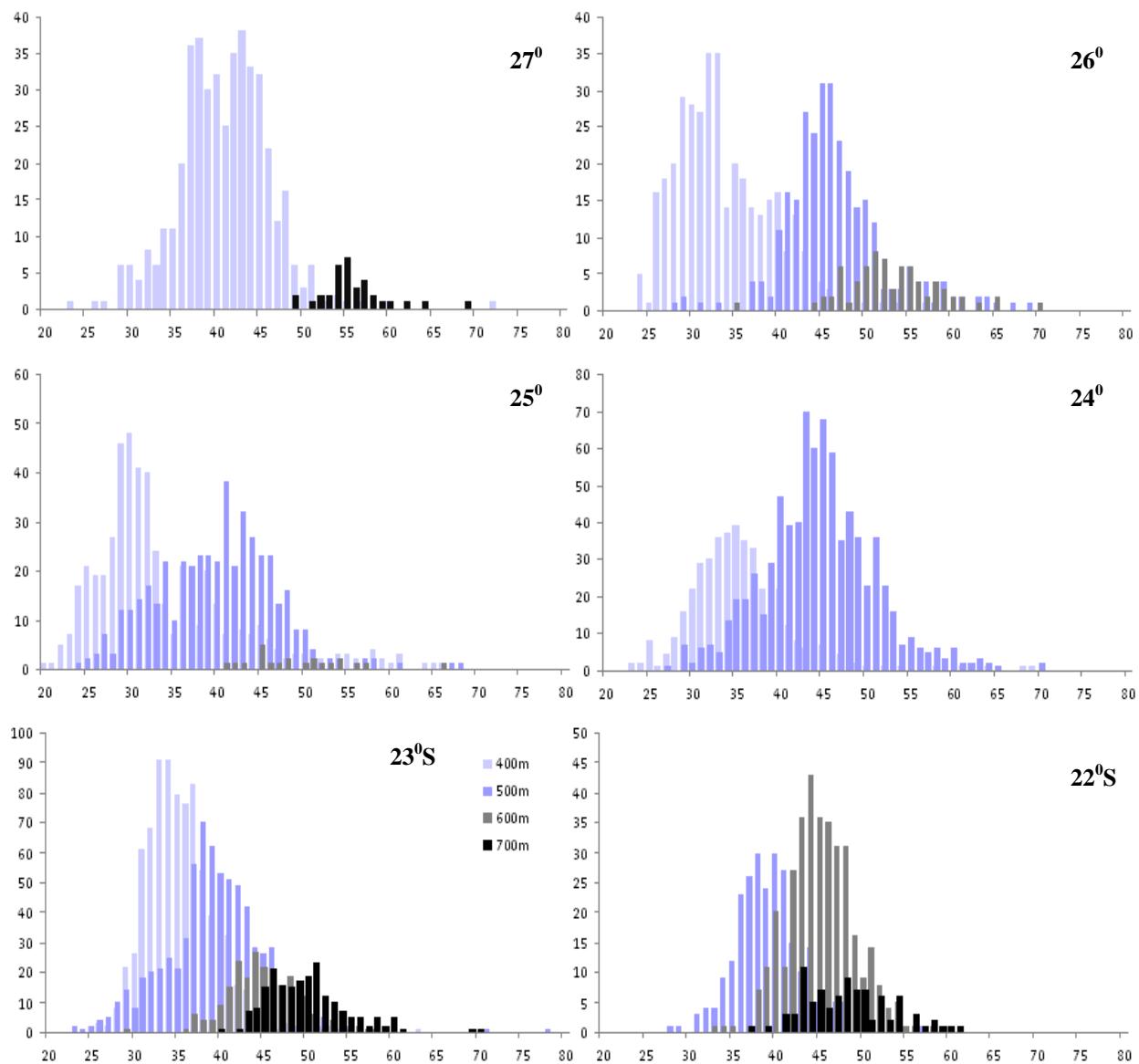


Figure 4: Female deep sea hake length distributions (number per length class) by depth range and latitude.

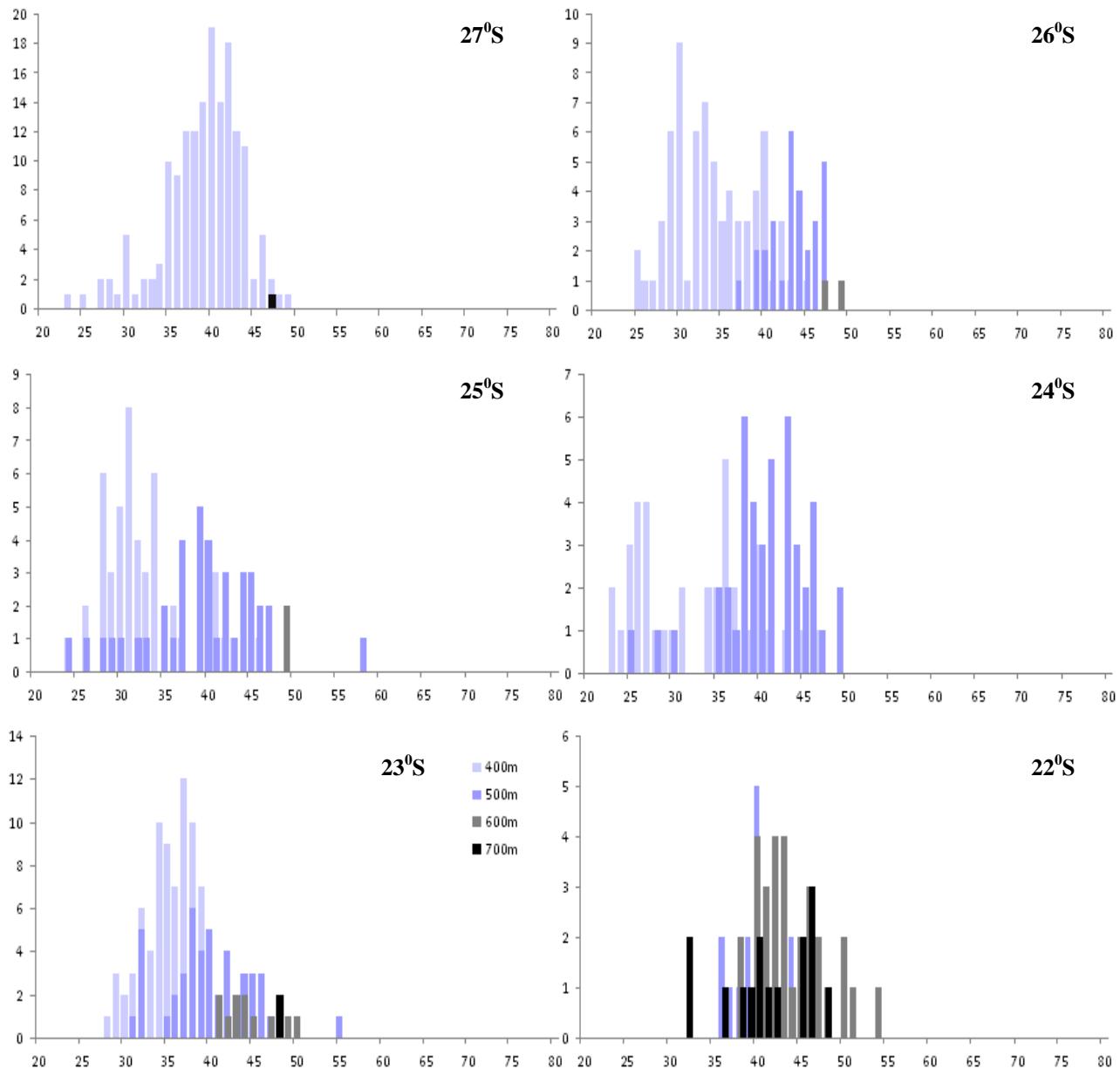


Figure 5: Male deep sea hake length distributions (number per length class) by depth range and latitude.

Table 1: Average length (cm) of male and female deep sea hake by depth and latitude.

Latitude	male		female													
		400 m		500 m		600 m		700 m		400 m		500 m		600 m		700 m
27	39	41								47	56					
26	34	34			43	45				48	53					
25	32	33			40	42				49	49					
24	35	35			43	45										
23	36	36			40	40				44	45					
22					40	39				45	45					

4.2 Gonad maturity

Neither ripe-running females nor ripe-running males were found, and only one probably spent female and male were identified during the course of the survey (Fig. 6). Ripe males were practically absent, with a majority of inactive males (stage 1) and a smaller proportion of maturing fish (stage 2; Fig. 6). The relative proportion of ripe females in biological samples ($n=20$ per station) was higher south of 26°S and north of 24°S (Fig. 6).

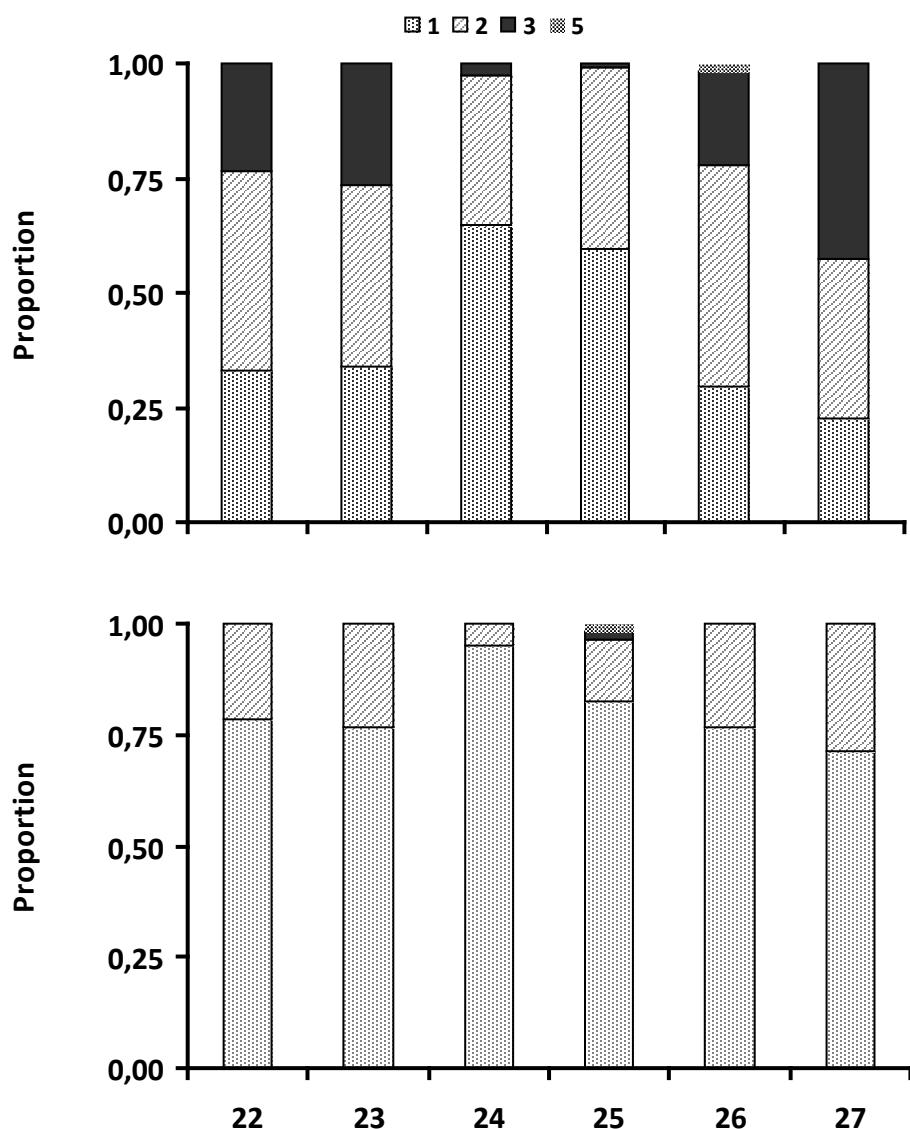


Figure 6: Proportions of female (top) and male (bottom) maturity stages by latitude. NOTE: proportions are based on biological samples ($n = 20$).

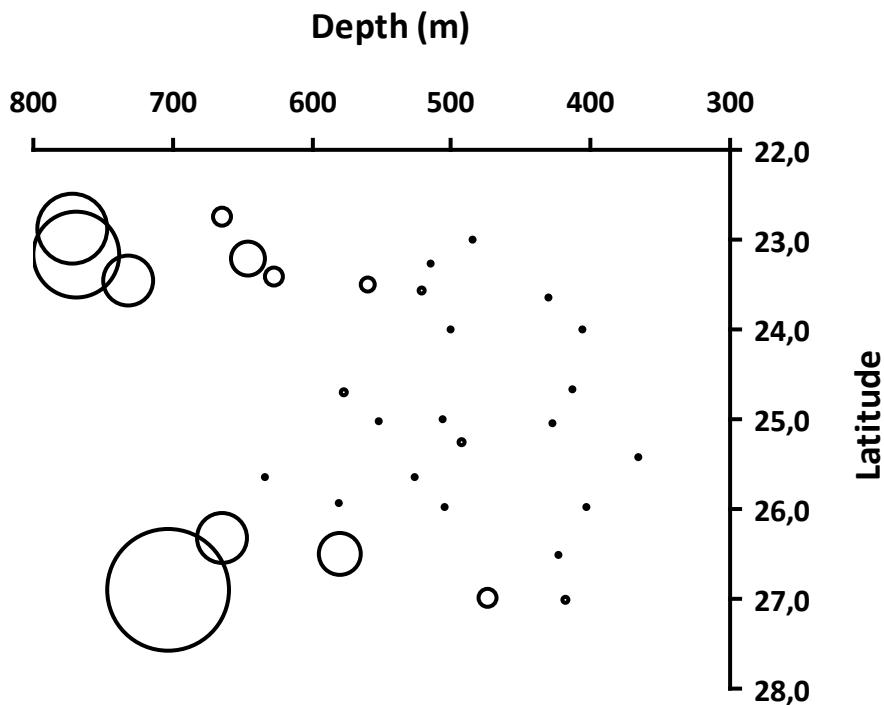


Figure 7: Percentage of ripe (stage 3) deep sea hake females in trawl catches by depth. Largest circle size indicates 41% and smallest 0,3% ripe females sampled in trawl catches.

Based on the limited biological data collected, the proportion of females with ripe gonads seems to increase with depth (Fig. 7). Few ripe females were caught inshore of 600 m, but their contribution was generally above 20% in catches deeper than 700 m. Between 24°S and 26°S just one trawl station was deeper than 600 m and two ripe females were caught. The lack of geographical coverage and biological samples from deeper waters makes it thus difficult to draw any conclusions about the absence or presence of ripe females in this area. The smallest female with maturing (stage 2) gonads was 34 cm and with ripe gonads 45 cm long (Figure 8). Average length of stage 3 females was 55 cm. The data suggests that females only start maturing once > 30 cm and possibly spawn when > 40 cm.

Average stage 3 gonad weight of a female weighing on average 1345 g was 21 g, less than 2% of its total weight. Less than 6% of stage 3 gonads sampled weighed more than 50, corresponding to a GSI of 1.9 to 3.7. The GSI for females staged as ripe ranged between 0.5 and 4 (Figure 9). In a study of the spawning cycle of the European hake, Recasens et al. (2008) found that stage 2 GSI ranged between 2 and 6, stage 3 GSI between 4 and 8 and stage 4 females between 8 and 18. Considering that fully developed and close to spawning (ripe and running) female gonads can contribute at least 8 % to the total body weight, the current data suggests that only few females had started investing resources in the development of eggs, and that with all certainty spawning was not taking place. It is more likely that spawning occurs later towards the end of the year.

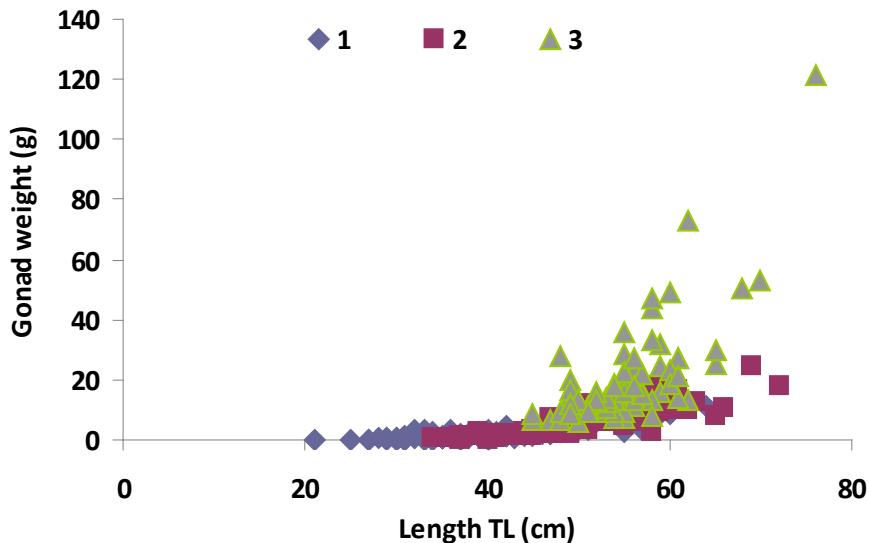


Figure 8: Female length and gonad weight for different maturity stages.

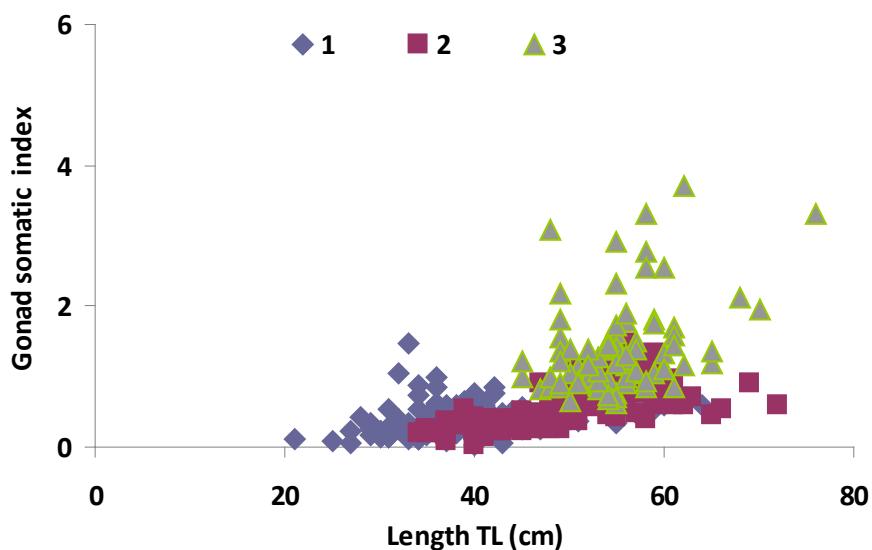


Figure 9: Female GSI for different maturity stages.

The GSI data and gonad weight data further suggests that the staging of hake maturity stages is somewhat inconsistent, and that resultantly the macroscopic staging of maturity stages would need to be looked at in more detail.

4.3 Eggs and larvae

Due to the patchy distribution of the multinet stations, owing bad weather, limited conclusions regarding the distribution of eggs can be drawn. The abundance of hake eggs (eggs m^{-2}) increased at the inshore stations. Some hake eggs (7) were found at 25°30 at app. 400 m bottom depth,

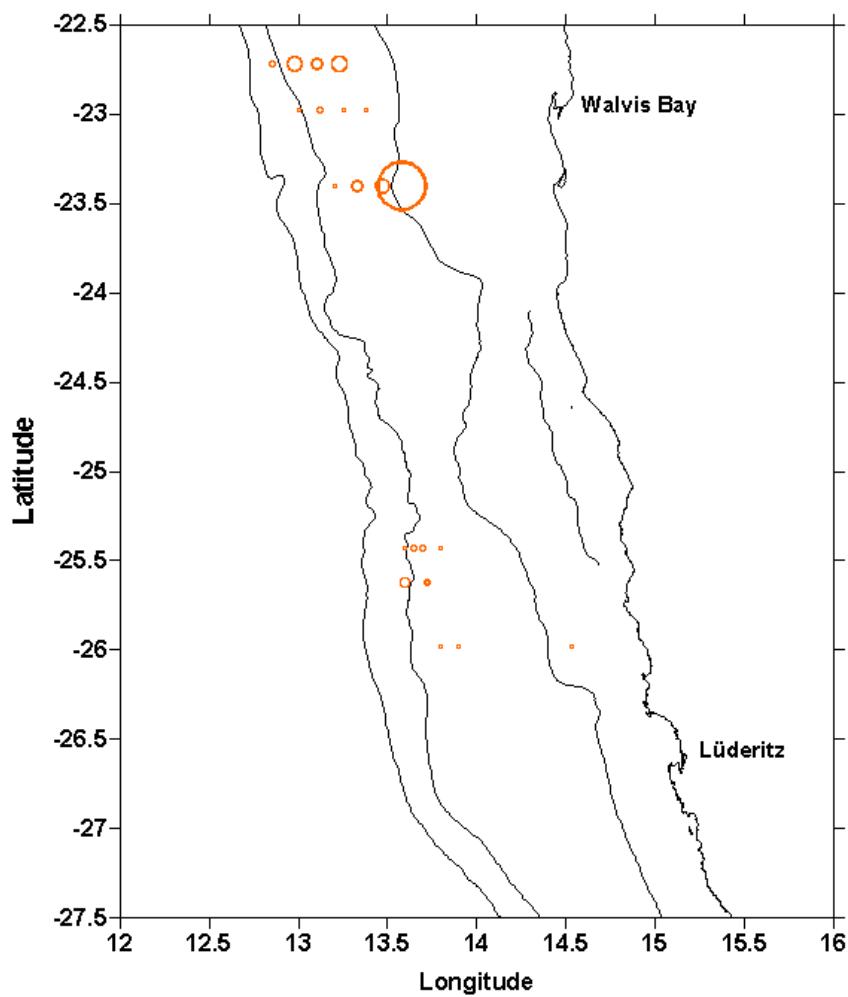


Figure 10: Distribution of hake eggs (total number of eggs). Maximum circle size is equivalent to 306 eggs.

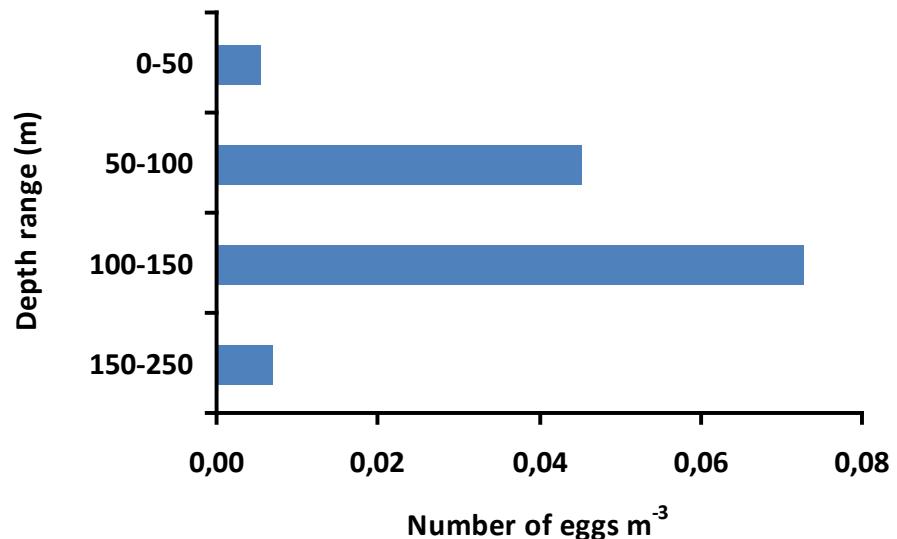


Figure 11: Vertical distribution of hake eggs (mean number of eggs m^{-3}).

While at 23°20, at 200 and 300 m bottom depth, a total of 306 eggs (station 14) were counted (Fig.10). Highest egg abundance (mean eggs m⁻³) was found in the 100 – 150 m depth strata (Fig. 11), where oxygen ranged from 0.7 – 2.1 ml l⁻¹, and temperature from 11.4 – 13 °C. Based on this distribution pattern it is most likely that the majority of inshore eggs caught were *M. capensis* and those found deeper *M. paradoxus* eggs, although this would need to be verified by genetic analyses. Only two hake larvae (early stage) were found during the entire survey. The low abundance of eggs and the low number of larvae found may be indicative of very limited spawning activity taking place.

CHAPTER 5 CONCLUSION

The survey covered only a fraction of the northern Benguela region, approximately half of the Namibian slope area. Since higher proportions of ripe females were found in the southern part of the surveyed area (26°S - 27°S), it would be advisable that future surveys also cover the area south of 27°S up to at least 29°S .

The data shows that most ripe females were found deeper than 600 m depth, suggesting that spawning most likely would take place in deeper waters, perhaps even beyond 700 m. By restricting survey effort to a depth range of 550 to 800 m bottom depth, valuable survey time can be saved by omitting shallower stations that contribute little to the overall understanding of the distribution and presence of spawning fish.

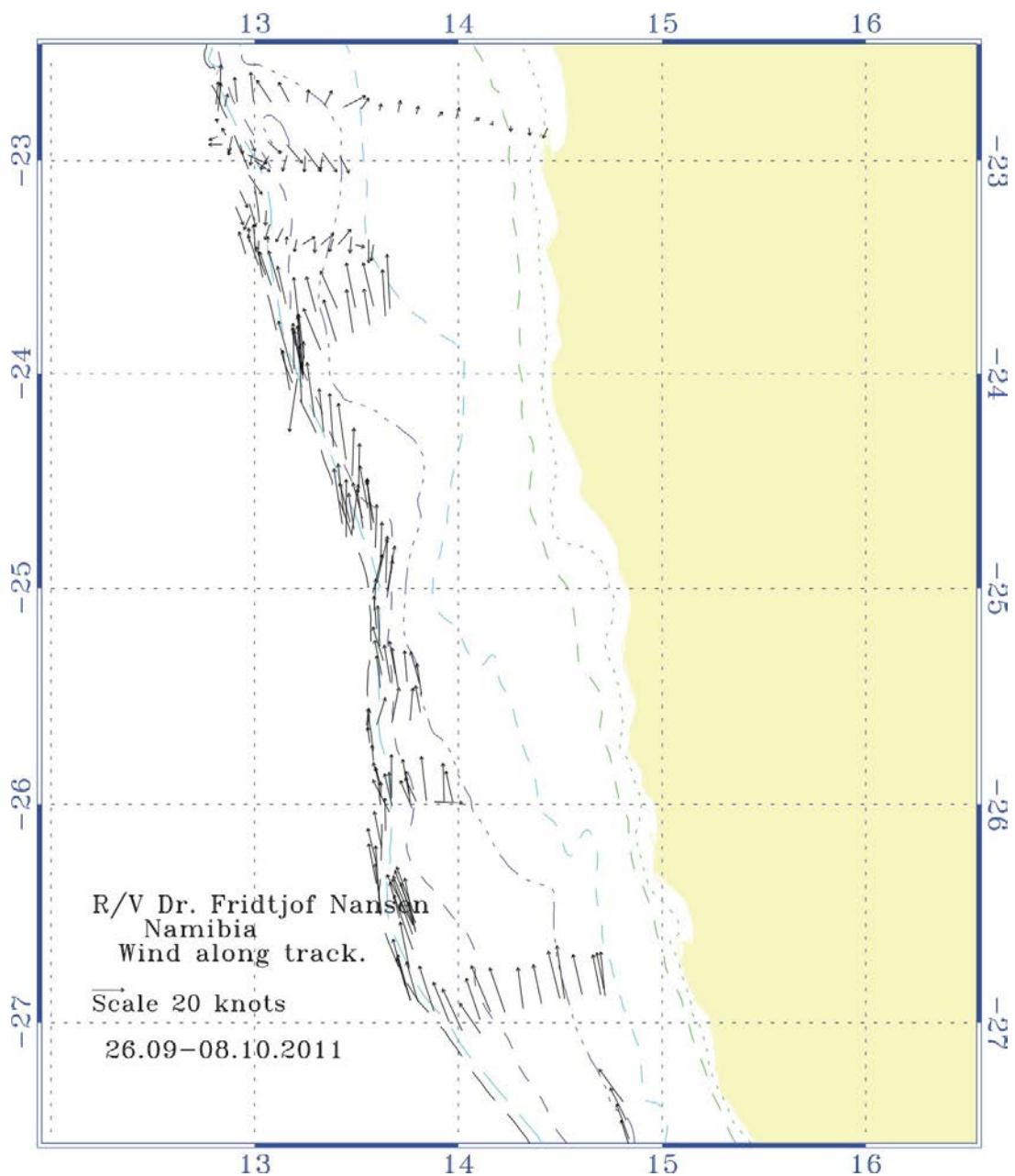
The fact that no ripe and running nor spent males or females were found during the survey, in addition to only few possibly deep sea hake eggs and larvae, suggest that spawning was not taking place nor had taken place. Furthermore, average stage 3 gonad weight was comparatively low (low GSI), meaning that even females with stage 3 gonads were most likely not going to spawn within the next following weeks or perhaps month. As such shifting the timing of a future survey to November / December may increase the probability of finding spawning deep sea hake.

The question of whether *M. paradoxus* spawn in the northern Benguela region (20°S to 29°S) has not been resolved with this survey. Additional surveys would need to be conducted, covering a wider latitudinal range and deeper habitat, as well as taking place in late summer.

REFERENCES

Recasense L, Chiericoni V, and Belcar P(2008) Spawning pattern and batch fecundity of the European hake (*Merluccius merluccius* (Linnaeus, 1758)) in the western Mediterranean. *Scientia Marina* **72**: 721-732

Annex 1: Wind speed



Annex 2: Fishing stations

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 1
 DATE : 28/09/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21 POSITION: Lat S 26°52.48
 start stop duration Lon E 14°43.13
 TIME : 23:12:31 23:43:40 31.2 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 3803.60 3804.90 1.3 Region : 5000
 FDEPTH: 224 224 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 224 224 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 580 m Speed : 7326.4 kn
 Sorted : 32 Total catch: 254.00 Catch/hour: 489.25

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
Merluccius capensis	478.65	1915	97.83
Lophius vomerinus	7.70	6	1.57
Sufflogobius barbatus	2.89	289	0.59
Total	489.25	100.00	

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 2
 DATE : 29/09/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21 POSITION: Lat S 27°1.36
 start stop duration Lon E 14°6.62
 TIME : 07:15:16 07:46:03 30.8 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 3850.77 3852.31 1.5 Region : 5000
 FDEPTH: 416 420 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 416 420 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 920 m Speed : 3.0 kn
 Sorted : 224 Total catch: 525.93 Catch/hour: 1025.20

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
Coelorinchus simorhynchus	257.89	2123	25.16
Merluccius paradoxus, female	238.50	606	23.26
Merluccius paradoxus, male	116.37	275	11.35
Miscellaneous fishes	85.96	0	8.39
Cruriraja parcomaculata	82.46	53	8.04
Todarodes sagittatus	63.16	211	6.16
Helicolenus dactylopterus	52.63	228	5.13
Anemones, white	47.19	0	4.60
Lampanyctus australis	25.26	2193	2.46
Sea urchin	22.11	0	2.16
Nezumia mi cronychodon	8.42	298	0.82
Genypterus capensis	7.89	4	0.77
Photichthys argenteus	7.72	474	0.75
Notacanthus sexspinis	2.46	105	0.24
Lampanyctodes hectoris	1.58	35	0.15
Plesiostoma mariae	1.58	684	0.15
Selachophis di um guentheri	1.40	35	0.14
Galaeus polli	1.40	18	0.14
Bathyneutes piperitus	0.35	18	0.03
Mystrophis rostellatus	0.33	2	0.03
Symbolophorus boops	0.18	35	0.02
Maja squinado	0.18	18	0.02
Tripterygion gilchristi	0.18	18	0.02
Total	1025.20	100.00	

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 3
 DATE : 29/09/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21 POSITION: Lat S 26°59.69
 start stop duration Lon E 13°57.18
 TIME : 09:54:17 10:26:13 31.9 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 3863.13 3864.63 1.5 Region : 5000
 FDEPTH: 472 474 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 472 474 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1050 m Speed : 2.8 kn
 Sorted : 113 Total catch: 179.57 Catch/hour: 337.43

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
Merluccius paradoxus, female	137.36	254	40.71
Coelorinchus simorhynchus	57.22	492	16.96
Nezumia mi cronychodon	20.91	1124	6.20
Selachophis di um guentheri	20.13	308	5.96
Merluccius paradoxus, male	12.20	39	3.68
Hoplostethus cadenati	10.07	802	4.58
Raj a confundens	8.42	8	2.49
J E L Y F I S H	8.16	0	2.42
Lampanyctus australis	6.84	88	2.03
Anemones, white	6.39	26	1.89
Notacanthus sexspinis	5.86	171	1.74
Genypterus capensis	5.73	8	1.70
Yarrelia blackfordi	5.52	492	1.64
Helicolenus dactylopterus	5.26	28	1.56
Miscellaneous fishes	3.81	0	1.13
Etmopterus brachyurus	3.76	45	1.11
Trachyrhincus scabrus	2.57	8	0.76
Ebi nana a costeacanarie	2.57	39	0.76
Photichthys argenteus	2.57	36	0.76
Lithodes ferox	2.25	9	0.67
Starfish	1.92	447	0.57
Epi gunus telescopus	1.58	19	0.47
Epi gunus denticulatus	1.05	250	0.31
Ophistosteus agassizii	0.92	8	0.27
G A S T R O P O D S	0.92	13	0.27
Stomias boas	0.86	79	0.26
Bassanago albescens	0.69	8	0.18
Thysanophis rhombus	0.34	26	0.10
Benthodesmus tenuis	0.26	8	0.08
Cytthus traversi	0.26	53	0.08
Neocelopeltis macrolepidotus	0.19	19	0.06
Nematocarcinus africanus	0.13	26	0.04
Tripterygion gilchristi	0.13	8	0.04
Lampadenia pontifex	0.08	13	0.02
Maja squinado	0.08	8	0.02
Xenoderma copei	0.08	8	0.02
Total	337.43	100.00	

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 4
 DATE : 29/09/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21 POSITION: Lat S 26°54.09
 start stop duration Lon E 13°45.94
 TIME : 13:36:02 14:07:11 31.2 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 3882.96 3884.53 1.6 Region : 5000
 FDEPTH: 699 706 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 699 706 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1600 m Speed : 3.0 kn
 Sorted : 78 Total catch: 102.23 Catch/hour: 196.91

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
Merluccius paradoxus, female	70.21	65	35.65
Nezumia mi cronychodon	20.61	489	10.47
Coelorinchus matamua	18.49	636	9.39
Trachyscorpia eschmeyeri	14.64	35	7.43
Selachophis di um guentheri	12.29	308	6.24
Deani calcea	9.63	2	4.89
Miscellaneous fishes	7.20	0	3.66
Neocyttus rhomboidalis	6.55	33	3.33
Todarodes sagittatus	6.32	17	3.21
Total	337.43	100.00	

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
Hoplostethus atlanticus	5.12	56	2.60
Starfish	4.93	15	2.50
Lepidion capensis	4.20	19	2.13
Raj a confundens	3.47	35	1.76
Centroscyllium fabricii	2.74	8	1.39
Chaecon mariae	2.22	17	1.12
Notacanthus sexspinis	1.89	27	0.96
Coelorinchus matamua	1.62	8	0.82
Merluccius paradoxus, male	1.52	2	0.77
All ocyttus verrucosus	0.96	23	0.49
Photichthys argenteus	0.77	73	0.39
Stomias boas	0.54	15	0.27
Glypus marsupialis	0.35	146	0.18
Nemichthys scolopaceus	0.31	8	0.16
Yarrelia blackfordi	0.23	12	0.12
Lithodes ferox	0.12	8	0.06
Total	196.91	100.00	

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 5
 DATE : 30/09/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21 POSITION: Lat S 26°31.28
 start stop duration Lon E 13°46.98
 TIME : 06:35:03 07:05:14 30.2 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 3931.38 3932.90 1.5 Region : 5000
 FDEPTH: 424 421 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 424 421 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 950 m Speed : 3.0 kn
 Sorted : 99 Total catch: 202.05 Catch/hour: 401.69

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
Coelorinchus simorhynchus	148.61	1720	37.00
Merluccius paradoxus, female	84.10	310	20.94
Miscellaneous fishes	47.02	0	11.71
Lophius vomerinus	24.25	4	6.64
Merluccius paradoxus, male	18.89	82	4.63
Sea urchin	16.80	676	4.18
Anemones, white	11.73	30	2.92
Nezumia mi cronychodon	11.53	40	2.87
Schedophilus buttoni	9.05	4	2.25
Selachophis di um guentheri	8.65	179	2.15
Starfish	6.36	22	1.58
Cruriraja parcomaculata	3.38	139	0.84
Notacanthus sexspinis	1.59	14	0.40
J E L L Y F I S H	1.09	0	0.27
Myxine capensis	1.09	60	0.27
G A S T R O P O D S	0.70	40	0.17
Todarodes sagittatus	0.60	4	0.15
Raj a caudaspisina	0.50	30	0.12
Hoplostethus cadenati	0.50	20	0.12
Photichthys argenteus	0.50	10	0.12
Tripterygion gilchristi	0.30	30	0.07
Yarrelia blackfordi	0.30	10	0.07
Nematocarcinus ari canus	0.20	40	0.05
Epi gunus denticulatus	0.20	10	0.05
Stomias boas	0.10	10	0.02
Symbolophorus boops	0.10	10	0.02
Total	401.69	100.00	

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 6
 DATE : 30/09/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21 POSITION: Lat S 26°30.18
 start stop duration Lon E 13°37.34
 TIME : 09:52:07 10:23:27 31.3 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 3943.20 3947.13 3.9 Region : 5000
 FDEPTH: 573 585 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 573 585 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1250 m Speed : 7.5 kn
 Sorted : 27 Total catch: 219.29 Catch/hour: 419.96

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
Nezumia mi cronychodon	94.22	1620	22.44
Merluccius paradoxus, female	92.79	169	22.09
Selachophis di um guentheri	70.90	1402	16.88
Trachyrhincus scabrus	39.87	368	9.49
Todarodes sagittatus	15.86	34	3.78
Hydrolagus sp.	14.25	23	3.39
Miscellaneous fishes	12.41	0	2.95
Hoplostethus atlanticus	10.11	506	2.41
Etmopterus brachyurus	8.73	34	2.08
Coelorinchus simorhynchus	8.04	123	1.92
Coelorinchus matamua	8.04	34	1.92
Merluccius paradoxus, male	7.85	17	1.87
Genypterus capensis	7.47	4	1.78
Raj a confundens	7.12	57	1.70
Epi gunus telescopus	5.63	57	1.34
Epi gunus denticulatus	4.71	92	1.12
Lithodes ferox	4.37	23	1.04
Etmopterus sp.	3.33	11	0.79
Notacanthus sexspinis	2.64	69	0.63
Starfish	1.03	161	0.25
G A S T R O P O D S	0.57	23	0.14
Total	419.96	100.00	

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 7
 DATE : 30/09/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21 POSITION: Lat S 26°20.36
 start stop duration Lon E 13°35.84
 TIME : 12:25:25 12:52:35 28.2 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 3954.43 3955.81 1.4 Region : 5000
 FDEPTH: 661 668 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 661 668 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1400 m Speed : 2.9 kn
 Sorted : 64 Total catch: 341.04 Catch/hour: 726.39

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
Merluccius paradoxus, female	130.35	158	17.95
21 Centroscyllium fabricii	114.80	119	15.80
Hoplostethus atlanticus	109.48	473	15.07
23 Centroscymnus crepidater	67.84	45	9.34
MISCCELLANEOUS	67.39	0	9.28
Nezumia mi cronychodon	52.93	745	7.29
Bathyraja smilthi	37.21	9	5.12
Ebi nana a costeacanarie	18.79	21	2.59
Bassanago al bescens	17.68	30	2.43
Notacanthus sexspinis	14.31	141	1.97
Raj a confundens	12.16	53	1.67
Trachyscorpia eschmeyeri	12.01	21	1.65
Selachophis di um guentheri	10.88	179	1.50
Coelorinchus matamua	9.84	36	1.35
Etmopterus brachyurus	8.43	21	1.16
Lophius vomerinus	7.77	2	1.07
Hydrolagus sp.	6.26	9	0.86
G A S T R O P O D S	6.05	134	0.83
Total	341.04	100.00	

Lepidion capensis	3.58	15	0.49	Ebi nani a costaecaenarie	18.21	15	2.93
Todarodes sagittatus	3.58	9	0.49	Notacanthus sexspinis	16.13	311	2.60
Merluccius paradoxus, male	3.30	4	0.45	Coel orin chus si morhynchus	13.91	74	2.24
Neocyttus rhomboidalis	2.98	7	0.41	Etomopterus brachyurus	12.14	30	1.95
Raja leopardus	2.17	15	0.30	Coel orin chus matamua	11.99	178	1.93
Chaceon maritae	1.92	13	0.26	Merluccius paradoxus, male	6.04	10	0.97
Sea urchin, weak spines	1.04	9	0.14	Todarodes sagittatus	5.77	15	0.93
GERYONIDAE	0.89	9	0.12	Lepidion capensis	4.88	30	0.79
Coel orin chus sp.	0.83	9	0.11	All ocytus verrucosus	1.78	30	0.29
All ocytus verrucosus	0.53	15	0.07	Epi gonus denticulatus	1.48	74	0.24
Starfish	0.45	45	0.06	Lithodes ferox	1.18	15	0.19
Photichthys sp.	0.30	45	0.04	Bathyuroconger vicinus	1.18	30	0.19
Nemichthys scolopaceus	0.23	9	0.03	Hoplostethus cadenati	0.74	15	0.12
Hoplostethus cadenati	0.23	21	0.03	Hoplostethus atlanticus	0.67	2	0.11
				Neoscopelus macrolepidotus	0.59	30	0.10
				POLYCHAEI DAE	0.15	15	0.02
				Total	621.19		100.00

26							
Starfish	0.45	45	0.06				
Photichthys sp.	0.30	45	0.04				
Nemichthys scolopaceus	0.23	9	0.03				
Hoplostethus cadenati	0.23	21	0.03				

POLYCHAEI DAE	0.15	9	0.02				
Total	726.39		100.00				

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 8		R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 11	
DATE : 30/09/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 25°59.20		DATE : 01/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 25	POSITION: Lat S 25°38.46	
start stop duration				start stop duration			
TIME : 16:13:13 16:43:11	30.0 (min)	Purpose : 1		TIME : 13:36:57 13:49:57	13.0 (min)	Purpose : 3	
LOG : 3978.98	3980.49	Regon : 5000		LOG : 4062.46	4062.95	Region : 5000	
FDEPTH: 505	504	Gear cond.: 0		BDEPTH: 633	636	Gear cond.: 0	
BDEPTH: 505	504	Validity : 0		BDEPTH: 633	636	Validity : 0	
Towing dir: 0°		Speed : 3.0 kn		Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1400 m	Speed : 2.2 kn	
Sorted : 18		Catch/hour: 226.80		Sorted : 56		Total catch: 1046.77	

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C		SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C		
SAMP				SAMP				
Merluccius paradoxus, female	139.19	270	28.23	29	Cruri raja parcomaculata	218.31	258	20.28
Trachyrincus scabrus	99.07	558	20.09	Starfish	193.11	16002	18.45	
Selachophidium guentheri	88.62	1279	17.97	Selachophidium guentheri	151.38	3766	14.46	
Nezumia microrychodon	74.57	1909	15.12	Miscellaneous fishes	90.16	0	8.64	
Notacanthus sexspinis	21.61	648	4.38	Nezumia microrychodon	89.72	8972	8.57	
Lophius vomerinus	18.31	10	3.71	Merluccius paradoxus, female	80.31	102	7.67	
Merluccius paradoxus, male	14.71	32	2.98	Lophius vomerinus	60.46	9	5.78	
Coel orin chus si morhynchus	12.07	216	2.45	Sea urchin, weak spines	54.65	1625	5.22	
Lithodes ferox	4.80	8	0.97	Raj a leopardus	51.32	74	4.90	
Miscellaneous fishes	4.32	0	0.88	Coel orin chus matamua	21.42	185	2.05	
Opi sthotethus agassizii	3.24	18	0.66	Raj a confundens	12.55	258	1.20	
Hoplostethus cadenati	2.88	126	0.58	All ocytus verrucosus	7.75	111	0.74	
Starfish	2.34	36	0.47	Merluccius paradoxus, male	6.23	9	0.60	
Coel orin chus matamua	1.26	36	0.26	Bathylagichthys problematica	4.06	37	0.39	
Myxine capensis	1.26	18	0.26	Sea cucumbers	3.32	332	0.32	
Yarrella blackfordi	1.08	90	0.22	Hoplostethus atlanticus	2.58	185	0.25	
Photichthys argenteus	1.08	180	0.22	Fuchalbia woodwardi	1.06	74	0.10	
Bathyuroconger clivus	0.54	18	0.11	Lampanyctodes hectoris	0.74	37	0.07	
Epi gonus denticulatus	0.54	36	0.11	Neoscopelus macrolepidotus	0.74	37	0.07	
Symbolophorus boops	0.36	36	0.07	Total	1046.77		100.00	
Lampanyctodes hectoris	0.36	162	0.07					
Shrimps, small, non comm.	0.36	162	0.07					
CRA B S	0.36	36	0.07					
Xenoderma cthys copei	0.18	18	0.04					
Total	493.13		100.00					

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 9		R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 12	
DATE : 01/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 25°59.18		DATE : 01/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 25	POSITION: Lat S 25°38.80	
start stop duration				start stop duration			
TIME : 06:10:41 06:41:47	31.1 (min)	Purpose : 3		TIME : 15:21:44 15:38:59	17.3 (min)	Purpose : 3	
LOG : 4021.00	4022.56	Regon : 5000		LOG : 4068.12	4068.81	Region : 5000	
FDEPTH: 404	403	Gear cond.: 0		BDEPTH: 529	523	Gear cond.: 0	
BDEPTH: 404	403	Validity : 0		BDEPTH: 529	523	Validity : 0	
Towing dir: 0°		Speed : 3.0 kn		Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1200 m	Speed : 2.4 kn	
Sorted : 0		Catch/hour: 417.73		Sorted : 68		Total catch: 1452.97	

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C		SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C		
SAMP				SAMP				
Merluccius paradoxus, female	96.46	413	38.86	30	Cruri raja parcomaculata	344.77	292	23.73
Gnypeterus capensis	35.79	15	14.42	32	Miscellaneous fishes	311.65	0	21.45
Nezumia microrychodon	26.24	394	10.57	33	Selachophidium guentheri	236.7	4237	16.25
Lophius vomerinus	19.29	4	7.77	34	Merluccius paradoxus, female	178.23	323	12.77
Helicolenus dactylopterus	15.14	60	6.10	35	Lithodes ferox	94.99	181	6.48
Coel orin chus si morhynchus	14.57	154	5.87	36	Starfish	61.36	97	4.22
Merluccius paradoxus, male	13.70	56	5.52	37	Sea urchin, weak spines	43.34	2191	2.98
Miscellaneous fishes	11.13	0	4.48	38	Myxine capensis	39.65	17	2.73
Gal eus poll i	3.36	56	1.35	39	Yarrella blackfordi	28.24	1120	1.94
Cruri raja parcomaculata	2.45	2	0.99	40	Sea urchin, weak spines	25.32	1461	1.74
Hoplostethus cadenati	1.77	71	0.72	41	Opi sthotethus agassizii	17.04	243	1.17
Todarodes sagittatus	1.43	2	0.58	42	Coel orin chus matamua	16.56	49	1.14
Symbolophorus boops	0.96	112	0.39	43	Epi gonus denticulatus	8.77	195	0.60
Selachophidium guentheri	0.89	14	0.36	44	Merluccius paradoxus, male	8.35	10	0.57
Notacanthus sexspinis	0.83	58	0.33	45	All ocytus verrucosus	7.79	146	0.54
Lampanyctodes hectoris	0.60	299	0.24	46	Galeus poll i	5.36	49	0.37
Tripterygion glirchristi	0.41	4	0.16	47	Notacanthus sexspinis	4.38	195	0.30
Lampanyctus australis	0.29	35	0.12	48	Hoplostethus cadenati	4.38	146	0.30
Stomias bo bo a	0.21	10	0.09	49	Bathylagichthys problematica	1.46	49	0.10
Squilla aculeata cal mani	0.17	4	0.07	Total	1452.97		100.00	
Plesi onka maria	0.17	60	0.07					
Epi gonus denticulatus	0.15	42	0.06					
G A S T R O P O D S	0.15	6	0.06					
Epi gonus tel escopus	0.14	2	0.05					
Myxine capensis	0.10	2	0.04					
Bathynectes piperitus	0.06	8	0.02					
Starfish	0.04	2	0.02					
Krill	0.02	75	0.01					
Ari steus vari dens	0.02	2	0.01					
Ebi nani a costaecaenarie	0.02	2	0.01					
Total	248.22		100.00					

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 10		R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 13	
DATE : 09/09/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 25°56.05		DATE : 06:19:36 06:49:46	30.2 (min)	Purpose : 3	
start stop duration				LOG : 4119.81	4121.27	Regon : 5000	
TIME : 09:09:41 09:34:00	24.3 (min)	Purpose : 3		BDEPTH: 367	365	Gear cond.: 0	
LOG : 4036.73	4037.95	Regon : 5000		BDEPTH: 367	365	Validity : 0	
FDEPTH: 582	581	Gear cond.: 0		Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 840 m	Speed : 2.9 kn	
BDEPTH: 582	581	Validity : 0		Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 840 m	Catch/hour: 1045.54	
Towing dir: 0°		Speed : 3.0 kn					
Sorted : 98		Catch/hour: 621.19					

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C		SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP				Merluccius capensis, female	413.46	137	39.55
Merluccius paradoxus, female	119.41	155	19.22	Merluccius paradoxus, female	296.74	477	28.38
Cruri raja parcomaculata	87.63	44	14.11	Merluccius capensis, male	85.95	40	8.22
Selachophidium guentheri	80.23	1303	12.92	Torpedo nobiliana	63.44	2	

DATE : 02/10/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 25 POSITION: Lat S 25°16.29
 start stop duration Lon E 13°36.87
 TIME : 09:00:54 09:30:44 29.8 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 4131.89 4133.37 1.5 Reglon : 5000
 FDEPTH: 487 496 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 487 496 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1080 m Speed : 3.0 kn
 Sorted : 24 Total catch: 304.69 Catch/hour: 612.85

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Merluccius paradoxus, female	157.29 611	25.67 56
Hoplostethus cadenati	98.56 2969	16.08 77
Selachophidium guentheri	68.43 1647	11.77 17
Nezumia am cronychodon	65.47 3096	10.63 17
Trachyrhynchus scabrus	56.48 181	9.22 2
Li'thodes ferox	54.67 91	8.92 1
Microlepidotus fishes	23.53 0	3.84 0
Merluccius paradoxus, male	14.38 58	2.35 57
Notacanthus sexspinis	13.21 471	2.16 6
Yarrella blackfordi	12.31 507	2.01 1
Cruriraja parcomaculata	10.68 18	1.74 1
Ebanius costaeccanarie	7.60 18	1.24 1
Galaeus polli	7.42 91	1.21 1
Lophius vomerinus	4.83 4	0.79 58
Bathyuroconger vicinus	3.98 127	0.65 1
Sea cucumbers	3.98 18	0.65 1
Coelorrhinchus matamua	3.80 36	0.62 1
Epi'gonus telescopus	2.72 54	0.44 1
Coelorrhinchus simorhynchus	2.17 18	0.35 1
Lampanyctus australis	0.54 72	0.09 1
Plesiostoma maritima	0.54 308	0.09 1
Lampanyctodes hectoris	0.36 127	0.06 1
Shrimps, small, non comm.	0.18 54	0.03 1
Total	612.85	100.00

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Merluccius paradoxus, male	33.08 178	3.60 67
Selachophidium guentheri	32.83 974	3.57 57
Microlepidotus fishes	26.82 0	2.92 0
Merluccius paradoxus, female	25.56 22	2.78 66
Li'thodes ferox	24.00 34	2.61 1
Lophius vomerinus	17.77 16	1.93 71
Cruriraja dactylopterus	12.12 118	1.32 70
Yarrella blackfordi	9.32 517	1.01 70
Notacanthus sexspinis	6.87 16	0.75 6
Merluccius capensis, female	6.59 6	0.72 69
Myxine capensis	3.89 76	0.42 6
Sea urchin, white spines	3.89 136	0.42 6
Epi'gonus denticulatus	3.55 110	0.39 5
Bathynectes piliferus	1.36 110	0.15 1
PANDALIDAE	1.00 228	0.12 1
Plesiostoma maritima	0.76 254	0.08 1
Ariommidae	0.68 42	0.07 1
Ebanius costaeccanarie	0.42 16	0.05 1
J E L L Y F I S H	0.42 8	0.05 1
Lampanyctodes hectoris	0.08 58	0.01 1
Mandidae	0.01 50	0.00 1
Total	919.30	100.00

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 15
 DATE : 02/10/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 25 POSITION: Lat S 25°1.17
 start stop duration Lon E 13°34.76
 TIME : 11:34:18 12:05:10 30.9 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 4147.19 4148.70 1.5 Reglon : 5000
 FDEPTH: 551 553 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 551 553 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1200 m Speed : 2.9 kn

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Trachyrhynchus scabrus	488.56 2365	32.97 60
Merluccius paradoxus, female	210.73 624	14.22 60
Raj a leopardus	183.60 62	12.39 1
Li'thodes ferox	164.93 436	11.13 1
Nezumia am cronychodon	156.84 3547	10.58 1
Selachophidium guentheri	146.88 4854	9.91 1
Notacanthus sexspinis	27.38 311	1.85 1
Merluccius paradoxus, male	24.51 54	1.65 59
Epi'gonus denticulatus	18.67 124	1.26 1
Hoplostethus cadenati	16.18 436	1.09 1
Microlepidotus fishes	13.07 0	0.88 1
Lophius vomerinus	11.28 10	0.76 61
Bathyraja smithi	11.18 2	0.75 1
Yarrella blackfordi	3.11 187	0.21 1
Symbolophorus boops	1.87 124	0.13 1
Lampanyctodes hectoris	1.24 498	0.08 1
Starfish	0.62 62	0.04 1
Plesiostoma maritima	0.62 124	0.04 1
Lampanyctus australis	0.62 62	0.04 1
Total	1481.89	100.00

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 16
 DATE : 02/10/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 25 POSITION: Lat S 24°59.40
 start stop duration Lon E 13°36.01
 TIME : 13:36:07 13:54:31 18.4 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 4152.75 4153.47 0.7 Reglon : 5000
 FDEPTH: 506 508 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 506 508 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1050 m Speed : 2.4 kn
 Sorted : 27 Total catch: 142.79 Catch/hour: 465.62

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Selachophidium guentheri	103.50 1692	22.23 63
Lophius vomerinus	72.55 33	15.58 64
Merluccius paradoxus, female	70.11 251	15.16 62
Nezumia am cronychodon	51.55 1321	11.07 1
Cruriraja parcomaculata	45.00 49	9.66 1
Li'thodes ferox	35.71 98	7.67 1
Microlepidotus fishes	29.84 0	6.41 1
Galaeus polli	12.82 127	2.75 1
Hoplostethus cadenati	6.46 127	1.39 1
Merluccius paradoxus, male	6.20 26	1.33 63
Notacanthus sexspinis	6.07 68	1.30 1
Myxine capensis	5.97 98	1.28 1
E C H I N O D E M A T A	5.18 548	1.11 1
Epi'gonus telescopus	4.21 39	0.90 1
Anemones, white	3.33 20	0.71 1
G A S T R O P O D S	1.96 98	0.42 1
Brama brama	1.47 3	0.32 65
Starfish	1.17 39	0.25 1
Yarrella blackfordi	0.98 29	0.21 1
AXIIDAE	0.59 127	0.13 1
Octopus vulgaris	0.49 10	0.11 1
Total	465.63	100.00

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 17
 DATE : 02/10/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 25 POSITION: Lat S 25°2.21
 start stop duration Lon E 13°39.02
 TIME : 15:50:15 16:20:19 30.1 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 4161.60 4163.12 1.5 Reglon : 5000
 FDEPTH: 431 423 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 431 423 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 995 m Speed : 3.0 kn
 Sorted : 102 Total catch: 460.41 Catch/hour: 919.29

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Merluccius paradoxus, female	254.58 1569	27.69 68
Hoplostethus cadenati	210.47 5201	22.94 1
Nezumia am cronychodon	82.72 3003	9.00 1
Cruriraja parcomaculata	71.78 58	7.81 1
Coelorrhinchus simorhynchus	48.36 585	5.26 1
Galaeus polli	39.87 465	4.34 1
Total	266.61	100.00

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 18
 DATE : 03/10/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 25 POSITION: Lat S 24°42.92
 start stop duration Lon E 13°28.73
 TIME : 06:36:50 07:06:56 30.1 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 4211.77 4213.31 1.5 Reglon : 5000
 FDEPTH: 574 579 Gear cond.: 8
 BDEPTH: 574 579 Validity : 2
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1280 m Speed : 3.0 kn
 Sorted : 585 Total catch: 953.94 Catch/hour: 1901.54

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Merluccius paradoxus, female	532.03 929	27.98 72
Notacanthus sexspinis	483.19 3779	25.41 0
Centroscymnus coelolepis	157.40 48	8.28 0
Todarodes sagittatus	156.92 239	8.25 1
Cruriraja parcomaculata	83.72 48	4.40 1
Deania profundorum	69.85 48	3.67 1
Microlepidotus fishes	57.89 0	3.04 1
Nezumia am cronychodon	57.89 1627	3.04 0
Trachyrhincus scabrus	57.41 383	3.02 1
Coelorrhinchus matamua	41.14 144	2.16 1
Himantolophus groenlandicus	37.79 48	1.99 1
Deania quadrispinosus	36.36 48	1.91 1
Centroscymnus coelolepis	20.13 2	1.06 1
Selachophidium guentheri	20.09 574	1.06 1
Virelunedella ria chardini	19.61 48	1.03 1
Ophichthoides agassizii	19.14 48	1.01 1
Hoplostethus cadenati	18.66 478	0.98 1
Merluccius paradoxus, male	18.64 39	0.98 73
Lophius vomerinus	7.48 2	0.39 1
All ocyurus verrucosus	2.87 48	0.15 1
GONOSTOMATIDAE	0.96 48	0.05 1
Yarrella blackfordi	0.96 48	0.05 1
Malacocetus johnsoni i	0.48 48	0.03 1
Photichthys argenteus	0.48 48	0.03 1
Neocoelopodus macroepipodus	0.48 48	0.03 1
Total	1901.54	100.00

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 19
 DATE : 03/10/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 6 POSITION: Lat S 24°40.07
 start stop duration Lon E 13°34.45
 TIME : 12:51:52 13:27:48 35.9 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 4233.35 4235.05 1.7 Reglon : 5000
 FDEPTH: 416 409 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 416 409 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1000 m Speed : 2.8 kn
 Sorted : 113 Total catch: 159.70 Catch/hour: 266.61

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Merluccius paradoxus, female	98.58 449	36.98 1
Cruriraja parcomaculata	30.05 25	11.27 1
Nezumia am cronychodon	29.30 613	10.99 1
Helicolenus dactylopterus	20.45 137	7.67 80
Lophius vomerinus	18.20 18	6.83 78
Coelorrhinchus simorhynchus	10.27 87	3.85 78
Selachophidium guentheri	8.80 109	3.09 78
Raj a confundens	7.51 12	2.82 78
Gymnophorus capensis	7.43 3	2.70 79
Merluccius paradoxus, male	6.76 33	2.54 76
Brama brama	5.76 12	2.16 77
Epi'gonus telescopus	5.01 33	1.88 77
Microlepidotus fishes	4.21 0	1.58 77
Bassanagao abescens	3.01 4	1.13 77
Todarodes sagittatus	2.42 8	0.91 77
Anemones, white	1.95 8	0.73 77
Etmopterus gracilispinis	1.17 42	0.44 77
Myxine capensis	0.83 8	0.31 77
Notacanthus sexspinis	0.83 8	0.31 77
GASTROPODS	0.67 58	0.25 77
Galaeus polli	0.67 42	0.25 77
Lampanyctodes hectoris	0.62 175	0.23 77
Hoplostethus cadenati	0.50 8	0.19 77
Epi'gonus denticulatus	0.42 8	0.16 77
Lampanyctus australis	0.25 7	0.09 77
Yarrella blackfordi	0.25 8	0.09 77
Photichthys argenteus	0.20 20	0.08 77
Bathynectes piliferus	0.17 42	0.06 77
S H R I M P S	0.17 37	0.06 77
Mandidae	0.17 53	0.06 77
Total	266.61	100.00

R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen SURVEY: 2011409 STATION: 20
 DATE : 04/10/2011 GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 24 POSITION: Lat S 24°14.07
 start stop duration Lon E 13°14.07
 TIME : 13:16:23 13:48:34 32.2 (min) Purpose : 3
 LOG : 4307.59 4309.15 1.6 Reglon : 5000
 FDEPTH: 415 397 Gear cond.: 0
 BDEPTH: 415 397 Validity : 0
 Towing dir: 0° Wire out : 1000 m Speed : 2.9 kn
 Sorted : 29 Total catch: 263.19 Catch/hour: 490.87

SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
SAMP	weight numbers	
Hoplostethus cadenati	100.53 2645	20.48 82
Merluccius paradoxus, female	53.90 293	10.98 82
Microlepidotus fishes	43.34 0	8.83 82
Total	263.19	100.00

Nezumi a mi cronychodon	41. 78	1990	8. 51		Howella sherbiori	0. 14	14	0. 02
Helicolenus dactylopterus	38. 51	35	7. 85	88	Total	602. 86		100. 00
Epi gonius denti culatus	25. 98	1333	5. 29		R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011A09	STATION: 24	
Ebi nana i costae canarie	25. 46	52	5. 19		DATE : 05/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 23° 34. 54	
Merluccius capensis, female	24. 34	26	4. 96	84	TIME : 09: 07: 39 09: 37: 27	start stop	duration	
Gal eus polli	21. 67	235	4. 42		LOG : 4397. 81 4399. 35	1. 5	Purpose : 3	
Coel orinchus simorhynchus	17. 23	196	3. 51		FDEPTH: 519	519	Region : 5000	
Selachophi di um guentheri	14. 75	222	3. 01		BDEPTH: 519	519	Gear cond. : 0	
Todarodes sagittatus	12. 53	26	2. 55		Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1150 m	Validity : 0	
Bathyuroconger vi ci nus	12. 40	26	2. 53		Sorted : 233	Total catch: 421. 76	Speed : 3. 1 kn	
Schedophilus huttoni	10. 82	7	2. 20				Catch/hour: 849. 18	
Stomias boa boa	8. 49	808	1. 73		SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C
Squalius megalops	7. 83	13	1. 60		SAMP		wei ght	numbers
Merluccius paradoxus, male	6. 90	34	1. 41	81	Merluccius paradoxus, female	354. 06	1025	41. 69
Notacanthus sexspinis	5. 01	222	1. 44		Hoplostethus cadenati	118. 39	274	13. 94
Lophius vomerinus	4. 48	7	0. 91	85	ASTERI DA E	104. 86	52430	12. 35
Gymnophorus capensis	3. 08	2	0. 63	86	Selachophi di um guentheri	52. 43	1170	6. 17
Ari steus vari dens	2. 87	509	0. 59		Nezumi a mi cronychodon	52. 15	2255	6. 14
Merluccius capensis, male	2. 14	2	0. 44	83	Cruriraja parcomaculata	22. 97	14	2. 71
Brama brama	1. 77	2	0. 36	87	Merluccius paradoxus, male	21. 04	58	2. 48
PALAEONIDAE	1. 57	222	0. 32		100			
Sergestes sp.	1. 04	170	0. 21		Trachyrincus scabrus	18. 60	169	2. 19
Yarrellia blackfordi	1. 04	65	0. 21		Lophius vomerinus	14. 80	20	1. 74
Lamпадена pontifex	0. 52	39	0. 11		Bassanago al bescens	11. 84	14	1. 39
Lampanyctodes hectoris	0. 26	26	0. 05		Li thodes ferox	11. 28	30	1. 33
Total	490. 87		100. 00		Schedophilus huttoni	10. 43	14	1. 23
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011A09	STATION: 21			Todarodes sagittatus	10. 29	14	1. 21
DATE : 04/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 24	POSITION: Lat S 24° 0. 10			Yarrellia blackfordi	7. 75	28	0. 91
start stop duration		Lat E 13° 12. 08			Macrouridae fishes	6. 20	409	0. 73
TIME : 16: 30: 04 17: 00: 21	30. 3 (min)	Purpose : 3			Gal eus polli	4. 79	0	0. 56
LOG : 4319. 70 4321. 21	1. 5	Region : 5000			Bathyuroconger vi ci nus	4. 65	28	0. 55
FDEPTH: 500	502	Gear cond. : 0			Merluccius paradoxus	4. 51	127	0. 53
BDEPTH: 500	502	Validity : 0			He licolenus dactylopterus	4. 37	28	0. 51
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1100 m	Speed : 3. 0 kn						
Sorted : 32	Total catch: 593. 32	Catch/hour: 1175. 67						
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C						
SAMP	wei ght	numbers						
Hoplostethus cadenati	309. 31	72	26. 31					
Merluccius paradoxus, female	227. 38	658	19. 34	89				
Trachyrincus scabrus	120. 67	638	10. 26					
Nezumi a mi cronychodon	94. 60	2628	8. 05					
Schedophilus huttoni	71. 57	28	6. 09					
Neoharrotta pinnata	45. 50	28	3. 87					
Todarodes sagittatus	43. 83	111	3. 73					
Ebi nana i costae canarie	41. 06	55	3. 49					
Raj a confundens	38. 56	28	3. 28					
Lophius vomerinus	37. 25	26	3. 17	92				
Selachophi di um guentheri	29. 68	777	2. 52					
Epi gonius denti culatus	27. 19	943	2. 31					
Gal eus polli	26. 91	277	2. 29					
Merluccius paradoxus, male	14. 47	50	2. 22	90				
Macrouridae fishes	12. 21	0	0					
Notacanthus sexspinis	11. 37	250	0. 97					
Bathyuroconger vi ci nus	8. 88	250	0. 76					
Merluccius capensis, female	5. 55	50	0. 47	93				
Lithodes ferox	4. 93	2	0. 42	91				
Yarrellia blackfordi	0. 83	139	0. 07					
PALAEONIDAE	0. 55	139	0. 05					
Total	1175. 67		100. 00					
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011A09	STATION: 22						
DATE : 04/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 23° 41. 73						
start stop duration		Lat E 13° 39. 79						
TIME : 22: 27: 34 22: 49: 27	21. 9 (min)	Purpose : 3						
LOG : 4356. 02 4357. 13	1. 1	Region : 5000						
FDEPTH: 214	216	Gear cond. : 0						
BDEPTH: 214	216	Validity : 0						
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 500 m	Speed : 3. 0 kn						
Sorted : 47	Total catch: 501. 18	Catch/hour: 1373. 72						
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C						
SAMP	wei ght	numbers						
Merluccius capensis	749. 66	6828	54. 57					
Chrysosoma hyoscelis	342. 90	0	24. 96					
Aequorea forskalea	159. 80	0	11. 63					
Trachyrincus trachurus	101. 69	757	7. 40					
Coel orinchus sp.	5. 76	175	0. 42					
Suffl olobius bi barbatus	5. 21	493	0. 38					
Bathynectes pi peritus	3. 21	88	0. 23					
He licolenus dactylopterus	2. 60	321	0. 19					
Chlorophthal mus sp.	1. 45	145	0. 11					
Selachophi di um guentheri	1. 45	30	0. 11					
Total	1373. 72		100. 00					
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011A09	STATION: 23						
DATE : 05/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 23° 38. 71						
start stop duration		Lat E 13° 8. 42						
TIME : 06: 21: 12 06: 50: 46	29. 6 (min)	Purpose : 3						
LOG : 4390. 10 4391. 51	1. 4	Region : 5000						
FDEPTH: 431	438	Gear cond. : 0						
BDEPTH: 431	438	Validity : 0						
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 850 m	Speed : 2. 9 kn						
Sorted : 127	Total catch: 297. 11	Catch/hour: 602. 86						
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C						
SAMP	wei ght	numbers						
Merluccius paradoxus, female	163. 75	505	27. 16	94				
Hoplostethus cadenati	112. 92	3892	18. 73					
Miscellaneous fishes	71. 16	0	11. 80					
Nezumi a mi cronychodon	55. 25	1690	9. 16					
He licolenus dactylopterus	49. 00	455	8. 13	98				
Schedophilus huttoni	30. 82	28	5. 1					
Selachophi di um guentheri	29. 54	838	4. 90					
Lophius vomerinus	17. 75	22	2. 95	97				
Gal eus polli	11. 93	99	1. 98					
Ebi nana i costae canarie	9. 09	14	1. 51					
Merluccius paradoxus, male	7. 71	37	1. 28	95				
Lithodes ferox	7. 41	8	1. 23					
Raj a confundens	7. 39	14	1. 23					
Epi gonius telescopus	5. 68	99	0. 94					
Todarodes sagittatus	5. 11	14	0. 85					
Merluccius capensis, female	3. 15	4	0. 52					
96								
Coel orinchus simorhynchus	2. 98	71	0. 49					
Plesi onika mar tia	2. 27	753	0. 38					
Epi gonius denti culatus	1. 28	43	0. 21					
Bathyuroconger vi ci nus	1. 28	43	0. 21					
PALAEONIDAE	1. 14	312	0. 19					
Trachyrincus scabrus	1. 14	43	0. 19					
Coel orinchus matamua	1. 14	28	0. 19					
Bathynectes pi peritus	0. 99	28	0. 16					
Yarrellia blackfordi	0. 07	114	0. 12					
PANDALIDAE	0. 57	156	0. 09					
Notacanthus sexspinis	0. 43	43	0. 07					
Lampris yuccae australis	0. 43	43	0. 07					
Aristeus vari dens	0. 43	43	0. 07					
Lamпадена pontifex	0. 28	28	0. 05					

SPECIES		CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT.
SAMP		weight numbers	
<i>Notacanthus sexspinis</i>	5. 41	123	0. 63
<i>Coelorinchus matamua</i>	4. 43	123	0. 51
<i>Plesi onika maria</i>	4. 18	984	0. 49
<i>Bathy lagus glaciilis *</i>	3. 94	271	0. 46
<i>Neoscopelus macrolepidotus</i>	2. 95	123	0. 34
<i>Bassanago albescens</i>	2. 74	2	0. 32
<i>Neoharringtonia pinnata</i>	2. 54	2	0. 29
<i>All ocytus verrucosus</i>	2. 21	25	0. 26
<i>Centrolophus niger</i>	2. 20	2	0. 25
<i>Chaecon maritae</i>	1. 93	2	0. 22
<i>Muraena sp.</i>	1. 72	468	0. 20
<i>Hydro lagus sp.</i>	1. 65	2	0. 19
<i>Starfish</i>	1. 48	74	0. 17
POLYCHAEI DAE	1. 48	148	0. 17
<i>Nephropsis atlantica</i>	1. 48	25	0. 17
<i>Schedophilus huttoni</i>	1. 41	2	0. 14
<i>Photichthys argenteus</i>	0. 98	148	0. 11
<i>Nezumia mi cronychodon</i>	0. 74	25	0. 09
<i>Shrimps, small, non comm.</i>	0. 74	123	0. 09
<i>Scopelosaurus sp.</i>	0. 49	49	0. 06
<i>Neocyttus rhomboidalis</i>	0. 47	2	0. 05
Total	861. 24	100. 00	
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 27	
DATE : 05/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 23° 25. 46	
start stop duration	Region : 5000	Lon E 12° 57. 17	
TIME : 15: 51: 36 16: 21: 07	Purpose : 3		
LOG : 4418. 11 4419. 63	Regon : 5000		
FDEPTH: 732 731	Gear cond.: 0		
BDEPTH: 732 731	Validity : 0		
Towing dir: 0°	Speed : 3. 1 kn		
Sorted : 121	Wire out : 1590 m	Catch/hour: 766. 77	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
<i>Merluccius paradoxus</i>	168. 41	278	22. 09
<i>Nezumia mi cronychodon</i>	133. 17	3238	17. 37
<i>Raja a confundens</i>	67. 13	55	8. 76
<i>Miscellaneous fishes</i>	52. 13	0	6. 80
<i>Yarrella blackfordi</i>	47. 38	2360	6. 18
<i>Coelorinchus matamua</i>	46. 83	91	6. 11
<i>Selachophis di um guentheri</i>	38. 78	604	5. 06
<i>Anemones, white</i>	33. 48	73	4. 37
<i>Todarodes sagittatus</i>	32. 56	37	4. 25
<i>Al epocephalus sp.</i>	32. 01	73	4. 17
<i>Coelorinchus acanthiger</i>	24. 15	91	3. 15
<i>Bathyuroconger vicinus</i>	19. 21	146	2. 50
<i>Bajacalifornia magalops</i>	10. 43	91	1. 36
<i>Plesi onika sp.</i>	9. 70	2140	1. 26
<i>Sea urchin, weak spines</i>	8. 78	238	1. 15
<i>Notacanthus sexspinis</i>	6. 40	73	0. 83
<i>Di crolema intronigra</i>	5. 85	146	0. 76
<i>Merluccius paradoxus</i>	4. 78	10	0. 62
<i>All ocytus verrucosus</i>	4. 77	91	0. 60
<i>Bathy lagus glaciilis *</i>	4. 02	348	0. 22
<i>Lithodes ferox</i>	3. 05	2	0. 40
<i>Bristle worms (straws)</i>	2. 74	402	0. 36
<i>Hoplostethus cadenati</i>	2. 20	55	0. 29
<i>Hoplostethus atlanticus</i>	1. 69	14	0. 22
<i>Chaecon maritae</i>	1. 57	4	0. 20
<i>Lampanyctus australis</i>	1. 46	293	0. 19
<i>Heterocarpus grimaldi</i>	0. 91	37	0. 12
<i>Hal osaurus ooveni</i>	0. 55	37	0. 07
POLYCHAEI DAE	0. 55	37	0. 07
<i>Starfish</i>	0. 37	18	0. 05
<i>Muraena sp.</i>	0. 37	220	0. 05
<i>Lamпадена pontifex</i>	0. 18	37	0. 02
<i>Nephropsis atlantica</i>	0. 18	18	0. 02
<i>Photichthys argenteus</i>	0. 18	37	0. 02
Total	766. 77	100. 00	
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 28	
DATE : 06/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 23° 15. 91	
start stop duration	Region : 5000	Lon E 13° 4. 15	
TIME : 06: 15: 16 06: 44: 51	Purpose : 3		
LOG : 4494. 13 4495. 67	Regon : 5000		
FDEPTH: 515 515	Gear cond.: 0		
BDEPTH: 515 515	Validity : 0		
Towing dir: 0°	Speed : 3. 1 kn		
Sorted : 26	Wire out : 1150 m	Catch/hour: 3397. 81	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
<i>Nezumia mi cronychodon</i>	2725. 01	305124	80. 20
<i>Merluccius paradoxus</i>	203. 35	661	5. 98
<i>Trachyrincus scabrus</i>	168. 86	1189	4. 97
<i>Hoplostethus cadenati</i>	55. 86	2725	4. 64
<i>Deania profundorum</i>	29. 76	18	0. 88
<i>Ophidion parcomaculata</i>	28. 01	18	0. 83
<i>Plesi onika maria</i>	24. 65	7783	0. 73
<i>Selachophis di um guentheri</i>	23. 73	517	0. 70
<i>Schedophilus huttoni</i>	20. 08	18	0. 59
<i>Lithodes ferox</i>	18. 99	55	0. 56
<i>Lophius vomerinus</i>	14. 30	12	0. 42
<i>Miscellaneous fishes</i>	14. 06	0	0. 41
<i>Merluccius paradoxus</i>	11. 72	30	0. 35
<i>Notacanthus sexspinis</i>	11. 50	146	0. 34
<i>Todarodes sagittatus</i>	7. 85	18	0. 23
<i>J E L Y F I S H</i>	6. 94	0	0. 20
<i>Centrophorus granulosus</i>	6. 21	18	0. 18
<i>Helicolenus dactylopterus</i>	4. 75	37	0. 14
<i>Epi gonius denticulatus</i>	3. 83	73	0. 11
<i>Gal eus polli</i>	2. 92	18	0. 09
<i>Bassanago albescens</i>	2. 62	2	0. 08
<i>Raja a confundens</i>	2. 56	18	0. 08
<i>Epi gonius telescopus</i>	1. 83	18	0. 05
<i>Chaecon maritae</i>	1. 76	4	0. 05
<i>Lampanyctus australis</i>	1. 46	201	0. 04
<i>Bathyuroconger vicinus</i>	1. 28	18	0. 04
<i>Thysanophryne rhombus</i>	0. 91	18	0. 03
<i>Macrolipus macrolepidotus</i>	0. 91	37	0. 03
<i>Aristea varians</i>	0. 55	37	0. 02
<i>Nephropsis atlantica</i>	0. 55	18	0. 02
<i>Muraena sp.</i>	0. 18	18	0. 01
PASI PHAEI DAE	0. 18	18	0. 01
<i>Lycoteuthis di adema *</i>	0. 18	18	0. 01
PARAPAGURI DAE	0. 18	18	0. 01
<i>Scopelosaurus sp.</i>	0. 18	18	0. 01
Total	3397. 81	100. 00	
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 29	
DATE : 06/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 23° 13. 65	
start stop duration	Region : 5000	Lon E 12° 58. 89	
TIME : 08: 40: 10 09: 09: 48	Purpose : 3		
LOG : 4503. 66 4505. 4	Regon : 5000		
FDEPTH: 650 639	Gear cond.: 0		
BDEPTH: 650 639	Validity : 0		
Towing dir: 0°	Speed : 3. 0 kn		
Sorted : 36	Wire out : 1450 m	Catch/hour: 565. 77	
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP			
<i>Merluccius paradoxus</i>	238. 14	1150	48. 93
<i>Plesi onika sp.</i>	46. 27	16824	9. 51
<i>Merluccius paradoxus</i>	32. 15	126	6. 60
<i>Selachophis di um guentheri</i>	31. 82	749	6. 54
<i>Nezumia mi cronychodon</i>	20. 69	844	4. 25
<i>Helicolenus dactylopterus</i>	18. 18	58	3. 74
<i>Ebi nana costae canarie</i>	15. 03	23	3. 09
<i>Lophius vomerinus</i>	12. 53	8	2. 57
<i>Miscellaneous fishes</i>	10. 55	0	2. 17
<i>Schedophilus buttoni</i>	7. 46	146	1. 53
<i>Hoplostethus cadenati</i>	6. 76	12	1. 39
<i>Todarodes angolensis</i>	5. 83	23	1. 20
<i>Lithodes ferox</i>	5. 77	58	1. 19
<i>Epi gonius telescopus</i>	5. 44	2	1. 12
<i>Genypterus capensis</i>	4. 72	35	0. 97
<i>Galaxias poeyi</i>	4. 66	0	0. 96
<i>J E L Y F I S H</i>	4. 66	70	0. 96
<i>Notacanthus sexspinis</i>	3. 73	76	0. 77

Lampanyctodes hectoris	0.58	41	0.12	Nephropsis atlantica	1.19	71	0.22
Bathyopypus valdiviae	0.41	6	0.08	Yarrellia blackfordi	0.71	24	0.13
POLYCHAEI DAE	0.17	17	0.04	Stomias boa boa	0.60	24	0.11
Aristeus varidens	0.17	17	0.04	Manida sp.	0.48	310	0.09
PASI PHAEI DAE	0.17	35	0.04	Bathylagus glacialis *	0.36	24	0.07
Maurolicus muelleri	0.17	17	0.04	Lampadenus pontifex	0.36	24	0.07
Bathyuroconger vicinus	0.12	6	0.02	Lampanyctus australis	0.24	36	0.04
Total	486.72		100.00	PASIPHAEI DAE	0.12	24	0.02
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 32		POLYCHAEI DAE	0.12	12	0.02
DATE : 06/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 22°57.09		Halosaurus ooveni	0.12	24	0.02
TIME : 16:27 16:44:52	start stop duration	Regon : 3000		Total	530.69		100.00
LOG : 4535.10 4536.63	1.5	Purpose : 3					
FDEPTH: 570	572	Gear cond. : 0					
BDEPTH: 570	572	Validity : 0					
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1250 m	Speed : 3.2 kn					
Sorted : 26	Total catch: 216.74	Catch/hour: 457.58					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C					
SAMP	weight numbers						
Merluccius paradoxus, female	116.64	289	25.49	137			
Trachyrincus scabrus	93.10	561	20.35				
Nezumia mi cronychodon	65.62	2430	14.34				
Raja clissimilis	43.70	38	9.55				
Selachophidium guentheri	41.42	931	9.05				
Ebi nana costaeacanarie	25.84	13	5.65				
Hoplostethus cadenati	19.00	355	4.15				
Baja californica magalops	10.13	342	2.21				
Merluccius paradoxus, male	10.03	23	2.19	136			
Miscellaneous fishes	9.12	0	1.99				
Todarodes angolensis	6.71	13	1.47				
Lithodes ferox	5.50	13	1.25				
Brama brama grimaldi	2.15	76	0.47				
Chaceon maritae	1.86	2	0.41				
Lophius vomerinus	1.54	2	0.34	138			
Notacanthus sexspinis	1.52	25	0.33				
Thysanotethis rhombus	1.14	13	0.25				
Galeus polli	1.14	13	0.25				
Neoscopelus macrolepidotus	0.57	13	0.12				
Bathyuroconger vicinus	0.25	13	0.06				
Aristeus varidens	0.13	13	0.03				
Nephropsis atlantica	0.13	13	0.03				
Minida sp.	0.13	13	0.03				
Total	457.58		100.00				
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 33					
DATE : 07/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 22°54.76					
TIME : 06:36:34 07:06:20	start stop duration	Regon : 3000					
LOG : 4604.48 4605.98	1.5	Purpose : 3					
FDEPTH: 661	658	Gear cond. : 0					
BDEPTH: 661	658	Validity : 0					
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1450 m	Speed : 3.1 kn					
Sorted : 67	Total catch: 233.33	Catch/hour: 465.73					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C					
SAMP	weight numbers						
Selachophidium guentheri	57.84	1138	12.42				
Ebi nana costaeacanarie	57.01	60	12.24				
Nezumia mi cronychodon	51.50	2707	11.06				
Miscellaneous fishes	47.90	0	10.29				
Merluccius paradoxus, female	44.51	80	9.56	139			
Raja leopardus	33.65	24	7.23				
Baja californica magalops	24.07	192	5.17				
Heterocarpus grimaldi	21.32	1629	4.58				
Todarodes sagittatus	19.88	36	4.27				
Virel edonella richardii	19.64	12	4.22				
Lophius vomerinus	18.16	6	3.90	140			
Bathyuroconger vicinus	12.22	120	2.62				
Schistilus histion	8.82	12	1.42				
Bristle worms (straws)	6.71	862	1.44				
Coelorinchus acanthiger	5.87	72	1.26				
Sea urchin, weak spines	4.67	611	1.00				
Yarrellia blackfordi	4.55	192	0.98				
Anemones, white	3.95	12	0.85				
Bathylagus glacialis *	2.75	204	0.59				
Hoplostethus atlanticus	2.69	14	0.58	141			
Coelorinchus matamua	2.40	12	0.51				
Plesi onika acanthurus	2.28	455	0.49				
Raja confundens	2.16	36	0.46				
Chaceon maritae	1.80	4	0.39				
Thysanotethis rhombus	1.80	12	0.39				
Minida sp.	1.56	623	0.33				
Anoplaster cornuta	1.20	24	0.26				
Hoplostethus cadenati	0.96	12	0.21				
Trachyrincus scabrus	0.96	12	0.21				
Starfish	0.84	36	0.18				
Lampanyctus australis	0.60	36	0.13				
PASIPHAEI DAE	0.09	72	0.13				
Nephropsis atlantica	0.48	12	0.10				
Neoscopelus macrolepidotus	0.48	12	0.10				
Stomias boa boa	0.24	12	0.05				
Triplophis hemingi	0.24	12	0.05				
NOTOSUBIDAE	0.24	12	0.05				
Total	465.73		100.00				
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 34					
DATE : 07/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 22°54.49					
TIME : 09:24:40 09:54:38	start stop duration	Regon : 5000					
LOG : 4615.56 4617.12	1.6	Purpose : 3					
FDEPTH: 765	777	Gear cond. : 0					
BDEPTH: 765	777	Validity : 0					
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1650 m	Speed : 3.1 kn					
Sorted : 110	Total catch: 267.29	Catch/hour: 530.69					
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C					
SAMP	weight numbers						
Merluccius paradoxus, female	129.75	177	24.45	142			
Nezumia mi cronychodon	61.83	1692	11.65				
Miscellaneous fishes	56.35	0	10.62				
Coelorinchus acanthiger	44.20	191	8.33				
Ophisthopterus agassizii	39.55	36	7.45				
Selachophidium guentheri	34.19	405	6.44				
Trachyscorpia eschmeyeri	27.40	24	5.16				
Deania profundorum	23.59	24	4.44				
Coelorinchus matamua	18.11	48	3.41				
Raja confundens	17.27	24	3.25				
Sea urchin, weak spines	17.04	893	3.21				
Hoplostethus atlanticus	16.18	149	3.05	145			
Dicrolene intronigra	11.08	167	2.09				
Baja californica magalops	6.55	36	1.23				
All ocyttus verrucosus	4.94	52	0.93	144			
Bathyuroconger vicinus	4.41	24	0.88				
Merluccius paradoxus, male	3.18	6	0.60	143			
Plesi onika acanthurus	2.62	500	0.49				
Anemones, white	2.23	12	0.49				
Notacanthus sexspinis	2.03	12	0.38				
Bristle worms (straws)	1.95	322	0.37				
Chaceon maritae	1.59	4	0.30				
Total	612.55		100.00				

Nephropsis atlantica	1.19	71	0.22
Yarrellia blackfordi	0.71	24	0.13
Stomias boa boa	0.60	24	0.11
Manida sp.	0.48	310	0.09
Bathylagus glacialis *	0.36	24	0.07
Lampadenus pontifex	0.36	24	0.07
Lampanyctus australis	0.24	36	0.04
PASIPHAEI DAE	0.12	24	0.02
POLYCHAEI DAE	0.12	12	0.02
Halosaurus ooveni	0.12	24	0.02

Total	530.69		100.00
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 35	
DATE : 07/10/2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 22°44.77	
TIME : 12:04:09 12:33:39	start stop duration	Regon : 5000	
LOG : 4626.94 4628.38	1.4	Purpose : 3	
FDEPTH: 550	530	Gear cond. : 0	
BDEPTH: 550	530	Validity : 0	
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1200 m	Speed : 2.9 kn	
Sorted : 78	Total catch: 200.95	Catch/hour: 408.71	

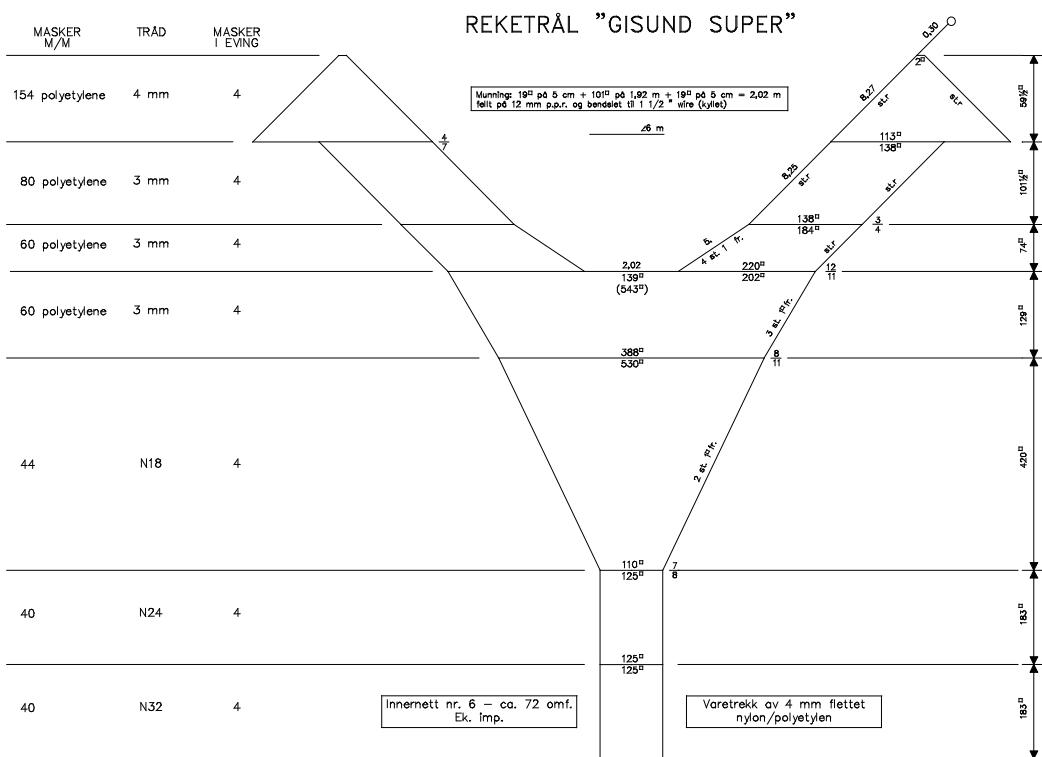
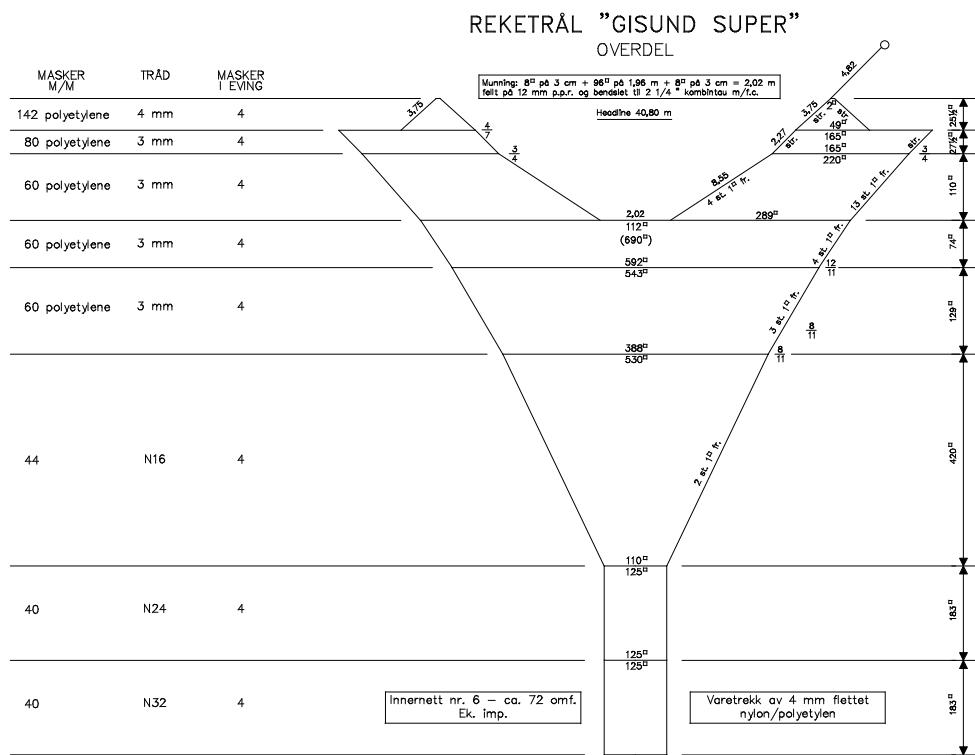
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	
SAMP	weight numbers		
Trachyrincus scabrus	133.83	669	32.74
Merluccius paradoxus, female	90.31	244	22.10
Selachophidium guentheri	44.85	1167	10.97
Nezumia mi cronychodon	33.74	1822	8.26
Ebi nana costaeacanarie	25.48	28	6.24
Heterocarpus grimaldi	11.25	384	2.75
Lophius vomerinus	9.86	6	2.41
Miscellaneous fishes	9.25	0	2.26
Raj a confundens	8.54	43	2.09
Baja californica magalops	8.26	299	2.02
Notacanthus sexspinis	5.55	43	1.36
Merluccius paradoxus, male	4.88	10	1.19
Ancistrichthys leseurei	3.60	4	0.88
Chaceon maritae	3.54	4	0.87
Hoplostethus cadenati	3.27	57	0.80
Lamprinus exutus	3.13	14	0.77
Yarrellia blackfordi	2.28	100	0.56
Bassanago albenscens	1.36	2	0.33
Barboursia rufa	1.30	2	0.32
Li thodes ferox	1.12	4	0.27
Lampanyctus australis	0.43	43	0.10
Plesi onika maritae	0.43	128	0.10
Nephropsis atlantica	0.43	43	0.10
PASIPHAEI DAE	0.28	14	0.07
Aristeus varidens	0.28	28	0.07
Triplophis hemingi	0.14	28	0.03
POLYCHAEI DAE	0.14	14	0.03

Total	408.71		100.00
R/V Dr. Fridtjof Nansen	SURVEY: 2011409	STATION: 36	
DATE : 07.10.2011	GEAR TYPE: BT NO: 21	POSITION: Lat S 22°45.34	
TIME : 14:33:00 15:05:05	start stop duration	Regon : 5000	
LOG : 4637.68 4639.27	1.6	Purpose : 3	
FDEPTH: 663	664	Gear cond. : 0	
BDEPTH: 663	664	Validity : 0	
Towing dir: 0°	Wire out : 1450 m	Speed : 3.0 kn	
Sorted : 234	Total catch: 327.61	Catch/hour: 612.55	

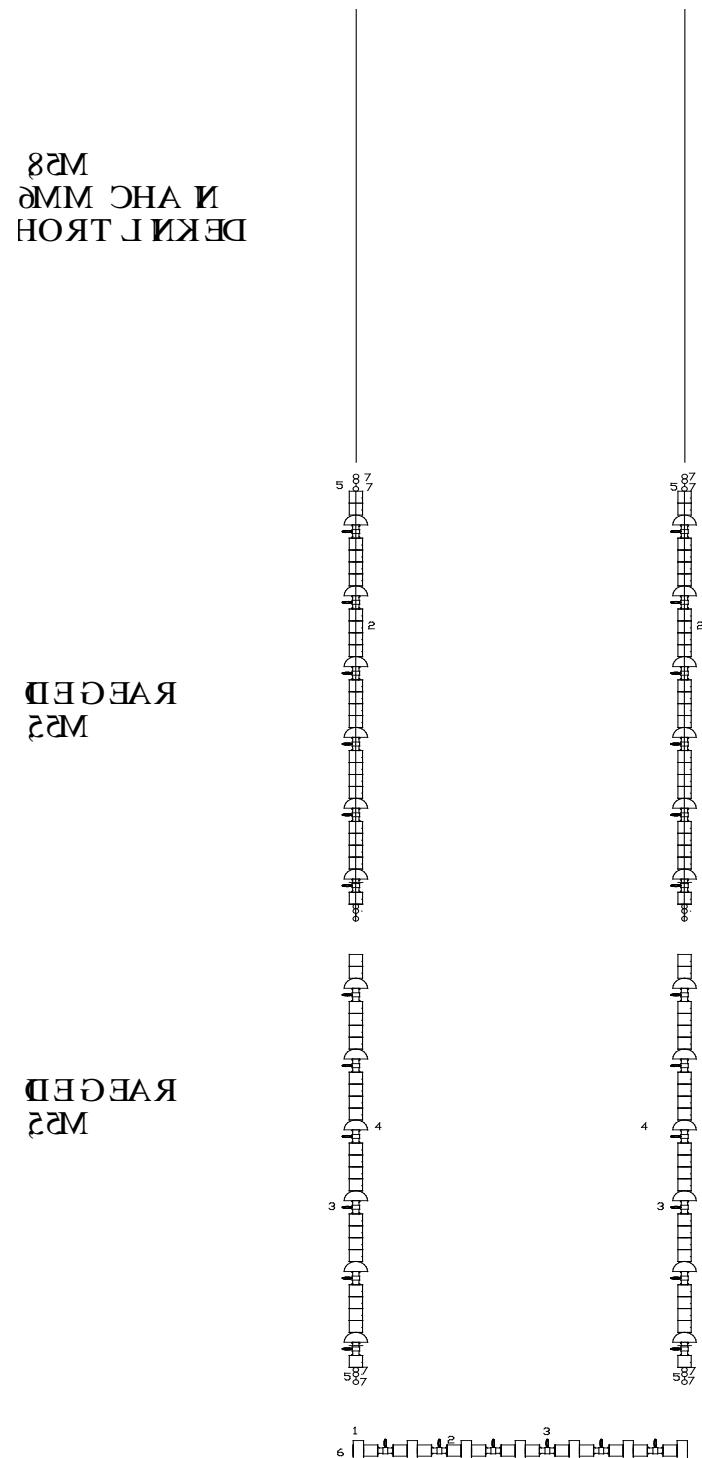
SPECIES	CATCH/HOUR	% OF TOT. C	

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Annex 2: Fishing gear



Annex 2: Fishing gear



Annex 3: Deep water hake gonad maturity stages (female)



Stage 1 (41 cm)



Stage 2 (38 cm)



Stage 3 (52 cm)



Stage 5 female (58 cm)